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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 28, 2004, 07:03:55; Search time 71.5 Seconds

(without alignments)

31.614 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-668-314C-73

Perfect score: 40

Sequence: 1 KLVFFAED 8

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 1586107 seqs, 282547505 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 1586107

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 200000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 1000 summaries

Database: A_Geneseq_29Jan04:*

1: geneseqp1980s:*

2: geneseqp1990s:*

3: geneseqp2000s:*

4: geneseqp2001s:*

5: geneseqp2002s:*

6: geneseqp2003as:*

7: geneseqp2003bs:*

7. geneseqp2003bs:

8: geneseqp2004s:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	% Query Match	Length	DB	ID 	Description	n
1	40	100.0	8	2	AAW32551	Aaw32551 A	myloidog
2	40	100.0	8	4	AAE10663	Aae10663 H	uman amy
3	40	100.0	8	4	AAE02615	Aae02615 H	uman amy
4	40	100.0	8	5	ABB78624	Abb78624 H	uman alp
5	40	100.0	8	6	ABU09765	Abu09765 A	myloidog
6	40	100.0	8	6	ABR61959	Abr61959 H	uman amy
7	40	100.0	8	7	ABW00134	Abw00134 B	eta-amyl
8	40	100.0	9	6	ABU79063	Abu79063 A	ggregati
9	40	100.0	9	7	ABW00197	Abw00197 P	eptide #

10	40	100.0	10	3	AAY79938	Aay79938 Beta-amyl
11	40	100.0	10	4	AAB46226	Aab46226 Human APP
12	40	100.0	10	4	AAB46228	Aab46228 Human APP
13	40	100.0	10	4	AAB46227	Aab46227 Human APP
14	40	100.0	11	2	AAW32560	Aaw32560 Anti-amyl
	40	100.0	11	4	AAM52586	Aam52586 Peptide #
15					AAU99431	Aau99431 Human amy
16	40	100.0	11	5		Aae29504 Amyloid b
17	40	100.0	11	5	AAE29504	
18	40	100.0	11	6	ABU79013	Abu79013 Amyloidog
19	40	100.0	11	7	ABW00147	Abw00147 Amyloid-b
20	40	100.0	12	6	AAE35466	Aae35466 Abeta pep
21	40	100.0	13	6	AAE35465	Aae35465 Abeta pep
22	40	100.0	13	6	AAE35467	Aae35467 Abeta pep
23	40	100.0	13	6	ADA37467	Ada37467 Human amy
24	40	100.0	14	6	ADA89887	Ada89887 Beta-A4 s
25	40	100.0	15	2	AAW02334	Aaw02334 Beta-amyl
26	40	100.0	15	2	AAW89358	Aaw89358 Beta-amyl
27	40	100.0	15	2	AAW89354	Aaw89354 Beta-amyl
28	40	100.0	15	5	ABG71014	Abg71014 Long form
29	40	100.0	15	5	ABB05162	Abb05162 Beta amyl
30	40	100.0	15	5	AAE26271	Aae26271 Human bet
31	40	100.0	15	6	ABU79057	Abu79057 Aggregati
		100.0	15	6	ABU79064	Abu79064 Aggregati
32	40				ABU79055	Abu79055 Aggregati
33	40	100.0	15	6		Abu79056 Aggregati
34	40	100.0	15	6	ABU79056	Abu79062 Aggregati
35	40	100.0	15	6	ABU79062	
36	40	100.0	15	7	ABW00190	Abw00190 Peptide #
37	40	100.0	15	7	ABW00198	Abw00198 Peptide #
38	40	100.0	15	7	ABW00189	Abw00189 Peptide #
39	40	100.0	15	7	ABW00191	Abw00191 Peptide #
40	40	100.0	15	7	ABW00196	Abw00196 Peptide #
41	40	100.0	16	5	AAE26330	Aae26330 Human bet
42	40	100.0	17	2	AAR54703	Aar54703 Beta-amyl
43	40	100.0	17	2	AAW18880	Aaw18880 Beta-amyl
44	40	100.0	17	4	AAB91774	Aab91774 Amyloid b
45	40	100.0	17	4	AAB91807	Aab91807 Amyloid b
46	40	100.0	17	4	AAB48346	Aab48346 Beta-amyl
47	40	100.0	17	5	ABB04911	Abb04911 Human amy
48	40	100.0	17	6	ABB99611	Abb99611 Peptide d
49	40	100.0	18	3	AAB10963	Aab10963 Beta-amyl
50	40	100.0	19	2 -	AAW18882	Aaw18882 AEDANS-be
51	40	100.0	19	2	AAW18881	Aaw18881 Trp-Beta-
52	40	100.0	19	3	AAY79935	Aay79935 Beta-amyl
		100.0		4	AAB49097	Aab49097 Human amy
53	40		19			Aab46201 Human APP
54	40	100.0	19	4	AAB46201	Aay79934 Beta-amyl
55	40	100.0	20	3	AAY79934	Aay30941 Human sec
56	40	100.0	21	2	AAY30941	4
57	40	100.0	24	2	AAR52569	Aar52569 Alzheimer
58	40	100.0	26	2	AAW47229	Aaw47229 Beta-amyl
59	40	100.0	26	2	AAY33408	Aay33408 Human amy
60	40	100.0	26	6	ABU63718	Abu63718 Rat amylo
61	40	100.0	27	2	AAY33409	Aay33409 Human amy
62	40	100.0	28	1	AAP70594	Aap70594 Sequence
63	40	100.0	28	1	AAP90381	Aap90381 Synthetic
64	40	100.0	28	2	AAR60368	Aar60368 Beta-amyl
65	40	100.0	28	2	AAR54702	Aar54702 Beta-amyl
66	40	100.0	28	2	AAR64171	Aar64171 A4-P(1-28
- -	- -					

67	40	100.0	28	2	AAR64164	Aar64164 Generic b
68	40	100.0	28	2	AAR64172	Aar64172 A4-B(1-28
69	40	100.0	28	2	AAR64170	Aar64170 A4-0(1-28
70	40	100.0	28	2	AAW01413	Aaw01413 Beta/A4-a
71	40	100.0	28	2	AAY39805	Aay39805 Beta-amyl
72	40	100.0	28	2	AAW81467	Aaw81467 Synthetic
73	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35591	Aab35591 Human clo
74	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35595	Aab35595 Human clo
75	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35594	Aab35594 Human clo
76	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35592	Aab35592 Human clo
77	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35593	Aab35593 Human clo
78	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35597	Aab35597 Human clo
79	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35596	Aab35596 Human clo
80	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35598	Aab35598 Human clo
81	40	100.0	28	4	AAB36202	Aab36202 Human clo Aab35590 Human clo
82	40	100.0	28	4	AAB35590	
83	40	100.0	28	4	AAB91816	Aab91816 Amyloid b Aab91789 Amyloid b
84	40	100.0	28	4	AAB91789	
85	40	100.0	28	4	AAB91827	Aab91827 Amyloid b Aab91783 Amyloid b
86	40	100.0	28	4	AAB91783	Aab91783 Amyloid b Aab91800 Amyloid b
87	40	100.0	28	4	AAB91800	Aab91800 Amy101d b Aab49396 Human amy
88	40	100.0	28	4	AAB49396	Aab49390 Human amy Aae21439 Human bet
89	40	100.0	28	5	AAE21439	Abb76030 Beta amyl
90	40	100.0	28	5	ABB76030 AAO18476	Abb/0030 Beta almyr Aao18476 Human bet
91	40	100.0	28	5	AAU76484	Aau76484 Amino aci
92	40	100.0	28	5 5	ABB04910	Abb04910 Human amy
93	40	100.0	28	5	AAE26081	Abbo4510 Haman amyl Aae26081 Beta amyl
94	40	100.0	28	5	AAE20001 AAM50910	Aam50910 Beta amyl
95	40	100.0	28	5	ABB77991	Abb77991 Fragment
96	40	100.0	28	5 6	AAE35672	Aae35672 Human bet
97	40	100.0 100.0	28 28	6	AAE33794	Aae33794 Beta-amyl
98 99	4 0 4 0	100.0	28	6	ABG72238	Abg72238 Mutant H6
	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72236	Abg72246 Mutant K2
100 101	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72234	Abg72234 Wild-type
102	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72235	Abg72235 Mutant D1
103	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72241	Abg72241 Mutant H1
103	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72241	Abg72240 Mutant El
105	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72237	Abg72237 Mutant R5
106	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72242	Abg72242 Mutant H1
107	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72236	Abg72236 Mutant E3
108	40	100.0	28	6	ABG72239	Abg72239 Mutant D7
100	40	100.0	28	6	AAE35431	Aae35431 Abeta pep
110	40	100.0	28	6	AAE33219	Aae33219 Beta amyl
111	40	100.0	28	6	ABU63712	Abu63712 Rat amylo
112	40	100.0	28	7	AAE38831	Aae38831 Membrane
113	40	100.0	29	5	AAE26331	Aae26331 Human bet
114	40	100.0	30	2	AAW81468	Aaw81468 Synthetic
115	40	100.0	30	5	ABG94392	Abg94392 A beta pe
116	40	100.0	30	5	AAU11766	Aau11766 Human amy
117	40	100.0	30	5	ABG80717	Abg80717 Mouse Res
118	40	100.0	30	5	ABG80704	Abg80704 Modified
119	40	100.0	30	6	ABR42769	Abr42769 Human amy
120	40	100.0	32	4	AAB84430	Aab84430 Partial s
121	40	100.0	33	2	AAW81469	Aaw81469 Synthetic
122	40	100.0	33	5	AAU93990	Aau93990 Human bet
123	40	100.0	33	7	ADE10851	Adel0851 Chimeric
	10			_	-	

12	24 40) 1	.00.0	35	2	AAW02336	Aaw02336	Beta-amyl
	25 40				2	AAW47228	Aaw47228	Beta-amyl
	26 40		-	35	2	AAW89361	Aaw89361	Beta-amyl
	27 40				2	AAW89357	Aaw89357	Beta-amyl
	28 40			35	2	AAW89356	Aaw89356	Beta-amyl
	29 40			35		AAW89359	Aaw89359	Beta-amyl
	30 40			35	5	ABG71016	Abg71016	Long form
	31 40			35	5	ABB05164	-	EEVVHHHHQ
	32 40			35	6	AAE35430	Aae35430	Abeta pep
	33 40			36	2	AAW81471	Aaw81471	Synthetic
	34 40			36	5	AAU11776	Aau11776	Synthetic
	35 40			36	5	AAU11771	Aau11771	Synthetic
	36 40			36	6	ABR42779	Abr42779	Amyloid b
	37 40			36	6	ABR42774	Abr42774	Amyloid b
	38 40			38	2	AAR60362	Aar60362	Beta-amyl
	39 40			38	2	AAW92722	Aaw92722	Human tac
	40 40			38	4	AAB91826	Aab91826	Amyloid b
	41 40			38	4	AAB91799	Aab91799	Amyloid b
	42 40			39	2	AAR60363	Aar60363	Beta-amyl
	43 40		100.0	39	2	AAW81472	Aaw81472	Synthetic
	44 40		100.0	39	2	AAY25134	Aay25134	Human amy
	45 40		100.0	39	3	AAY52132	Aay52132	Human Rec
	46 40		100.0	39	6	ABU08509	Abu08509	Human amy
	47 40		100.0	39	6	ABP96148	Abp96148	Human Abe
	48 40		100.0	40	2	AAR33191	Aar33191	Beta-amyl
	49 40		100.0	40	2	AAR60364	Aar60364	Beta-amyl
	50 40		100.0	40	2	ADD11651	Add11651	Human bet
	51 40		100.0	40	2	AAW23335	Aaw23335	Amyloid b
	52 40		100.0	40	2	AAW37507	Aaw37507	Amyloid b
	53 40		100.0	40	2	AAW47226	Aaw47226	Beta-amyl
i.	54 40		100.0	40	2	AAY14099	Aay14099	Human bet
	55 40		100.0	40	2	AAY39804	Aay39804	Beta-amyl
	56 40		100.0	40	2	AAW99584	Aaw99584	Wild type
	57 40		100.0	40	2	AAW81473	Aaw81473	Synthetic
	58 40		100.0	40	2	AAY39339	Aay39339	Beta-amyl
	59 40		100.0	40	2	AAY25135	Aay25135	Human amy
	60 40		100.0	40	2	AAW92723	Aaw92723	Human tac
	61 40	0 3	100.0	40	4	AAB84426	Aab84426	Partial s
1	62 40	0 3	100.0	40	4	AAB84429	Aab84429	Partial s
	63 40	0 1	100.0	40	4	AAB91786	Aab91786	Amyloid b
	64 40	0 1	100.0	40	4	AAB91813	Aab91813	Amyloid b
1	65 40	0 .	100.0	40	4	AAB91819	Aab91819	Amyloid b
1	66 40	0 3	100.0	40	4	AAB91780	Aab91780	Amyloid b
1	67 40	0 :	100.0	40	4	AAB91792	Aab91792	Amyloid b
1	68 40	0 :	100.0	40	4	AAB91829	Aab91829	Amyloid b
	69 40	0 :	100.0	40	4	AAB91802	Aab91802	Amyloid b
1	70 40	0	100.0	40	4	AAE05483	Aae05483	Human pep
1	.71 40	0	100.0	40	5	AAU99425	Aau99425	Human amy
1	.72 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAE22990	Aae22990	Human amy
		0	100.0	40	5	AAU11773		Synthetic
1	.74 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAU11772		Synthetic
1	.75 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAG68313		Human bet
1	.76 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAU96895		Human sel
1	.77 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAM50909		Beta amyl
	.78 .4	0	100.0	40	5	AAU80186		Amyloid b
1	.79 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAE26332		Human bet
1	.80 4	0	100.0	40	5	AAM51863	Aam51863	Human amy

	101	40	100.0	40	6	ABU08710	Abu08710 Amlyoid b
	181	40	100.0	40	6	ABU08508	Abu08508 Human amy
	182		100.0	40	6	AAO19885	Aao19885 Human amy
	183	40		40	6	ABP96147	Abp96147 Human Abe
	184	40	100.0			AAE35429	Aae35429 Abeta pro
	185	40	100.0	40	6		Abp60626 Human A-b
	186	40	100.0	40	6	ABP60626	Abp97883 Amino aci
	187	40	100.0	40	6	ABP97883	Abr42775 Amyloid b
	188	40	100.0	40	6	ABR42775	Abr42776 Amyloid b
	189	40	100.0	40	6	ABR42776	Abu63706 Rat amylo
	190	40	100.0	40	6	ABU63706	-
	191	40	100.0	40	7	ADA37266	Ada37266 Human bet
	192	40	100.0	40	7	ADB85563	Adb85563 Beta-amyl
	193	40	100.0	40	7	AAE38648	Aae38648 Human amy
	194	40	100.0	40	7	ADC66001	Adc66001 Human A(b
	195	40	100.0	40	7	ADC35182	Adc35182 Beta-amyl
	196	40	100.0	41	2	AAR60365	Aar60365 Beta-amyl
	197	40	100.0	41	2	AAR65283	Aar65283 Beta amyl
	198	40	100.0	41	2	AAY25136	Aay25136 Human amy
	199	40	100.0	41	3	AAB11497	Aab11497 Human amy
	200	40	100.0	41	6	ABU08507	Abu08507 Human amy
	201	40	100.0	41	6	ABP96146	Abp96146 Human Abe
	202	40	100.0	42	1.	AAP83153	Aap83153 Lambda SM
	203	40	100.0	42	2	AAR10025	Aar10025 Beta-amyl
	204	40	100.0	42	2	AAR20330	Aar20330 Sequence
	205	40	100.0	42	2	AAR37867	Aar37867 Beta-amyl
	206	40	100.0	42	2	AAR33192	Aar33192 Beta-amyl
	207	40	100.0	42	2	AAR60366	Aar60366 Beta-amyl
	208	40	100.0	42	2	AAR65287	Aar65287 Beta amyl
	209	40	100.0	42	2	AAR65288	Aar65288 Beta amyl
	210	40	100.0	42	2	AAR65285	Aar65285 Beta amyl
	211	40	100.0	42	2	AAR65286	Aar65286 Beta amyl
	212	40	100.0	42	2	AAR65284	Aar65284 Beta amyl
	213	40	100.0	42	2	AAR95248	Aar95248 Beta/A4-a
	214	40	100.0	42	2	AAR88206	Aar88206 Rat A42 b
	215	40	100.0	42	2	AAR94591	Aar94591 Alzheimer
	216	40	100.0	42	2	AAR99536	Aar99536 Murine be
	217	40	100.0	42	2	AAW12828	Aaw12828 Beta A4 p
	218	40	100.0	42	2	AAW64507	Aaw64507 Neurotoxi
	219	40	100.0	42	2	AAW42989	Aaw42989 Full leng
	220	40	100.0	42	2	AAW47230	Aaw47230 Beta-amyl
	221	40	100.0	42	2	AAY49691	Aay49691 Human bet
	222	40	100.0	42	2	AAW99585	Aaw99585 Mutant ag
	223	40	100.0	42	2	AAW81474	Aaw81474 Synthetic
	224	40	100.0	42	2	AAY08607	Aay08607 Human bet
	225	40	100.0	42	2	AAW29093	Aaw29093 A-beta-bi
	226	40	100.0	42	2	AAY25137	Aay25137 Human amy
	227	40	100.0	42	2	AAW92726	Aaw92726 Human tac
	228	40	100.0	42	2	AAY33407	Aay33407 Human amy
•	229	40	100.0	42	3	AAY96956	Aay96956 Beta-amyl
·	230	40	100.0	42	4	AAB86134	Aab86134 Human Alz
	231	40	100.0	42	4	AAB35589	Aab35589 Beta/A4-a
	231	40	100.0	42	4	AAB49098	Aab49098 Human amy
	232	40	100.0	42	4	AAB84427	Aab84427 Partial s
	233	40	100.0	42	4	AAB48497	Aab48497 Human amy
		40	100.0	42	4	AAB40497 AAB91785	Aab91785 Amyloid b
	235		100.0	42	4	AAB91703 AAB91818	Aab91818 Amyloid b
	236	40	100.0	42	4	AAB91010 AAB91779	Aab91779 Amyloid b
	237	40	100.0	72	7		

220	4.0	100 0	4.2	1	AAB91812	Aab91812 Amyloid b
238	40	100.0	42	4	AAB91012 AAB91791	Aab91791 Amyloid b
239	40	100.0	42	4		Aab82622 Amyloid-b
240	40	100.0	42	4	AAB82622	-
241	40	100.0	42	4	AAB49395	Aab49395 Human amy
242	40	100.0	42	4	AAB48830	Aab48830 Human amy
243	40	100.0	42	4	AAE03425	Aae03425 Mouse amy
244	40	100.0	42	4	AAE05484	Aae05484 Human pep
245	40	100.0	42	5	ABB81321	Abb81321 Amyloid p
246	40	100.0	42	5	AAU80961	Aau80961 Human amy
247	40	100.0	42	5	AAU98727	Aau98727 Human amy
248	40	100.0	42	5	ABG94281	Abg94281 Amyloid b
249	40	100.0	42	5	AAE21438	Aae21438 Human bet
250	40	100.0	42	5	ABB76029	Abb76029 Beta amyl
251	40	100.0	42	5	AAE25335	Aae25335 Modified
			42	5	AAO15848	Aao15848 Beta-amyl
252	40	100.0				Aau76483 Amino aci
253	40	100.0	42	5	AAU76483	
254	40	100.0	42	5	AAE26080	Aae26080 Beta amyl
255	40	100.0	42	5	AAG68314	Aag68314 Human bet
256	40	100.0	42	5	AAU96896	Aau96896 Human Amy
25 7	40	100.0	42	5	AAU93988	Aau93988 Human bet
258	40	100.0	42	5	AAE26300	Aae26300 Human bet
259	40	100.0	42	5	ABG8,0593	Abg80593 Human amy
260	40	100.0	42	5	AAM51864	Aam51864 Neuronal
261	40	100.0	42	5	AAU75433	Aau75433 Amyloid p
262	40	100.0	42	5	ABB83306	Abb83306 Amyloid-b
263	40	100.0	42	5	ABB77990	Abb77990 Beta-amyl
264	40	100.0	42	6	AAE35671	Aae35671 Human bet
265	40	100.0	42	6	ABU08711	Abu08711 Amlyoid b
			42	6	AAO16344	Aao16344 A-beta pr
266	40	100.0			ABU08506	Abu08506 Human amy
267	40	100.0	42	6		Abd00000 Haman amy Aae33793 Beta-amyl
268	40	100.0	42	6	AAE33793	
269	40	100.0	42	6	ABP99423	Abp99423 Beta-amyl
270	40	100.0	42	6	ABB82633	Abb82633 Abeta fib
271	40	100.0	42	6	ABP96144	Abp96144 Human Abe
272	40	100.0	42	6	ABG72233	Abg72233 Human bet
273	40	100.0	42	6	AAE35428	Aae35428 Abeta pro
274	40	100.0	42	6	AAE33218	Aae33218 Beta amyl
275	40	100.0	42	6	ABP97882	Abp97882 Amino aci
276	40	100.0	42	6	ABU63707	Abu63707 Rat amylo
277	40	100.0	42	6	ADA74126	Ada74126 Beta-amyl
278	40	100.0	42	6	ADA89912	Ada89912 Abeta42 a
279	40	100.0	42	6	ABR82058	Abr82058 VEGF bind
280	40	100.0	42	7	ADA37267	Ada37267 Human bet
281	40	100.0	42	7	ADB37652	Adb37652 Human bet
282	40	100.0	42	7		Adb85562 Beta-amyl
				7	ADB75176	Adb75176 Amyloid b
283	40	100.0	42	_		Aae38649 Human amy
284	40	100.0	42	7	AAE38649	Adc66002 Human A(b
285	40	100.0	42	7	ADC66002	
286	40	100.0	42	7	ADC35181	Adc35181 Beta-amyl
287	40	100.0	42	7	ADD20743	Add20743 Human bet
288	40	100.0	42	7	ADE10848	Adel0848 Chimeric
289	40	100.0	43	1	AAP96371	Aap96371 Region of
290	40	100.0	43	2	AAR54759	Aar54759 Beta amyl
291	40	100.0	43	2	AAR60367	Aar60367 Beta-amyl
292	40	100.0	43	2	AAR61328	Aar61328 Amyloid b
293	40	100.0	43	2	AAR64165	Aar64165 Beta amyl
294	40	100.0	43	2	ADD11650	Add11650 Human bet
	10	_ J J J • V		_		

005	4.0	100.0	43	2	AAR95673	Aar95673 A	A-beta pr
295	40	100.0	43	2	AAW93371	Aaw93371 I	-
296	40		43	2	AAY17758	Aay17758	
297	40	100.0	43	2	AAW51316	Aaw51316 I	-
298	40	100.0	43	2	AAY42955	Aay42955	
299	40	100.0			AAB21216	Aab21216	_
300	40	100.0	43	2	AABZ1210 AAW71378	Aaw71378	
301	40	100.0	43	2	AAW/13/0 AAW40129	Aaw40129	_
302	40	100.0	43	2		Aaw92724	_
303	40	100.0	43	2	AAW92724	Aaw89362	
304	40	100.0	43	2	AAW89362	Aay88390 1	_
305	40	100.0	43	3	AAY88390	Aay56102	
306	40	100.0	43	3	AAY56102 AAB27020	Aab27020	
307	40	100.0	43	3		Aab15372	
308	40	100.0	43	3	AAB15372	Abb07901	
309	40	100.0	43	4	ABB07901	Abb07301 Aab84428	_
310	40	100.0	43	4	AAB84428	Aab91811	
311	40	100.0	43	4	AAB91811	Aab91011 A	-
312	40	100.0	43	4	AAB91778	Aag78791	_
313	40	100.0	43	4	AAG78791	Aab48344	
314	40	100.0	43	4	AAB48344	Aab81193	-
315	40	100.0	43	4	AAB81193	Aab98986	_
316	40	100.0	43	4	AAB98986	Aab47108	_
317	40	100.0	43	4	AAB47108	Aae12508	_
318	40	100.0	43	4	AAE12508		Human bet
319	40	100.0	43	5	ABB98516	Abg71001	
320	40	100.0	43	5	ABG71001 AAO18457	3	Human bet
321	40	100.0	43	5 5	ABB05149	Abb05149	
322	40	100.0	43	5	AAU98701		Human amy
323	40	100.0	43	5 5	AAU96701 AAM50862	Aam50862	
324	40	100.0	43 43	5 5	ABB78007		Amino aci
325	40	100.0	43	5	AAE26265		Human bet
326	40	100.0	43	6	AA016064		Neurologi
327	40	100.0	43	6	ABG73456		Natural b
328	40	100.0	43	6	ABU08505	3	Human amy
329	40	100.0	43	6	ABP96145		Human Abe
330	40	100.0	43	6	ABR39273	*	Human Amy
331	40 40	100.0	43	6	ABP97881		Amino aci
332		100.0	43	6	ABU62720	-	Beta-amyl
333	40 40	100.0	43	7	ADC66003		Human A(b
334	40	100.0	45	2	AAR64169		Variant b
335	40	100.0	45	6	AAE35676		Human Abe
336 337	40	100.0	47	2	AAW81475		Synthetic
		100.0	48	4	AAB37523		Amyloid p
338	40	100.0	48	6	AAE35680		Human Abe
339 340	40 40	100.0	48	6	ABP97920		Amino aci
341	40	100.0	50	4	AAG65957	Aag65957	
342	40	100.0	52	2	AAR64166		Variant b
		100.0	52	2	AAW81476		Synthetic
343 344	40 40	100.0	52 52	6	ABU08712		Amlyoid b
344 345	40	100.0	52	6	ABP97925		Amino aci
345 346	40	100.0	52	6	ABP97924	2	Amino aci
347	40	100.0	52	6	ADA90299	1	Abeta ami
348	40	100.0	53	2	AAR55695	Aar55695	
348 349	40	100.0	53	2	AAR55696	Aar55696	-
	40	100.0	53	2	AAR53030 AAR64168		Variant b
350 351		100.0	53	3	AAY87944		Mammalian
351	40	100.0	55	J	ENCTO 1744	114701511	

	352	40	100.0	53	6	ABU08708	Abu08708 Amlyoid b
	353	40	100.0	53	6	AAO16342	Aao16342 HIV type
	354	40	100.0	53	7	ADB61450	Adb61450 Amyloid b
	355	40	100.0	54	3	AAB32126	Aab32126 Amyloid-b
	356	40	100.0	54	6	AAO16345	Aao16345 HIV type
	357	40	100.0	55	4	AAB11482	Aab11482 Human APP
	358	40	100.0	55	4	AAE12903	Aae12903 Human bet
	359	40	100.0	57	3	AAB10910	Aab10910 Human amy
	360	40	100.0	58	2	AAW98001	Aaw98001 Swedish-F
	361	40	100.0	59	2	AAW05375	Aaw05375 Amyloid p
	362	40	100.0	59	2	AAW70863	Aaw70863 Beta-amyl
	363	40	100.0	59	4	AAB84425	Aab84425 Partial s
	364	40	100.0	59	7	ADB75160	Adb75160 Human bet
	365	40	100.0	60	2	AAW49007	Aaw49007 Homo sapi
	366	40	100.0	60	3	AAY69701	Aay69701 Beta-amyl
	367	40	100.0	63	2	AAW42976	Aaw42976 Beta-amyl
	368	40	100.0	63	2	AAW44747	Aaw44747 APP-REP 7
	369	40	100.0	63	7	ADB33534	Adb33534 APP regio
	370	40	100.0	64	5	ABB81320	Abb81320 Amyloid p
	371	40	100.0	67	2	AAW71377	Aaw71377 Peptide d
	372	40	100.0	70	4	AAE09373	Aae09373 Human wil
	373	40	100.0	70	4	AAE09374	Aae09374 Human APP
	374	40	100.0	70	4	AAE09375	Aae09375 Human tru
	375	40	100.0	70	4	AAU05015	Aau05015 Human amy
	376	40	100.0	79	2	AAW53981	Aaw53981 Human ALZ
	377	40	100.0	82	5	AAU80960	Aau80960 Human amy
	378	40	100.0	82	5	ABG94280	Abg94280 Amyloid b
	379	40	100.0	82	5	ABG80592	Abg80592 Human amy
	380	40	100.0	93	4	ABG19083	Abg19083 Novel hum
	381	40	100.0	97	1	AAP83152	Aap83152 Lambda SM
	382	40	100.0	97	1	AAP81517	Aap81517 Deduced s
	383	40	100.0	97	2	AAR37865	Aar37865 Beta-amyl
	384	40	100.0	99	2	AAR20329	Aar20329 Sequence
	385	40	100.0	99	2	AAR74696	Aar74696 Beta-amyl
	386	40	100.0	99	2	AAR74694	Aar74694 Beta-amyl
	387	40	100.0	99	2	AAR64167	Aar64167 Variant b
	388	40	100.0	99	2	AAY08606	Aay08606 Human bet
	389	40	100.0	99	4	AAB11483	Aab11483 Human APP
	390	40	100.0	99	5	ABB76945	Abb76945 Amyloid P
	391	40	100.0	99	6	ABP97919	Abp97919 Amino aci
	392	40	100.0	99	6	ABP97981	Abp97981 C99, the
	393	40	100.0	100	2	AAR10024	Aar10024 Beta-amyl
•	394	40	100.0	100	2	AAR37866	Aar37866 Full-leng
	395	40	100.0	100	3	AAY51923	Aay51923 Transgeni
	396	40	100.0	100	3	AAB13015	Aab13015 Human amy
	397	40	100.0	100	5	AAE14372	Aae14372 Amyloid p
	398	40	100.0	100	5	AAE14373	Aae14373 Amyloid p
	399	40	100.0	100	5	AAE14375	Aae14375 Amyloid p
	400	40	100.0	100	5	AAE14371	Aae14371 Amyloid p
	401	40	100.0	100	5	AAE14374	Aae14374 Amyloid p
	402	40	100.0	100	6	ABP97921	Abp97921 Amino aci
	403	40	100.0	103	2	AAR74697	Aar74697 Beta-amyl
	404	40	100.0	103	2	AAR74698	Aar74698 Beta-amyl Aaw51317 Natural b
	405	40	100.0	103	2	AAW51317	Aaw89372 Beta-amyl
	406	40	100.0	103	2	AAW89372	Aaw89372 Beta-amyl Aay56103 Beta amyl
	407	40	100.0	103	3	AAY56103	Aay36103 Beta amy1 Aae12509 Beta-amyl
	408	40	100.0	103	4	AAE12509	Maeizous Deca amyi

409	40	100.0	103	5	ABG71002	Abg71002	Amyloid p
410	40	100.0	103	5	ABB05150	Abb05150	Beta amyl
411	40	100.0	103	6	ABG73457	Abg73457	Amyloid p
412	40	100.0	104	2	AAW51100	Aaw51100	Amino aci
413	40	100.0	108	1	AAP83154	Aap83154	Plasmid p
414	40	100.0	108	2	AAR37868	Aar37868	Beta-amyl
415	40	100.0	108	5	AAE14382	Aae14382	Gamma-sec
416	40	100.0	108	5	AAE14383	Aae14383	Gamma-sec
417	40	100.0	108	5	AAE14379	Aae14379	Gamma-sec
418	40	100.0	108	5	AAE14380	Aae14380	Gamma-sec
419	40	100.0	108	5	AAE14381	Aae14381	Gamma-sec
420	40	100.0	108	6	ABP97923	Abp97923	Amino aci
421	40	100.0	112	2	AAR93556	Aar93556	Familial
422	40	100.0	115	2	AAW98000	Aaw98000	SwedishLo
423	40	100.0	115	2	AAW97999	Aaw97999	London-FA
424	40	100.0	115	2	AAW97997	Aaw97997	Swedish-F
425	40	100.0	116	3	AAY87823	Aay87823	Human APP
426	40	100.0	117	2	AAW51102	Aaw51102	Flag-amyl
427	40	100.0	117	3	AAY51925	Aay51925	Transgeni
428	40	100.0	117	4	AAE12896	Aae12896	Human rec
429	40	100.0	118	2	AAW50028	Aaw50028	APP C-ter
430	40	100.0	118	2	AAW50027	Aaw50027	APP C-ter
431	40	100.0	118	2	AAW50031	Aaw50031	APP C-ter
432	40	100.0	118	2	AAW50030	Aaw50030	APP C-ter
433	40	100.0	118	2	AAW50029	Aaw50029	APP C-ter
434	40	100.0	118	2	AAW96209	Aaw96209	Amyloid p
435	40	100.0	120	2	AAW50032	Aaw50032	APP C-ter
436	40	100.0	122	3	AAY97071	Aay97071	Beta-amyl
437	40	100.0	124	3	AAY96955	Aay96955	Beta-amyl
438	40	100.0	132	2	AAR65290	Aar65290	Rat beta
439	40	100.0	132	2	AAR65291	Aar65291	Human bet
440	40	100.0	247	5	AAE26274	Aae26274	Human bet
441	40	100.0	264	1	AAP90609	Aap90609	Sequence
442	40	100.0	264	1	AAP90497	Aap90497	Protein s
443	40	100.0	267	5	AAE26273	Aae26273	Human tPA
444	40	100.0	285	6	AAO19900	Aao19900	BRI-Abeta
445	40	100.0	285	6	AAO19899	Aao19899	BRI-Abeta
446	40	100.0	487	2	AAW26394	Aaw26394	Amyloid p
447	40	100.0	487	2	AAW26510	Aaw26510	Amyloid p
448	40	100.0	487	2	AAW42979	. Aaw42979	Amyloid p
449	40	100.0	487	2	AAW44745	Aaw44745	APP-REP 7
450	40	100.0	492	2	AAR45229	Aar45229	APP-REP 7
451	40	100.0	492	2	AAW26393	Aaw26393	Amyloid p
452	40	100.0	492	2	AAW26509		Amyloid p
453	40	100.0	492	2	AAW42978		Amyloid p
454	40	100.0	492	2	AAW44744	Aaw44744	APP-REP 7
455	40	100.0	506	2	AAW61152		Maltose b
456	40	100.0	506	2	AAY33742	2	MBP-APP (
457	40	100.0	506	4	AAB47258	Aab47258	MBP:APP C
458	40	100.0	534	6	ABB99605		Amino aci
459	40	100.0	537	2	AAR40114		APP-HCV-E
460	40	100.0	627	3	AAB10955		SEAP/huma
461	40	100.0	656	2	AAR58935		Amyloid p
462	40	100.0	670	5	ABB81499		Abeta42-H
463	40	100.0	676	2	AAR58936		Amyloid p
464	40	100.0	695	1	AAP81692	2	Sequence
465	40	100.0	695	2	AAR05166	Aar05166	Sequence

								•	
466	40	100.0	695	2	AAR14046			Amyloi	-
467	40	100.0	695	2	AAR26338	Aar	26338	APP695	. 3
468	40	100.0	695	2	AAR58923	Aar	58923	Mouse	amy
469	40	100.0	695	2	AAR58920	Aar	58920	Amyloi	d p
470	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19487	Aaw	19487	APP695	mu
471	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19490	Aaw	19490	APP695	mu
472	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19481			APP695	
473	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19484			APP695	
474	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19498			APP695	
475	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19501			APP695	
		100.0	695	2	AAW19495			APP695	
476	40							APP695	
477	40	100.0	695	2	AAW19504				
478	40	100.0	695	2	AAY20233	_		Human I	
479	40	100.0	695	2	AAY49690	-		Human I	
480	40	100.0	695	2	AAY07221	_		Amyloi	_
481	40	100.0	695	3	AAY88435	-		Human I	
482	40	100.0	695	3	AAY88434	_		Human I	
483	40	100.0	695	3	AAY88436	_		Human 1	
484	40	100.0	695	3	AAY44705	-		Human 1	
485	40	100.0	695	4	AAU07207			Human 1	
486	40	100.0	695	4	AAU07206	Aau	07206	Human 1	bet
487	40	100.0	695	4	AAE10632	Aae	10632	Human	wil
488	40	100.0	695	4	AAE10633	Aae	10633	Human	amy
489	40	100.0	695	4	AAE10634	Aae	10634	Human a	amy
490	40	100.0	695	4	AAE06864	Aae	06864	Human	amy
491	40	100.0	695	4	AAE06862	Aae	06862	Human	wil
492	40	100.0	695	4	AAE06863	Aae	06863	Human (amy
493	40	100.0	695	4	AAE02584	Aae	02584	Human	amy
494	40	100.0	695	4	AAE02586	Aae	02586	Human	amy
495	40	100.0	695	4	AAE02585	Aae	02585	Human	amy
496	40	100.0	695	4	AAE03420			Human	_
497	40	100.0	695	4	AAU06608			Human .	_
498	40	100.0	695	4	AAU06607			Human 2	_
499	40	100.0	695	4	AAU06606			Human .	_
500	40	100.0	695	5	ABB78595			Human	_
501	40	100.0	695	5	ABB78594			Human	
502	40	100.0	695	5	ABB78593			Human .	
503	40	100.0	695	5	AAG68315			Human	
504	40	100.0	695	5	ABG32721	_		Human	_
505	40	100.0	695	6	ABP97918	3		Amino	_
506	40	100.0	695	6	ABB99604	-		Amino	
			695	7	ADB87313			Human	
507	40	100.0		7	ADB87311			Human	_
508	40	100.0	695						_
509	40	100.0	695	7	ADB33519			Human .	
510	40	100.0	695	7	ADC65997			Human .	
511	40	100.0	697	3	AAY88429	_		Human .	
512	40	100.0	697	3	AAY88430	_		Human .	
513	40	100.0	697	3	AAY88428	-		Human .	
514	40	100.0	697	4	AAU07208			Human	
515	40	100.0	697	4	AAU07210			Human	
516	40	100.0	697	4	AAU07209			Human	
517	40	100.0	697	4	AAE10635			Human	
518	40	100.0	697	4	AAE10637			Human	_
519	40	100.0	697	4	AAE10636			Human	_
520	40	100.0	697	4	AAE06867	Aae	06867	Human	amy
521	40	100.0	697	4	AAE06865	Aae	06865	Human	amy
522	40	100.0	697	4	AAE06866	Aae	06866	Human	amy

523	40	100.0	697	4	AAE02588	Aae02588	Human amy
524	40	100.0	697	4	AAE02589	Aae02589	Human amy
525	40	100.0	697	4	AAE02587	Aae02587	Human amy
526	40	100.0	697	4	AAU06609	Aau06609	Human Amy
527	40	100.0	697	4	AAU06610		Human Amy
528	40	100.0	697	4	AAU06611		Human Amy
529	40	100.0	697	5	ABB78597		Human APP
				5	ABB78596		Human APP
530	40	100.0	697	-			
531	40	100.0	697	5	ABB78598		Human APP
532	40	100.0	733	6	ABR43271		Human neu
533	40	100.0	740	7	ADB87314		Human amy
534	40	100.0	740	7	ADB87312		Human amy
535	40	100.0	751	1	AAP83150	-	Amino aci
536	40	100.0	751	1	AAP94776	Aap94776	Novel amy
537	40	100.0	751	2	AAR05718	Aar05718	NAP-2 gen
538	40	100.0	751	2	AAR10022	Aar10022	Beta-amyl
539	40	100.0	751	2	AAR20328	Aar20328	Sequence
540	40	100.0	751	2	AAR37862	Aar37862	Beta-amyl
541	40	100.0	751	2	AAW19492	Aaw19492	APP751 mu
542	40	100.0	751	2	AAW19489	Aaw19489	APP751 mu
543	40	100.0	751	2	AAW19486		APP751 mu
544	40	100.0	751	2	AAW19483		APP751 mu
545	40	100.0	751	2	AAW19505		APP751 mu
546	40	100.0	751	2	AAW19502		APP751 mu
547		100.0	751	2	AAW19302 AAW19496		APP751 mu
	40			2			APP751 mu
548	40	100.0	751 751	_	AAW19499		
549	40	100.0	751	2	AAY08615	-	Human bet
550	40	100.0	751	2	AAY08605		Human bet
551	40	100.0	751	4	AAE10649		Human amy
552	40	100.0	751	4	AAE06894		Human amy
553	40	100.0	751	4	AAE02601		Human amy
554	40	100.0	751	4	AAU06623	Aau06623	Human par
555	40	100.0	751	5	ABB78610	Abb78610	Human APP
556	40	100.0	751	5	AAG68316	Aag68316	Human amy
557	40	100.0	751	5	ABG32722	Abg32722	Human amy
558	40	100.0	751	5	AAO18050	Aao18050	Amyloid p
559	40	100.0	753	4	AAU07224	Aau07224	Human bet
560	40	100.0	753	4	AAE10651	Aae10651	Human amy
561	40	100.0	753	4	AAE06896	Aae06896	Human amy
562	40	100.0	753	4	AAE02603	Aae02603	Human amy
563	40	100.0	753	4	AAU06625		Human Amy
564	40	100.0	753	5	ABB78612		Human APP
565	40	100.0	754	2	AAR26339		APP751. 3
566	40	100.0	754	2	AAW96210		Amyloid p
567	40	100.0	768	5	AAU80959		Human amy
568	40	100.0	770	1	AAP94775	-	Novel amy
					AAR05717	-	NAP gene
569	40	100.0	770	2			3
570	40	100.0	770	2	AAR26340		APP770. 3
571	40	100.0	770	2	AAR41546		Mutated A
572	40	100.0	770	2	AAR63442		Amyloid p
573	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19491		APP770 mu
574	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19488		APP770 mu
575	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19485		APP770 mu
576	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19482		APP770 mu
577	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19506	Aaw19506	APP770 mu
578	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19497	Aaw19497	APP770 mu
579	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19503	Aaw19503	APP770 mu

580	40	100.0	770	2	AAW19500	Aaw19500	APP770 mu
581	40	100.0	770	2	AAW40130	Aaw40130	Human APP
582	40	100.0	770	2	AAW97996	Aaw97996	Human amy
583	40	100.0	770	4	AAE11762	Aae11762	Human amy
584	40	100.0	770	4	AAE10648	Aae10648	Human amy
585	40	100.0	770	4	AAE06913	Aae06913	Human amy
586	40	100.0	770	4	AAE06912	Aae06912	Human amy
587	40	100.0	770	4	AAE06893	Aae06893	Human amy
588	40	100.0	770	4	AAE02600	Aae02600	Human amy
589	40	100.0	770	4	AAU06622	Aau06622	Human par
590	40	100.0	770	5	ABG94279	Abg94279	Amyloid b
591	40	100.0	770	5	ABB78609	Abb78609	Human APP
592	40	100.0	770	5	ABG76936	Abg76936	Humanised
593	40	100.0	770	5	AAG68317		Human amy
594	40	100.0	770	5	ABB78008	Abb78008	Amino aci
595	40	100.0	770	5	ABG80591	Abg80591	. Human amy
596	40	100.0	770	5	ABG32723	Abg32723	Human amy
597	40	100.0	770	6	ABP72693	Abp72693	Human amy
598	40	100.0	770	6	ABR43902	Abr43902	Beta-amyl
599	40	100.0	770	6	ABP97885	Abp97885	Amino aci
600	40	100.0	770	6	ABR61931	Abr61931	Human amy
601	40	100.0	772	4	AAU07223	Aau07223	Human bet
602	40	100.0	772	4	AAE10650	Aae10650	Human amy
603	40	100.0	772	4	AAE06895	Aae06895	Human amy
604	40	100.0	772	4	AAE02602	Aae02602	Human amy
605	40	100.0	772	4	AAU06624	Aau06624	Human Amy
606	40	100.0	772	4	ABG19086	Abg19086	Novel hum
607	40	100.0	772	5	ABB78611	Abb78611	. Human APP
608	40	100.0	777	4	ABG19089	Abg19089	Novel hum
609	40	100.0	783	7	ADB33513	Adb33513	Human APP
610	40	100.0	783	7	ADB33531	Adb33531	. Human APP
611	40	100.0	783	7	ADB33511	Adb33511	Human APP
612	40	100.0	941	7	ADB33515	Adb33515	Human APP
613	40	100.0	941	7	ADB33533	Adb33533	Human APP
614	40	100.0	941	7	ADB33517	Adb33517	Human APP
615	40	100.0	1024	5	AAU75873	Aau75873	APP-LacI
616	37	92.5	9	2	AAR45239	Aar45239	Mutant am
617	37	92.5	28	2	AAW01414	Aaw01414	Beta/A4-a
618	37	92.5	28	4	AAB35600	Aab35600	Human clo
619	37	92.5	28	6	ABG72244	Abg72244	Mutant E2
620	37	92.5	35	4	AAB91830	Aab91830	Amyloid b
621	37	92.5	35	4	AAB91803	Aab91803	Amyloid b
622	37	92.5	40	2	AAW47232	Aaw47232	Beta-amyl
623	37	92.5	42	6	ABP97887	Abp97887	'Amino aci
624	37	92.5	53	2	AAR55697	Aar55697	Sequence
625	37	92.5	63	2	AAW26391	Aaw26391	Amyloid p
626	37	92.5	63	2	AAW26511	Aaw26511	. Amyloid p
627	37	92.5	63	2	AAW42975	Aaw42975	Beta-amyl
628	37	92.5	63	2	AAW44746	Aaw44746	APP-REP 7
629	37	92.5	99	2	AAR74695	Aar74695	Beta-amyl
630	37	92.5	100	5	AAE14377	Aae14377	'Amyloid p
631	37	92.5	108	5	AAE14385	Aae14385	Gamma-sec
632	36	90.0	18	3	AAB10964	Aab10964	Beta-amyl
633	36	90.0	28	4	AAB35599	Aab35599	Human clo
634	36	90.0	28	6	ABG72243	Abg72243	Mutant K1
635	36	90.0	41	2	AAR45230	Aar45230	Beta amyl
636	36	90.0	42	6	ABP97888	Abp97888	Amino aci
						_	

637	36	90.0	42	6	ABP97886	Abp97886	Amino aci
638	36	90.0	100	5	AAE14376	Aae14376	Amyloid p
639	36	90.0	108	5	AAE14384	Aae14384	Gamma-sec
640	36	90.0	7 70	2	AAR62505	Aar62505	Amyloid p
641	35	87.5	8	2	AAR08190	Aar08190	Cerebrova
642	35	87.5	8	4	AAE10662	Aae10662	Human amy
643	35	87.5	8	4	AAE02614	Aae02614	Human amy
644	35	87.5	8	5	AAE29553	Aae29553	Amyloid b
645	35	87.5	8	5	ABB78623	Abb78623	Human alp
646	35	87.5	. 9	5	AAE29552	Aae29552	Amyloid b
647	35	87.5	9	6	ABU79053	Abu79053	Aggregati
648	35	87.5	9	7	ABW00187	Abw00187	Peptide #
649	35	87.5	10	4	AAB46229	Aab46229	Human APP
650	35	87.5	12	2	AAR60372	Aar60372	Beta-amyl
651	35	87.5	12	3	AAB10957	Aab10957	Bovine AD
652	35	87.5	12	5	AAE29508	Aae29508	Amyloid b
653	35	87.5	12	5	AAE29517	Aae29517	Amyloid b
654	35	87.5	12	5	AAE29507	Aae29507	Amyloid b
655	35	87.5	14	4	AAE03423	Aae03423	Peptide c
656	35	87.5	15	6	ABU79058		Aggregati
657	35	87.5	15	7	ABW00192	Abw00192	Peptide #
658	35	87.5	24	4	AAB91832	·	Amyloid b
659	35	87.5	24	4	AAB91805	Aab91805	Amyloid b
660	35	87.5	26	4	AAB84431	Aab84431	Partial s
661	35	87.5	42	6	ABP97890	Abp97890	Amino aci
662	35	87.5	63	7	ADB33540	Adb33540	APP regio
663	35	87.5	63	7	ADB33538	Adb33538	APP regio
664	35	87.5	63	7	ADB33537	Adb33537	APP regio
665	35	87.5	783	7	ADB33525	Adb33525	Human APP
666	35	87.5	783	7	ADB33505	Adb33505	Human APP
667	35	87.5	783	7	ADB33503	Adb33503	Human APP
668	35	87.5	941	7	ADB33507	Adb33507	Human APP
669	35	87.5	941	7	ADB33509	Adb33509	Human APP
670	35	87.5	941	7	ADB33527	Adb33527	Human APP
671	34	85.0	7	2	AAR88300	Aar88300	Non-amnes
672	34	85.0	7	2	AAR87921	Aar87921	Test pept
673	34	85.0	7	4	AAB67281	Aab67281	
674	34	85.0	7	5	ABB04920	Abb04920	Human amy
675	34	85.0	7	6	ABB82630		Abeta fib
676	34	85.0	7	6	AAE35454	Aae35454	Abeta pep
677	34	85.0	7	6	AAE35453		Abeta pep
678	34	85.0	7	7	ADD20746		Human bet
679	34	85.0	9	6	ABU79050		Aggregati
680	34	85.0	9	7	ABW00184		Peptide #
681	34	85.0	10	4	AAB46225		Human APP
682	34	85.0	10	6	AAE35455		Abeta pep
683	34	85.0	15	6	ABU79059		Aggregati
684	34	85.0	15	6	ABU79060		Aggregati
685	34	85.0	15	6	ABU79061		Aggregati
686	34	85.0	15	7	ABW00193		Peptide #
687	34	85.0	15	7	ABW00195		Peptide #
688	34	85.0	15	7	ABW00194		Peptide #
689	34	85.0	20	5	ABB06431		Beta-secr
690	34	85.0	28	4	AAB36201		Human clo
691	34	85.0	28	6	ABG72245		Mutant D2
692	34	85.0	185	5	ABG62799	3	Eubacteri
693	34	85.0	321	5	ABB84748	3	DNA polym
0,7,3	51	00.0	J21	•		OFTFOAMI	z Pozym
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694	34	85.0	321	7	ADD24631			DNA polym
695	33	82.5	9	6	ABU79049	<u> </u>	Abu79049	Aggregati
696	33	82.5	9	7	ABW00183		Abw00183	Peptide #
697	33	82.5	17	4	AAB35808		Aab35808	Beta-amyl
698	33	82.5	42	5	AAU75939			Human amy
699	33	82.5	42	6	ABP97889			Amino aci
							-	Beta-amyl
700	32	80.0	28	2	AAY39806		4	-
701	32	80.0	104	4	AAE12897			Human rec
702	32	80.0	184	6	ABU16515	-	Abu16515	Protein e
703	32	80.0	261	7	ABR62788	i	Abr62788	MRSA GTP
704	32	80.0	265	6	ABU43397		Abu43397	Protein e
705	32	80.0	268	6	ABM73194		Abm73194	Staphyloc
706	31	77.5	6	6	ADA90176			Anti-Abet
707	31	77.5	7	4	AAB48492			Antifibri
708	31	77.5	7	4	AAB48491			Antifibri
709	31	77.5	7	4	AAB82640			All-D pep
710	31	77.5	7	4	AAB82639			All-D pep
711	31	77.5	. 7	5	AAU96827			Amyloid t
712	31	77.5	7	5	AAU96828	i	Aau96828	Amyloid t
713	31	77.5	7	5	AAU11665	i	Aau11665	Peptide #
714	31	77.5	7	5	AAU11666		Aau11666	Peptide #
715	31	77.5	7	6	ADA90156			Anti-Abet
716	31	77.5	7	6	ADA90939			Solid-pha
717	31	77.5	8	3	AAY79939			Beta-amyl
718	31	77.5	10	4	AAB46230		-	Human APP
719	31	77.5	10	4	AAB82641			All-D pep
720	31	77.5	10	5	AAU96829			Amyloid t
721	31	77.5	11	2	AAR60373			Beta-amyl
722	31	77.5	11	5	ABB04912			Human amy
723	31	77.5	12	3	AAB10958	i i	Aab10958	Bovine AD
724	31	77.5	41	2	AAR22206	, i	Aar22206	Alzheimer
725	31	77.5	49	2	AAR35087		Aar35087	Human amy
726	31	77.5	49	4	AAM14458	i	Aam14458	Peptide #
727	31	77.5	49	4	AAM13857		Aam13857	Peptide #
728	31	77.5	49	4	ABB32802			Peptide #
729	31	77.5	49	4	ABB33406			Peptide #
730	31	77.5	49	4	AAM26264			Peptide #
731	31	77.5	49	4	AAM26871			Peptide #
		77.5						-
732	31		49	4	ABB27632			Human pep
733	31	77.5	49	4	ABB28231			Human pep
734	31	77.5	49	4	ABB18284			Protein #
735	31	77.5	49	4	ABB18865	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Abb18865	Protein #
736	31	77.5	49	4	AAM66585	i	Aam66585	Human bon
737	31	77.5	49	4	AAM65988	i	Aam65988	Human bon
738	31	77.5	49	4	AAM53609		Aam53609	Human bra
739	31	77.5	49	4	AAM54191		Aam54191	Human bra
740	31	77.5	49	4	ABG47654			Human liv
741	31	77.5	49	4	ABG48253		-	Human liv
		77.5	49	4	AAM02185		_	
742	31							Peptide #
743	31	77.5	49	4	AAM01600			Peptide #
744	31	77.5	49	5	ABG36237		-	Human pep
745	31	77.5	49	5	ABG35636		_	Human pep
746	31	77.5	228	5	ABP30532		Abp30532	Streptoco
747	31	77.5	234	5	ABP28559	i	Abp28559	Streptoco
748	31	77.5	259	4	AAG92359		Aag92359	C glutami
749	31	77.5	368	4	ABG06597		_	Novel hum
750	31	77.5	403	4	AAG78628		_	Human RNA
-					-	_	J	

7.51	21	77 5	110	-	*DD01010	Al-L-01010 Homen amor
751	31	77.5	416	5	ABB81212	Abb81212 Human amy
752	31	77.5	600	4	ABG08663	Abg08663 Novel hum
753	31	77.5	603	4	ABG06595	Abg06595 Novel hum
754	31	77.5	815	4	ABG07525	Abg07525 Novel hum
755	31	77.5	887	6	ABU20576	Abu20576 Protein e
756	30	75.0	7	5	AAE29549	Aae29549 Amyloid b
757	30	75.0	8	5	AAE29548	Aae29548 Amyloid b
758	30	75.0	9	6	ABU79051	Abu79051 Aggregati
759	30	75.0	9	7	ABW00186	Abw00186 Peptide #
760	30	75.0	9	7	ABW00185	Abw00185 Peptide #
761	30	75.0	12	5	AAE29516	Aae29516 Amyloid b
762	30	75.0	15	6	ABU79054	Abu79054 Aggregati
763	30	75.0	15	7	ABW00188	Abw00188 Peptide #
764	30	75.0	50	4	AAB64819	Aab64819 Human sec
765	30	75.0	78	7	ADD71624	Add71624 Human uri
766	30	75.0	89	4	ABB39782	Abb39782 Peptide #
767	30	75.0	89	4	AAM33369	Aam33369 Peptide #
768	30	75.0	89	4	AAM73156	Aam73156 Human bon
769	30	75.0	89	4	AAM60503	Aam60503 Human bra
770	30	75.0	89	4	ABG54872	Abg54872 Human liv
771	30	75.0	89	5	ABG43002	Abg43002 Human pep
772	30	75.0	370	2	AAY30537	Aay30537 A G prote
773	30	75.0	370	2	AAY30533	Aay30533 A G prote
774	30	75.0	370	3	AAY54323	Aay54323 A G-prote
775	30	75.0	370	3	AAY85145	Aay85145 Amino aci
776	30	75.0	370	3	AAB02837	Aab02837 Human G p
777	30	75.0	370	3	AAY71303	Aay71303 Human orp
778	30	75.0	370	4	AAB68873	Aab68873 Human REC
779	30	75.0	370	4	AAE02497	Aae02497 Human CON
780	30	75.0	370	4	AAB73558	Aab73558 Human GP2
781	30	75.0	370	6	ABU08987	Abu08987 Human orp
782	30	75.0	370	6	ABU92271	Abu92271 Human G p
783	30	75.0	370	6	ABP81718	Abp81718 Human G p
784	30	75.0	370	6	ABU09898	Abu09898 Human G-p
785	30	75.0	370	7	ADC86433	Adc86433 Human GPC
786	30	75.0	379	4	AAM99955	Aam99955 Human exp
787	30	75.0	457	3	AAG51611	Aag51611 Arabidops
788	30	75.0	533	2	AAY04367	Aay04367 Methanoco
789	30	75.0	1294	2	AAW30601	Aaw30601 Human typ
790	30	75.0	1305	2	AAW88525	Aaw88525 Adenyl cy
791	30	75.0	1353	2	AAR99251	Aar99251 Murine ad
792	29	72.5	6	2	AAW02327	Aaw02327 Beta-amyl
793	29	72.5	6	2	AAW02314	Aaw02314 Beta-amyl
794	29	72.5	6	2	AAW89385	Aaw89385 Beta-amyl
795			6	2	AAW89378	Aaw89378 Beta-amyl
	29	72.5				Aab48484 Antifibri
796	29	72.5	6	4	AAB48484	
797	29	72.5	6	4	AAB48476	Aab48476 Antifibri
798	29	72.5	6	4	AAB82632	Aab82632 All-D pep
799	29	72.5	6	5	ABG71027	Abg71027 Long form
800	29	72.5	6	5	ABG71009	Abg71009 Long form
801	29	72.5	6	5	ABB05173	Abb05173 Beta amyl
802	29	72.5	6	5	ABB05157	Abb05157 Beta amyl
803	29	72.5	6	5	AAU96820	Aau96820 Amyloid t
804	29	72.5	6	5	ABB83305	Abb83305 Amyloid-b
805	29	72.5	6	5	AAU11658	Aau11658 Peptide #
806	29	72.5	6	5	AAU11650	Aau11650 Peptide #
807	29	72.5	6	6	AAE35445	Aae35445 Abeta pep

808 29 72.5 6 6 AAE35434 Aac35434 Abcta pep 809 29 72.5 6 6 AAE35434 Abcta pep 810 29 72.5 7 6 6 AAE36132 Aaw02312 Bcta-amyl 811 29 72.5 7 2 AAW02312 Aaw02312 Bcta-amyl 812 29 72.5 7 4 AAB48475 Aab48437 Antifibri 813 29 72.5 7 4 AAB48475 Aab48437 Antifibri 813 29 72.5 7 5 AAE26519 Aae29519 Amyloid b 815 29 72.5 7 5 AAE295519 Aae29519 Amyloid b 816 29 72.5 7 5 AAE29554 Aae29564 Amyloid b 816 29 72.5 7 5 AAE29554 Aae29569 Amyloid b 817 29 72.5 7 5 AAE29551 818 29 72.5 7 5 AAB671007 Abg71007 Long form 817 29 72.5 7 5 AAB6812 Aau96812 Amyloid t 819 29 72.5 7 5 AAB9612 Aau96812 Amyloid t 819 29 72.5 7 6 AAE363439 Aau36812 Amyloid t 819 29 72.5 7 6 AAE363439 Aau36813 Abcta pep 821 29 72.5 7 6 AAE363439 Aau3683 Abcta pep 822 29 72.5 7 6 AAE30937 Ada9937 Solid-pha 823 29 72.5 7 6 AAE30155 Ada90155 Ada90155 Anti-Abct 826 29 72.5 8 2 AAW02310 Aaw02310 Bcta-amyl 827 29 72.5 8 2 AAW02310 Aaw02310 Bcta-amyl 828 29 72.5 8 2 AAW02310 Aaw02310 Bcta-amyl 829 29 72.5 8 5 AAE29514 Aae29518 Amyloid b 820 29 72.5 8 6 AAE29513 Aae29518 Amyloid b 820 29 72.5 8 6 AAE29513 Aae29518 Amyloid b 820 29 72.5 8 6 AAE29510 Aae3648 Amyloid b 821 29 72.5 8 6 AAE29510 Aae3648 Amyloid b 822 29 72.5 8 7 6 AAB36155 Ada90155 Anti-Abct 825 29 72.5 8 6 AAE3643 Aae3937 Bcta-amyl 826 29 72.5 8 6 AAE3643 Aae39374 Bcta-amyl 827 29 72.5 8 6 AAE3643 Aae39374 Bcta-amyl 828 29 72.5 8 6 AAE39513 Aae39374 Aaw89374 Bcta-amyl 831 29 72.5 8 6 AAE39513 Aae39374 Aae39374 Bcta-amyl 831 29 72.5 8 6 AAE3648 Aae39518 Amyloid b 832 29 72.5 8 6 AAE3648 Aae39518 Amyloid b 833 29 72.5 8 6 AAE3648 Aae39518 Amyloid b 834 29 72.5 9 6 AAE35436 Aae39538 Ade1apep 835 29 72.5 9 6 AAE35436 Aae395436 Abcta pep 840 29 72.5 9 6 AAE35436 Aae395436 Abcta pep 841 29 72.5 10 6 AAE36435 Aae395436 Abcta pep 842 29 72.5 10 6 AAE36435 Aae395436 Abcta pep 843 29 72.5 10 6 AAE36435 Aae395436 Abcta pep 844 29 72.5 10 6 AAE36435 Aae395436 Abcta pep 845 29 72.5 10 6 AAE36456 Aae395436 Abcta pep 846 29 72.5 10 7 AAE3647 AAE39547 Aae385486 Abeta pep 847 29 72.5 10 6 AAE3647 AAE3668 Aae385468 Abcta p							
10	808	29	72.5	6	6	AAE35434	Aae35434 Abeta pep
11	809	29	72.5	6	6		
B13	810	29	72.5	7	2	AAW02312	Aaw02312 Beta-amyl
B13	811	29	72.5	7	2	AAW89376	Aaw89376 Beta-amyl
815	812	29	72.5	7	4	AAB48475	Aab48475 Antifibri
B16	813	29	72.5	7	4	AAB82624	Aab82624 All-D pep
816 29 72.5 7 5 ABC29554 Amyloid b 816 29 72.5 7 5 ABC39554 Amyloid b 817 29 72.5 7 5 ABC31007 Abc371007 Long form 817 29 72.5 7 5 ABC31007 Abc371007 Long form 818 29 72.5 7 5 ABC3101649 Aau1649 Peptide # 820 29 72.5 7 6 ADC3614 Aau36612 Amyloid t 820 29 72.5 7 6 ADC3614 Aau36612 Amyloid t 820 29 72.5 7 6 ADC3614 Aau36612 Amyloid t 820 29 72.5 7 6 ADC3614 Aau36612 Amyloid t 820 29 72.5 7 6 ADC3614 Aau36937 Aca9937 Aca9	814	29	72.5	7	5	AAE29519	Aae29519 Amyloid b
816				7	5		
11							_
819							
819 29 72.5 7 6 AAB11649 Aau11649 Peptide # 820 29 72.5 7 6 AAB35439 Aae35439 Abeta pep 821 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90937 Ada90938 Solid-pha 822 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90938 Ada90938 Solid-pha 823 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90155 Ada90154 Anti-Abet 825 29 72.5 8 2 AAW45967 Ada90154 Anti-Abet 825 29 72.5 8 2 AAW45967 Ada90374 Beta-amyl Ada90157 Ada90374 Beta-amyl Ada90159 Ada90190 Ada903974 Beta-amyl Ada90159 Ada90190 Ada903974 Beta-amyl Ada90190 Ada90190 Ada90190 Ada903974 Beta-amyl Ada90190 Ada							-
820 29 72.5 7 6 AAB35439 Aaa35439 Abcta pep 821 29 72.5 7 6 ADA9037 Ada90937 Solid-pha 823 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90155 Ada90938 Solid-pha 823 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90155 Ada90938 Solid-pha 823 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90155 Ada90938 Solid-pha 824 29 72.5 7 6 ADA90154 Ada90938 Solid-pha 825 29 72.5 8 2 ADA90316 Ada90155 Anti-Abct 826 29 72.5 8 2 ADA90310 Aaw02310 Beta-amyl 826 29 72.5 8 2 ADA90397 Ada99374 Beta-amyl 826 29 72.5 8 2 ADA99374 Ada99374 Ada99374 Beta-amyl 827 29 72.5 8 5 ADA809374 Ada99374 Ada99374 Beta-amyl 828 29 72.5 8 5 AB671005 Abg71005 Long form 830 29 72.5 8 5 AB671005 Abg71005 Long form 830 29 72.5 8 6 ABB82629 Abb62629 Abeta fib 831 29 72.5 9 6 ABB82629 Abb62629 Abeta fib 832 29 72.5 9 5 ADA911667 Ada1667 Peptide # 834 29 72.5 9 6 ABP57517 Abp57517 Different 834 29 72.5 9 6 ABP57517 Abp57517 Different 836 29 72.5 9 6 ABB84624 Ada66224 Human APP 837 29 72.5 10 6 ABP57511 Abp57517 Different 838 29 72.5 11 7 ABR84683 Abr84683 Agrecana 839 29 72.5 12 6 AB85464 Ada95464 Abeta pep 841 29 72.5 12 6 AAB35436 Ada55436 Abeta pep 841 29 72.5 12 6 AAB35436 Ada55436 Abeta pep 841 29 72.5 12 6 AAB35436 Ada55436 Abeta pep 842 29 72.5 11 7 ABR84683 Abr84683 Agrecana 839 29 72.5 12 6 ABB55464 Ada55464 Abeta pep 844 29 72.5 12 6 AAB35436 Ada55436 Abeta pep 844 29 72.5 12 6 AAB35436 Ada55436 Abeta pep 844 29 72.5 12 6 AAB35436 Ada55436 Abeta pep 844 29 72.5 12 7 ADD20744 Add20744 Human bet 844 29 72.5 12 7 ADD20745 Add20744 Human bet 848 29 72.5 12 7 ADD20745 Add20744 Human bet 849 29 72.5 12 7 ADD20745 Add20744 Human bet 849 29 72.5 12 7 ADD20745 Add20744 Human bet 849 29 72.5 14 4 AAB4625 Ada635468 Abeta pep 850 29 72.5 14 5 AAO18471 Aa018471 Human bet 851 29 72.5 14 5 AAO18472 Ada18474 Human bet 852 29 72.5 14 5 AAO18473 Ada18474 Human bet 853 29 72.5 14 4 AAB4635 Ada6449745 Listeria 857 29 72.5 14 4 AAB46364 Ada07478 Rat Kv2.1 858 29 72.5 14 4 AAB46364 AAB4730 Ada18476 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 14 4 AAB47308 Ada6464 Ada07478 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 14 4 AAB47308 Ada93348 Peptide #							_
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852 29 72.5 81 4 AAM96325 Aam96325 Human rep 853 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07708 Aau07708 Rat Kv2.1 854 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07537 Aau07537 Rat Kv2.1 855 29 72.5 99 6 ABU00922 Abu00922 S. pneumo 856 29 72.5 100 5 ABB49475 Abb49475 Listeria 857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Peptide #	850	29	72.5	42	5	AA018475	Aao18475 Human bet
853 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07708 Aau07708 Rat Kv2.1 854 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07537 Aau07537 Rat Kv2.1 855 29 72.5 99 6 ABU00922 Abu00922 S. pneumo 856 29 72.5 100 5 ABB49475 Abb49475 Listeria 857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #	851	29	72.5	74	2	AAW61005	Aaw61005 Streptoco
853 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07708 Aau07708 Rat Kv2.1 854 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07537 Aau07537 Rat Kv2.1 855 29 72.5 99 6 ABU00922 Abu00922 S. pneumo 856 29 72.5 100 5 ABB49475 Abb49475 Listeria 857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #	852	29	72.5	81	4	AAM96325	Aam96325 Human rep
854 29 72.5 90 4 AAU07537 Aau07537 Rat Kv2.1 855 29 72.5 99 6 ABU00922 Abu00922 S. pneumo 856 29 72.5 100 5 ABB49475 Abb49475 Listeria 857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #	853	29	72.5	90	4	AAU07708	
855 29 72.5 99 6 ABU00922 Abu00922 S. pneumo 856 29 72.5 100 5 ABB49475 Abb49475 Listeria 857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #			72.5		4	AAU07537	
856 29 72.5 100 5 ABB49475 Abb49475 Listeria 857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #							
857 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14876 Aam14876 Peptide # 858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #							-
858 29 72.5 143 4 AAM14879 Aam14879 Peptide # 859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #					_		
859 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33848 Abb33848 Peptide # 860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #							• —
860 29 72.5 143 4 ABB33845 Abb33845 Peptide # 861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #							
861 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27305 Aam27305 Peptide # 862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # 863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #							
862 29 72.5 143 4 AAM27308 Aam27308 Peptide # Abb28663 Peptide # Abb28663 Peptide #							
863 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28663 Abb28663 Peptide #							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-							
864 29 72.5 143 4 ABB28661 Abb28661 Peptide #					_		
	864	29	72.5	143	4	ABB28661	Abb28661 Peptide #

865	29	72.5	143	4	ABB19289	Ā	Abb19289	Protein #	
866	29	72.5	143	4	ABB19287	7	Abb19287	Protein #	
867	29	72.5	143	4	AAM67018	Į.	Aam67018	Human bon	
868	29	72.5	143	4	AAM67016	I	Aam67016	Human bon	
869	29	72.5	143	4	AAM54610	Į.	Aam54610	Human bra	
870	29	72.5	143	4	AAM54612			Human bra	
871	29	72.5	143	4	ABG48681			Human liv	
872	29	72.5	143	4	ABG48683		_	Human liv	
873	29	72.5	143	4	AAM02603		_	Peptide #	
								<u>−</u>	
874	29	72.5	143	4	AAM02601			Peptide #	
875	29	72.5	143	5	ABG36675		-	Human pep	
876	29	72.5	143	5	ABG36673		_	Human pep	
877	29	72.5	143	6	ABO14399			Novel hum	
878	29	72.5	152	4	AAG64058		_	DNA polym	
879	29	72.5	174	2	AAY37884		-	Amino aci	
880	29	72.5	189	4	AAM15389	I	Aam15389	Peptide #	
881	29	72.5	189	4	ABB34395			Peptide #	
882	29	72.5	189	4	AAM27877	I	Aam27877	Peptide #	
883	29	72.5	189	4	ABB29232	7	Abb29232	Peptide #	
884	29	72.5	189	4	ABB19806	I	Abb19806	Protein #	
885	29	72.5	189	4	AAM67580	Į.	Aam67580	Human bon	
886	29	72.5	189	4	AAM55185	Į.	Aam55185	Human bra	
887	29	72.5	189	4	ABG49226	I	Abg49226	Human liv	
888	29	72.5	189	4	AAM03151		-	Peptide #	
889	29	72.5	189	5	ABG37171			Human pep	
890	29	72.5	213	4	AAU27692		_	Human ful	
891	29	72.5	227	4	AAU27864			Human con	
892	29	72.5	295	5	ABP28084			Streptoco	
893	29	72.5	295	5	ABP29855		-	Streptoco	
894	29	72.5	300	5	ABB50045		_	Listeria	
		72.5	300	6	ABU32608			Protein e	
895	29							Lactococc	
896	29	72.5	314	5	ABB54787				
897	29	72.5	333	4	ABB58362			Drosophil	
898	29	72.5	352	3	AAY98007		_	Jojoba wa	
899	29	72.5	352	3	AAY95350		-	Jojoba wa	
900	29	72.5	428	5	ABB92762			Herbicida	
901	29	72.5	435	4	AAM39070			Human pol	
902	29	72.5	446	4	AAM17348			Peptide #	
903	29	72.5	446	4	ABB36357			Peptide #	
904	29	72.5	446	4	AAM29855			Peptide #	
905	29	72.5	446	4	ABB31162			Peptide #	
906	29	72.5	446	4	ABB21713	I	Abb21713	Protein #	
907	29	72.5	446	4	AAM69516	I	Aam69516	Human bon	
908	29	72.5	446	4	AAM57124	7	Aam57124	Human bra	
909	29	72.5	446	4	ABG51190	2	Abg51190	Human liv	
910	29	72.5	446	4	AAM05037		Aam05037	Peptide #	
911	29	72.5	446	5	ABG39141	· .	Abg39141	Human pep	
912	29	72.5	483	4	AAM40856	7	Aam40856	Human pol	
913	29	72.5	538	4	ABG21068	Į.	Abq21068	Novel hum	
914	29	72.5	539	7	ADC99164	1	Adc99164	Human DRK	
915	29	72.5	621	6	ABU49414			Protein e	
916	29	72.5	636	4	ABG07083			Novel hum	
917	29	72.5	733	4	ABG16918		_	Novel hum	
918	29	72.5	772	2	AAR70690		_	Mesquite	
919	29	72.5	853	7	ADE63538			Rat Prote	
				6	ABP58354			Human pot	
920	29	72.5	854					-	
921	29	72.5	858	2	AAY32015	I	mayszuls	Human cat	
•									

				_			- 45050	••
922	29	72.5	858	5	AAO17058			Human KCN
923	29	72.5	968	4	ABB63037			Drosophil
924	29	72.5	3080	2	AAR35081	Ĩ	Aar35081	ZYMV poly
925	28	70.0	10	5	ABB84047	7	Abb84047	Transglut
926	28	70.0	12	6	ABR91837	j	Abr91837	P. papata
927	28	70.0	20	6	ABR91876			P. papata
928	28	70.0	25	6	ABR91890			P. papata
929	28	70.0	28	5	AAO18467			Human bet
930	28	70.0	28	5	AAO18464			Human bet
931	28	70.0	28	5	AAO18458	Ī	Aao18458	Human bet
932	28	70.0	28	6	ABR91901	I	Abr91901	P. papata
933	28	70.0	33	6	ABR91912	I	Abr91912	P. papata
934	28	70.0	40	5	AAO18465	7	Aao18465	Human bet
935	28	70.0	40	5	AAO18459			Human bet
936	28	70.0	40	5	AAO18468			Human bet
	28	70.0	42	5				
937					AAO18466			Human bet
938	28	70.0	42	5	AAO18460			Human bet
939	28	70.0	42	5	AAO18469			Human bet
940	28	70.0	48	6	ABR91922	1	Abr91922	P. papata
941	28	70.0	109	3	AAG01607	I	Aag01607	Human sec
942	28	70.0	109	4	AAE10214	1	Aae10214	Human bon
943	28	70.0	123	5	ABP07844	7	Abp07844	Human ORF
944	28	70.0	130	7	ADC89370		_	Ribosomal
945	28	70.0	141	6	ABR41719			Human DIT
946	28	70.0	149	4	AAB48249			Rice magn
947	28	70.0	160	7	ADE72517			Human end
948	28	70.0	161	7	ADE72515			Human end
949	28	70.0	167	4	AAB60639	I	Aab60639	Moraxella
950	28	70.0	187	4	ABG04966	I	Abg04966	Novel hum
951	28	70.0	193	3	AAB36373	I	Aab36373	Rat CRP p
952	28	70.0	193	3	AAB36374	I	Aab36374	Human CRP
953	28	70.0	193	5	ABB57214			Mouse isc
954	28	70.0	198	4	ABG05887			Novel hum
955	28	70.0	234	4	ABG30024			Novel hum
956	28	70.0	234	4	ABG14913		_	
							-	Novel hum
957	28	70.0	244	6	ADA36607			Acinetoba
958	28	70.0	245	4	ABB10985			Human sec
959	28	70.0	254	4	ABG20511		_	Novel hum
960	28	70.0	258	7	ADC96646	I	Adc96646	E. faeciu
961	28	70.0	271	4	ABG02434	I	Abg02434	Novel hum
962	28	70.0	291	5	ABB48134	1	Abb48134	Listeria
963	28	70.0	302	5	ABB49874	I	Abb49874	Listeria
964	28	70.0	302	6	ABU32446			Protein e
965	28	70.0	307	4	ABB59154			Drosophil
966	28	70.0	383	4	AAB48250			-
								Rice magn
967	28	70.0	394	6	ABR91192			P. papata
968	28	70.0	397	4	ABG05858		-	Novel hum
969	28	70.0	417	7	ADD15317			Fruitfly
970	28	70.0	428	5	ABP40214	I	Abp40214	Staphyloc
971	28	70.0	439	3	AAB01210	I	Aab01210	Corn puta
972	28	70.0	443	6	ABU26644			Protein e
973	28	70.0	470	2	AAW03997			Glucosyl
974	28	70.0	470	2	AAW32794			Sphingomo
975	28	70.0	470	2	AAW67750			
								Sphingomo
976	28	70.0	470	3	AAY59629		_	Sphingomo
977	28	70.0	472	5	ABP53556		_	Human pho
978	28	70.0	493	6	ABU25335	I	Abu25335	Protein e

979	28	70.0	501	4	ABG19881	Abg19881 Novel hum
980	28	70.0	501	4	ABG14746	Abg14746 Novel hum
981	28	70.0	530	6	ABM72022	Abm72022 Staphyloc
982	28	70.0	540	5	ABB93468	Abb93468 Herbicida
983	28	70.0	551	6	ABU15238	Abu15238 Protein e
984	28	70.0	559	6	ABU48581	Abu48581 Protein e
985	28	70.0	7 50	4	AAB48252	Aab48252 Soybean m
986	28	70.0	754	4	AAB48272	Aab48272 P. sativu
987	28	70.0	755	4	AAB48248	Aab48248 Corn magn
988	28	70.0	758	2	AAW81771	Aaw81771 Tobacco C
989	28	70.0	760	5	ABB90912	Abb90912 Herbicida
990	28	70.0	760	7	ADB95024	Adb95024 A. thalia
991	28	70.0	766	4	ABG08655	Abg08655 Novel hum
992	28	70.0	766	4	ABG24240	Abg24240 Novel hum
993	28	70.0	766	4	ABG27531	Abg27531 Novel hum
994	28	70.0	791	4	ABG23551	Abg23551 Novel hum
995	28	70.0	1031	7	ADD24553	Add24553 DNA polym
996	28	70.0	1216	5	AAE22860	Aae22860 Human pho
997	28	70.0	1273	6	AA026248	Aao26248 MDDT rela
998	28	70.0	1419	5	ABU65081	Abu65081 Human NOV
999	28	70.0	1423	5	ABU65083	Abu65083 Human NOV
1000	28	70.0	1450	2	AAW30751	Aaw30751 Rat phosp

ALIGNMENTS

```
RESULT 1
AAW32551
     AAW32551 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAW32551;
XX
                   (first entry)
\mathsf{D}\mathbf{T}
     21-JAN-1998
XX
     Amyloidogenic sequence amyloid beta-peptide.
DE
XX
     Anti-amyloid peptide; iAbeta; abnormal protein folding inhibitor;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; dementia; Down's syndrome; amyloidosis disorder;
KW
     human prion disease; Kuru; Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease;
KW
     Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker Syndrome; animal prion disease;
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; scrapie;
KW
     spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
     chronic wasting disease; mule; deer; elk; human.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
os
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO9639834-A1.
XX
PD
     19-DEC-1996.
XX
PF
     06-JUN-1996;
                     96WO-US010220.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                     95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
                     96US-00630645.
PR
XX
```

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(UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
PΑ
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
     WPI; 1997-051637/05.
DR
XX
PT
     New inhibitors of fibrillogenesis proteins or peptides - used for
     preventing, treating or detecting amyloidosis disorders such as
PT
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Fig 1A; 63pp; English.
XX
CC
     A method has been developed for the prevention or treatment of a disorder
CC
     or disease associated with the formation of amyloid or amyloid-like
CC
     deposits, involving the abnormal folding of a protein or peptide. The
CC
     method involves administering an inhibitory peptide which prevents the
CC
     abnormal folding or which dissolves existing amyloid or amyloid-like
CC
     deposits, where the peptide comprises a sequence of 3-15 amino acid
CC
     residues and has a hydrophobic cluster of at least 3 amino acids, where
     at least one of the 3 amino acids is a beta-sheet blocking amino acid
CC
CC
     residue selected from Pro, Gly, Asn and His. The present sequence
CC
     represents an amyloidogenic sequence, amyloid beta- peptide, which is
CC
     involved in the formation of several amyloid deposits. The inhibitory
     peptide is capable of associating with a structural determinant on the
CC
CC
     protein or peptide to structurally block and inhibit the abnormal folding
CC
     into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits. The method can be used for
CC
     preventing, treating or detecting e.g. Alzheimer's dementia or disease,
CC
     Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis disorders, human prion diseases such
CC
     as Kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, Gerstmann- Straussler-Scheinker
CC
     Syndrome, prion associated human neurodegenerative diseases or animal
CC
     prion diseases such as scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible
CC
    mink encephalopathy and chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk
XX
SQ
     Sequence 8 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 8;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
                                                       Indels
  Matches
                Conservative
                                     Mismatches
                                                                     Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              1 KLVFFAED 8
Db
RESULT 2
AAE10663
    AAE10663 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
ID
XX
AC
    AAE10663;
XX
DT
                 (first entry)
     10-DEC-2001
XX
DE
    Human amyloid precursor protein substrate alpha-secretase peptide #2.
XX
KW
    Human; aspartyl protease 1; Aspl; amyloid precursor protein; APP;
    Alzheimer's disease; AD; dementia; neurofibrillary tangle; gliosis;
KW
     amyloid plaque; neuronal loss; proteolytic; nootropic; neuroprotective;
KW
```

```
KW
     alpha-secretase.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
FH
                     Location/Qualifiers
     Key
                     4. .5
FT
     Cleavage-site
XX
PN
     GB2357767-A.
XX
     04-JUL-2001.
PD
XX
PF
     22-SEP-2000; 2000GB-00023315.
XX
     23-SEP-1999;
PR
                    99US-00404133.
     23-SEP-1999;
PR
                    99US-0155493P.
     23-SEP-1999;
PR
                    99WO-US020881.
     13-OCT-1999;
PR
                    99US-00416901.
PR
     06-DEC-1999;
                    99US-0169232P.
XX
PA
     (PHAA ) PHARMACIA & UPJOHN CO.
XX
PI
     Bienkowkski MJ, Gurney M;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-444208/48.
XX
     Polypeptide comprising fragments of human aspartyl protease with amyloid
PT
     precursor protein processing activity and alpha-secretase activity, for
PT
PT
     identifying modulators useful in treating Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 10; Page 163; 187pp; English.
XX
     The patent discloses human aspartyl protease 1 (hu-Asp1) or modified Asp1
CC
     proteins which lack transmembrane domain or amino terminal domain or
CC
     cytoplasmic domain and retains alpha-secretase activity and amyloid
CC
CC
     protein precursor (APP) processing activity. The proteins of the
     invention are useful for assaying hu-Asp1 alpha-secretase activity, which
CC
     in turn is useful for identifying modulators of hu-Asp1 alpha-secretase
CC
     activity, where modulators that increase hu-Asp1 alpha-secretase activity
CC
     are useful for treating Alzheimer's disease (AD) which causes progressive
CC
     dementia with consequent formation of amyloid plaques, neurofibrillary
CC
     tangles, gliosis and neuronal loss. Hu-Aspl protease substrate is useful
CC
     for assaying hu-Aspl proteolytic activity, by contacting hu-Aspl protein
CC
     with the substrate under acidic conditions and determining the level of
CC
     hu-Aspl proteolytic activity. The present sequence is human amyloid
CC
     precursor protein (APP) substrate alpha-secretase peptide which is used
CC
     for determining the enzymatic activity of Asp-1 protein lacking
CC
     transmembrane domain (TM) and containing a (His)6 tag
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 8 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 4; Length 8;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                       Indels
                                                    0;
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
```

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RESULT 3
AAE02615
     AAE02615 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAE02615;
XX
                  (first entry)
DT
     10-AUG-2001
XX
     Human amyloid precursor protein substrate alpha-secretase peptide #2.
DE
XX
     Human; alpha-secretase; amyloid precursor protein; APP; therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; antialzheimer's; aspartyl protease 1; Asp1;
KW
KW
     beta-secretase.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
FH
     Key
                     Location/Qualifiers
     Cleavage-site
FT
                      4. .5
XX
PN
     WO200123533-A2.
XX
PD
     05-APR-2001.
XX
PF
     22-SEP-2000; 2000WO-US026080.
XX
PR
     23-SEP-1999;
                     99US-0155493P.
PR
     23-SEP-1999;
                     99WO-US020881.
                    99US-00416901.
PR
     13-OCT-1999;
PR
     06-DEC-1999;
                     99US-0169232P.
XX
     (PHAA ) PHARMACIA & UPJOHN CO.
PA
XX
PI
     Gurney M, Bienkowski MJ;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-290516/30.
XX
PT
     Enzymes that cleave the alpha-secretase site of the amyloid precursor
PT
     protein, useful for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease.
XX
     Claim 10; Page 98; 189pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     The present invention relates to enzymes for cleaving the alpha-
     secretase site of the amyloid precursor protein (APP) and methods of
CC
     identifying those enzymes. The methods may be used to identify enzymes
CC
     that may be used to cleave the alpha-secretase cleavage site of the APP
CC
CC
     protein. The enzymes may be used to treat or modulate the progress of
     Alzheimer's disease. The present sequence is human amyloid precursor
CC
CC
     protein (APP) substrate alpha-secretase peptide which is used for
CC
     determining the enzymatic activity of Asp-1 deltaTM (His)6 protein
XX
SQ
     Sequence 8 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 4; Length 8;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                        Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
```

```
1 KLVFFAED 8
Db
RESULT 4
ABB78624
     ABB78624 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
ID
XX
     ABB78624;
AC
XX
     16-JUL-2002
                  (first entry)
DT
XX
     Human alpha secretase (Abeta12-28) peptide SEQ ID NO:73.
DE
XX
     Human; Asp-1; Asp-2; aspartyl protease; Alzheimer's disease; proteolytic.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
     GB2367060-A.
PN
XX
PD
     27-MAR-2002.
XX
PF
     29-OCT-2001; 2001GB-00025934.
XX
PR
     23-SEP-1999;
                    99US-00404133.
PR
     23-SEP-1999;
                    99US-0155493P.
     23-SEP-1999;
PR
                    99WO-US020881.
PŔ
     13-OCT-1999;
                    99US-00416901.
     06-DEC-1999;
PR
                    99US-0169232P.
     22-SEP-2000; 2000GB-00023315.
PR
XX
     (PHAA ) PHARMACIA & UPJOHN CO.
PΑ
XX
     Bienkowkski MJ, Gurney M;
PI
XX
DR
     WPI; 2002-397167/43.
XX
PT
     Human aspartyl protease 1 substrates useful in assays to detect aspartyl
PT
     protease activity, e.g. for the diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Example 15; Page 92; 182pp; English.
XX
     The present invention describes a human aspartyl protease 1 (hu-Asp1)
CC
     substrate (I) which comprises a peptide of no more than 50 amino acids,
CC
CC
     and which comprises the 8 amino acid sequence Gly-Leu-Ala-Leu-Ala-Leu-
CC
     Glu-Pro. Also described are: (1) a method (II) for assaying hu-Aspl
     proteolytic activity, comprising: (a) contacting a hu-Asp1 protein with
CC
CC
     (I) under acidic conditions; and (b) determining the level of hu-Aspl
CC
     proteolytic activity; (2) a purified polynucleotide (III) comprising a
CC
     nucleotide sequence that hybridises under stringent conditions to the non-
CC
     -coding strand complementary to a defined 1804 nucleotide sequence (see
CC
     ABL52456) where the nucleotide sequence encodes a polypeptide having Aspl
     proteolytic activity and lacks nucleotides encoding a transmembrane
CC
CC
     domain); (3) a purified polynucleotide (III') comprising a sequence that
CC
     hybridises under stringent conditions to (III) (the nucleotide sequence
```

Qу

1 KLVFFAED 8

```
CC
     encodes a polypeptide further lacking a pro-peptide domain corresponding
CC
     to amino acids 23-62 of hu-Asp1 (see ABB78589)); (4) a vector (IV)
CC
     comprising (III) or (III'); and (5) a host cell (V) transformed or
     transfected with (III), (III') and/or (IV). The hu-Aspl protease
CC
CC
     substrate (I) may be used as an enzyme substrate in assays to detect
     aspartyl protease activity, (II) and therefore diagnose diseases
CC
CC
     associated with aberrant hu-Asp1 expression and activity such as
CC
     Alzheimer's disease. Hu-Aspl has been localised to chromosome 21, while
     hu-Asp2 has been localised to chromosome 11q23.3-24.1. The present
CC
CC
     sequence represents a human alpha secretase peptide, which is used in an
     example from the present invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 8 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 5; Length 8;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                        Indels
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 5
ABU09765
     ABU09765 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
ΙD
XX
AC
     ABU09765;
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
     Amyloidogenic Amyloid beta-peptide #1.
DE
XX
KW
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
ΚW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
KW
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
     chronic wasting disease.
KW
XX
OS
    Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
    US6462171-B1.
XX
PD
     08-OCT-2002.
XX
PF
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PΙ
     Soto-Jara C,
                   Baumann MH,
                                Frangione B;
XX
DR
    WPI; 2003-379012/36.
```

```
XX
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
PT
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Example 1; Fig 1A; 51pp; English.
XX
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
CC
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
CC
CC
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
CC
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
CC
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
CC
     human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
CC
     scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
CC
     chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
CC
     detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
CC
     like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
CC
     of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
CC
     deposits
XX
SQ
     Sequence 8 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 8;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
                                   Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                     Gaps
                                                   0;
                                                       Indels
                                                                  0;
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              1 KLVFFAED 8
Db
RESULT 6
ABR61959
ID
     ABR61959 standard; protein; 8 AA.
XX
AC
     ABR61959;
XX
DT
     12-SEP-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
     Human amyloid precursor protein (APP) fragment.
DE
XX
     Memapsin 1; nootropic; neuroprotective; memapsin 2; beta secretase;
KW
     beta-amyloid protein; Alzheimer's disease; amyloid precursor protein;
KW
     APP; human.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO2003039454-A2.
XX
     15-MAY-2003.
PD
```

```
XX
PF
     23-OCT-2002; 2002WO-US034324.
XX
     23-OCT-2001; 2001US-0335952P.
PR
     27-NOV-2001; 2001US-0333545P.
PR
     14-JAN-2002; 2002US-0348464P.
PR
     14-JAN-2002; 2002US-0348615P.
PR
     20-JUN-2002; 2002US-0390804P.
PR
     19-JUL-2002; 2002US-0397557P.
PR
     19-JUL-2002; 2002US-0397619P.
PR
XX
     (OKLA-) OKLAHOMA MEDICAL RES FOUND.
PA
     (UNII ) UNIV ILLINOIS FOUND.
PA
XX
     Ghosh AK, Tang J, Bilcer G, Chang W, Hong L, Koelsch G, Loy J;
PI
PI
     Turner RT;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-541410/51.
XX
PT
     New peptide compounds are memapsin beta secretase inhibitors used for
     treating Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
PS
     Example 2; Page 156; 407pp; English.
XX
     The invention relates to peptide compounds of specified formula. The
CC
CC
     compounds exhibit memapsin 2-beta secretase inhibitory activity relative
CC
     to memapsin 1-beta secretase and reduce the accumulation of beta-amyloid
     protein. The compounds can be used for treating Alzheimer's disease. The
CC
     present sequence represents a human amyloid precursor protein (APP)
CC
     fragment where hydolysis by memapsin takes place
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 8 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 8;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0;
                                                        Indels
                                                                              0;
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 7
ABW00134
     ABW00134 standard; peptide; 8 AA.
ID
XX
     ABW00134;
AC
XX
DT
     15-JAN-2004
                  (first entry)
XX
     Beta-amyloid peptide.
DE
XX
KW
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
     Alzheimer's disease; beta-amyloid.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
```

```
US2003087407-A1.
PN
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
PF
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
     12-DEC-1996;
PR
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
DR
XX
PT
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
PT
PT
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Example 1; Fig 1A; 52pp; English.
XX
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
CC
CC
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
CC
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
CC
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
CC
CC
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is beta-amyloid peptide. This peptide is
CC
     involved in the formation of several amyloid deposits
XX
     Sequence 8 AA;
SQ
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 8;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              1 KLVFFAED 8
Db
RESULT 8
ABU79063
ID
     ABU79063 standard; peptide; 9 AA.
XX
AC
     ABU79063;
XX
                  (first entry)
DT
     17-JUN-2003
XX
     Aggregation blocking peptide #15.
DE
XX
KW
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
```

```
pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
KW
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
KW
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US6462171-B1.
XX
     08-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
     12-DEC-1996;
PF
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PΙ
                   Baumann MH,
     Soto-Jara C,
                                Frangione B;
XX
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
DR
XX
PT
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
PT
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
PT
    Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
    Disclosure; Col 51-52; 51pp; English.
XX
    The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
CC
CC
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
    proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
CC
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
    diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
CC
    -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
    deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
    disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
CC
CC
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
    human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
CC
    scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
CC
    chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
CC
CC
    detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
    like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
CC
CC
    of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
CC
    deposits
XX
SQ
     Sequence 9 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 9;
 Query Match
 Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;
                                 0; Mismatches
 Matches
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
```

Qу

||||||| 2 KLVFFAED 9

Best Local Similarity

Db

```
RESULT 9
ABW00197
ID
     ABW00197 standard; peptide; 9 AA.
XX
AC
     ABW00197;
XX
DT
     15-JAN-2004
                 (first entry)
XX
     Peptide #15 used in the invention.
DE
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
     US2003087407-A1.
PN
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
PF
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
XX
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
PR
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
PI
XX
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
DR
XX
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
PT
PT
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 28; 52pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
CC
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
CC
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
CC
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
CC
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
CC
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
     therapy. The present sequence is a peptide used in the invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 9 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 9;
```

100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+06;

```
Matches
             8;
                 Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
                                 0; Mismatches
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              2 KLVFFAED 9
Db
RESULT 10
AAY79938
     AAY79938 standard; peptide; 10 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAY79938;
XX
     11-MAY-2000
                  (first entry)
DT
XX
     Beta-amyloid recognition peptide SEQ ID NO:3.
DE
XX
     Beta-amyloid; inhibitor; recognition element; hybrid; aggregation;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; neuroprotective; nootropic.
KW
XX
     Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
     US6022859-A.
PN
XX
     08-FEB-2000.
PD
XX
                    97US-00970833.
PF
     14-NOV-1997;
XX
     15-NOV-1996;
                    96US-0030840P.
PR
XX
PA
     (WISC ) WISCONSIN ALUMNI RES FOUND.
XX
PI
     Murphy RM,
                Kiessling LL;
XX
     WPI; 2000-160387/14.
DR
XX
PT
     Beta-amyloid inhibitor useful for treating Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Example; Col 7; 15pp; English.
XX
     The present invention describes a beta-amyloid inhibitor peptide. Beta-
CC
CC
     amyloid inhibitors have neuroprotective and nootropic properties. The
     inhibitor peptides are useful for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease.
CC
CC
     The present sequence represents a beta-amyloid recognition peptide used
CC
     in the exemplification of present invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 10 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 3; Length 10;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.04;
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
  Matches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
```

```
RESULT 11
AAB46226
     AAB46226 standard; peptide; 10 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB46226;
XX
DT
     04-APR-2001
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Human APP derived immunogenic peptide #22.
XX
KW
     Amyloid deposit; APP; Abeta; brain; human; clearing response; nootropic;
     Fc receptor mediated phagocytosis; immunogenic response; neuroprotective;
KW
     amyloid precursor protein; Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO200072880-A2.
XX
PD
     07-DEC-2000.
XX
PF
     26-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014810.
XX
PR
     28-MAY-1999;
                    99US-00322289.
XX
PA
     (NEUR-) NEURALAB LTD.
XX
PI
     Schenk DB, Bard F, Vasquez NJ,
                                       Yednock T;
XX
     WPI; 2001-032104/04.
DR
XX
     Preventing or treating a disease associated with amyloid deposits,
PT
PT
     especially Alzheimer's disease, comprises administering amyloid specific
PT
     antibody.
XX
     Disclosure; Fig 19; 143pp; English.
PS
XX
     This invention describes a novel method of preventing or treating a
CC
     disease associated with amyloid deposits of amyloid precursor protein
CC
     (APP) Abeta fragments in the brain of a patient, which comprises
CC
     administering to the patient: (a) an antibody that binds to Abeta, the
CC
     antibody binds to an amyloid deposit and induces a clearing response (Fc
CC
     receptor mediated phagocytosis) against it (b) a polypeptide containing
CC
CC
     an N-terminal segment of at least residues 1-5 of Abeta; or (c) an agent
CC
     that induces an immunogenic response against residues 1-3 to 7-11 of
     Abeta. The products of the invention have nootropic and neuroprotective
CC
CC
     activity. The method is also useful for monitoring a course of treatment
     being administered to a patient e.g. active and passive immunization. The
CC
CC
     methods are useful for prophylactic and therapeutic treatment of
CC
     Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ
     Sequence 10 AA;
  Query Match
                                   Score 40; DB 4; Length 10;
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.04;
                                 0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
```

```
RESULT 12
AAB46228
ID
     AAB46228 standard; peptide; 10 AA.
XX
AC
     AAB46228;
XX
     04-APR-2001 (first entry)
DT
XX
DE
     Human APP derived immunogenic peptide #24.
XX
     Amyloid deposit; APP; Abeta; brain; human; clearing response; nootropic;
KW
     Fc receptor mediated phagocytosis; immunogenic response; neuroprotective;
KW
     amyloid precursor protein; Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO200072880-A2.
XX
PD
     07-DEC-2000.
XX
PF
     26-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014810.
XX
PR
     28-MAY-1999;
                    99US-00322289.
XX
PΑ
     (NEUR-) NEURALAB LTD.
XX
PΙ
     Schenk DB, Bard F, Vasquez NJ, Yednock T;
XX
     WPI; 2001-032104/04.
DR
XX
PT
     Preventing or treating a disease associated with amyloid deposits,
     especially Alzheimer's disease, comprises administering amyloid specific
PT
PT
     antibody.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Fig 19; 143pp; English.
XX
CC
     This invention describes a novel method of preventing or treating a
     disease associated with amyloid deposits of amyloid precursor protein
CC
     (APP) Abeta fragments in the brain of a patient, which comprises
CC
CC
     administering to the patient: (a) an antibody that binds to Abeta, the
     antibody binds to an amyloid deposit and induces a clearing response (Fc
CC
     receptor mediated phagocytosis) against it (b) a polypeptide containing
CC
     an N-terminal segment of at least residues 1-5 of Abeta; or (c) an agent
CC
CC
     that induces an immunogenic response against residues 1-3 to 7-11 of
     Abeta. The products of the invention have nootropic and neuroprotective
CC
     activity. The method is also useful for monitoring a course of treatment
CC
CC
     being administered to a patient e.g. active and passive immunization. The
CC
     methods are useful for prophylactic and therapeutic treatment of
CC
     Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ
     Sequence 10 AA;
```

```
100.0%; Pred. No. 0.04;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                              0;
                                                    0;
                                                        Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
QУ
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 13
AAB46227
     AAB46227 standard; peptide; 10 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB46227;
XX
     04-APR-2001 (first entry)
DT
XX
     Human APP derived immunogenic peptide #23.
DE
XX
KW
     Amyloid deposit; APP; Abeta; brain; human; clearing response; nootropic;
     Fc receptor mediated phagocytosis; immunogenic response; neuroprotective;
KW
KW
     amyloid precursor protein; Alzheimer's disease.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO200072880-A2.
XX
PD
     07-DEC-2000.
XX
PF
     26-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014810.
XX
PR
     28-MAY-1999;
                    99US-00322289.
XX
PA
     (NEUR-) NEURALAB LTD.
XX
PI
     Schenk DB, Bard F, Vasquez NJ, Yednock T;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-032104/04.
XX
PT
     Preventing or treating a disease associated with amyloid deposits,
PT
     especially Alzheimer's disease, comprises administering amyloid specific
PT
     antibody.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Fig 19; 143pp; English.
XX
     This invention describes a novel method of preventing or treating a
CC
     disease associated with amyloid deposits of amyloid precursor protein
CC
     (APP) Abeta fragments in the brain of a patient, which comprises
CC
     administering to the patient: (a) an antibody that binds to Abeta, the
CC
     antibody binds to an amyloid deposit and induces a clearing response (Fc
CC
     receptor mediated phagocytosis) against it (b) a polypeptide containing
CC
CC
     an N-terminal segment of at least residues 1-5 of Abeta; or (c) an agent
CC
     that induces an immunogenic response against residues 1-3 to 7-11 of
     Abeta. The products of the invention have nootropic and neuroprotective
CC
CC
     activity. The method is also useful for monitoring a course of treatment
CC
     being administered to a patient e.g. active and passive immunization. The
     methods are useful for prophylactic and therapeutic treatment of
CC
CC
     Alzheimer's disease
```

```
XX
     Sequence 10 AA;
SQ
                                    Score 40; DB 4; Length 10;
  Query Match
                           100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                           100.0%;
                                    Pred. No. 0.04;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                   0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              2 KLVFFAED 9
Db
RESULT 14
AAW32560
     AAW32560 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
ID
XX
     AAW32560;
AC
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     21-JAN-1998
XX
     Anti-amyloid peptide Abeta inhibiting abnormal protein folding.
DE
XX
     Anti-amyloid peptide; iAbeta; abnormal protein folding inhibitor;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; dementia; Down's syndrome; amyloidosis disorder;
KW
KW
     human prion disease; Kuru; Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease;
     Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker Syndrome; animal prion disease;
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; scrapie;
KW
     spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
     chronic wasting disease; mule; deer; elk; human.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO9639834-A1.
XX
PD
     19-DEC-1996.
XX
     06-JUN-1996;
PF
                    96WO-US010220.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
XX
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
PA
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1997-051637/05.
XX
PΤ
     New inhibitors of fibrillogenesis proteins or peptides - used for
     preventing, treating or detecting amyloidosis disorders such as
PT
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Example 1; Fig 9; 63pp; English.
XX
CC
     A method has been developed for the prevention or treatment of a disorder
CC
     or disease associated with the formation of amyloid or amyloid-like
     deposits, involving the abnormal folding of a protein or peptide. The
CC
```

```
method involves administering an inhibitory peptide which prevents the
CC
CC
     abnormal folding or which dissolves existing amyloid or amyloid-like
     deposits, where the peptide comprises a sequence of 3-15 amino acid
CC
CC
     residues and has a hydrophobic cluster of at least 3 amino acids, where
     at least one of the 3 amino acids is a beta-sheet blocking amino acid
CC
     residue selected from Pro, Gly, Asn and His. The present sequence
CC
CC
     represents an anti-amyloid peptide, Abeta, which inhibits abnormal
CC
     protein folding. The inhibitory peptide is capable of associating with a
CC
     structural determinant on the protein or peptide to structurally block
     and inhibit the abnormal folding into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits.
CC
CC
     The method can be used for preventing, treating or detecting e.g.
     Alzheimer's dementia or disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases such as Kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease,
CC
     Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker Syndrome, prion associated human
CC
     neurodegenerative diseases or animal prion diseases such as scrapie,
     spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and chronic
CC
     wasting disease of mule deer and elk
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 11 AA;
  Query Match
                                   Score 40; DB 2; Length 11;
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            2 KLVFFAED 9
RESULT 15
AAM52586
     AAM52586 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAM52586;
XX
     07-FEB-2002 (first entry)
DT
XX
     Peptide #16 for illustrating method of anticipating protein interaction.
DE
XX
KW
     Protein interaction; biochemistry; molecular biology; drug development;
KW
     agrochemical; bioengineering.
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
ΡN
     WO200167299-A1.
XX
     13-SEP-2001.
PD
XX
     09-MAR-2001; 2001WO-JP001846.
PF
XX
PR
     10-MAR-2000; 2000JP-00072485.
XX
PA
     (DAUC ) DAIICHI PHARM CO LTD.
PΑ
     (FUIT ) FUJITSU LTD.
XX
PΙ
             Suzuki A;
     Doi H,
XX
```

```
DR
     WPI; 2001-570799/64.
XX
PT
     Method for assaying a specific protein for assaying anticipated
     information.
PT
XX
     Example 14; Page 34; 64pp; Japanese.
PS
XX
     The present invention relates to a method for anticipating interaction
CC
     between proteins. The method comprises (1) digesting protein A into
CC
CC
     oligopeptides; (2) searching a protein sequence database for polypeptides
     (polypeptide C) containing these oligopeptide sequences or D their
CC
CC
     homologues; (3) performing a local alignment of A and detected C or D;
     and (4) using a value calculated from the amino acid or oligonucleotide
CC
     frequencies, anticipating that C or D is polypeptide B that interacts
CC
CC
     with A. The method is useful for assaying anticipated information about
CC
     proteins in biochemical, molecular biology, drug development,
CC
     agrochemical and bioengineering areas. The present sequence was used to
CC
     illustrate the method
XX
SQ
     Sequence 11 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 4; Length 11;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
                                   Pred. No. 0.044;
                                 0; Mismatches
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 16
AAU99431
     AAU99431 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAU99431;
XX
     07-OCT-2002
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Human amyloid beta-peptide (1ba6) helical segment.
XX
KW
     I-helical conformation; discordant helix; amyloid beta-peptide; I-helix;
     theta-strand structure; amyloidogenic disorder; Abeta; amyloidosis;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; prion disease; scrapie; BSE;
KW
     bovine spongiform encephalopathy; Creutzfeld-Jacob disease; CJD;
KW
     fibrillation; aggregation; nootropic; neuroprotective; PDB;
KW
     protein databank code; 1ba6; human.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO200241002-A2.
XX
PD
     23-MAY-2002.
XX
PF
     20-NOV-2001; 2001WO-GB005117.
XX
PR
     20-NOV-2000; 2000US-0253695P.
     06-DEC-2000; 2000US-0251662P.
PR
```

```
XX
PΑ
      (ALPH-) ALPHABETA AB.
      (WHIT/) WHITE M P.
PA
XX
     White MP, Johansson J;
PΙ
XX
DR
     WPI; 2002-519389/55.
XX
     Identifying compounds that stabilize I-helix of discordant helix in
PT
     polypeptide, by measuring amount of I-helix in sample containing
PT
     discordant helix-containing polypeptide in presence and absence of
PT
     compound.
PT
XX
PS
     Example 1; Fig 2A; 55pp; English.
XX
CC
     The present invention relates to a method of identifying a compound that
     stabilises an I-helical conformation of a discordant helix in a
CC
     polypeptide, particularly amyloid beta-peptide (Abeta). The method
CC
     comprises providing a test sample comprising a polypeptide that contains
CC
     a discordant helix in the form of an I-helix, contacting the test sample
CC
     with a test compound and determining the rate of decrease in the amount
CC
     of I-helix or the amount of I-helix present in the test sample. The
CC
CC
     method is useful for identifying a compound that stabilises an I-helical
     conformation of a discordant helix in a polypeptide. Such compounds are
CC
CC
     useful for decreasing the rate of formation of theta-strand structures
     between at least two discordant helix-containing polypeptides, and for
CC
CC
     treating amyloidogenic disorders such as amyloidosis in Alzheimer's
     disease, and prion diseases (e.g. scrapie, bovine spongiform
CC
     encephalopathy (BSE), Creutzfeld-Jacob disease (CJD)). AAU99426-AAU99446
CC
     represent >9-residue discordant helical segments from various proteins
CC
XX
     Sequence 11 AA;
SQ
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 5; Length 11;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                              0;
                                                                  0; Gaps
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            2 KLVFFAED 9
RESULT 17
AAE29504
ID
     AAE29504 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
XX
     AAE29504;
AC
XX
DT
     27-JAN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
\mathsf{DE}
     Amyloid beta-protein related peptide #1.
XX
     Metallopeptide; nootropic; amyloid beta-protein; Alzheimer's disease; AD;
KW
     Prion's disease; oxytocin; angiotensin; vasopressin; neuroprotective;
KW
     therapy; amyloid beta-protein related peptide.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
```

```
XX
PN
     W0200264734-A2.
XX
PD
     22-AUG-2002.
XX
PF
     19-DEC-2001; 2001WO-US050075.
XX
PR
     19-DEC-2000; 2000US-0256842P.
     11-JUL-2001; 2001US-0304835P.
PR
     04-OCT-2001; 2001US-0327835P.
PR
XX
PA
     (PALA-) PALATIN TECHNOLOGIES INC.
XX
ΡI
     Sharma SD, Shi Y;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2002-740699/80.
XX
PT
     Determining secondary structure binding to desired targets within parent
PT
     polypeptides that bind to targets, by constructing and complexing
PT
     peptides to metal ions to form metallopeptides and screening the
     metallopeptides.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 194; Page 98; 165pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a method for identification and determination of
     target-specific folding sites in peptides and proteins. The invention
CC
CC
     also relates to a method for determining a secondary structure binding to
     desired targets within parent polypeptides that bind to targets, by
CC
     constructing and complexing peptides to metal ions to form
CC
CC
     metallopeptides and screening the metallopeptides. The method is useful
     for determining secondary structure binding to desired target within
CC
     parent polypeptide with primary structure that binds to the target, where
CC
     the target of interest is a receptor, antibody, toxin, enzyme, hormone,
CC
CC
     nucleic acid, intracellular protein domain of biological relevance or
CC
     extracellular protein domain of biological relevance. A library of
     amyloid beta-protein related peptides is useful for the treatment of
CC
     Alzheimer's disease (AD). A library of peptides targetting vasopressin,
CC
     oxytocin or angiotensin receptor is useful for treating Prion's disease.
CC
CC
     The present sequence is an amyloid beta-protein related peptide
XX
SQ
     Sequence 11 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 5; Length 11;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              3 KLVFFAED 10
Db
RESULT 18
ABU79013
ID
     ABU79013 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
XX
AC
     ABU79013;
XX
```

```
17-JUN-2003
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
     Amyloidogenic Amyloid A peptide #3.
DE
XX
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
KW
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
KW
XX
     Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
ΡN
     US6462171-B1.
XX
     08-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
PF
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                     95US-00478326.
     10~APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
                                Frangione B;
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH,
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
XX
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
PT
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Fig 9; 51pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
CC
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
CC
CC
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
CC
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
CC
     human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
CC
     scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
CC
CC
     chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
     detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
CC
CC
     like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
     of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
CC
CC
     deposits
XX
```

SQ

Sequence 11 AA;

```
100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 11;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
                                 0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                    0;
                                                        Indels
                                                                               0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
               2 KLVFFAED 9
Db
RESULT 19
ABW00147
ID
     ABW00147 standard; peptide; 11 AA.
XX
     ABW00147;
AC
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     15-JAN-2004
XX
DE
     Amyloid-beta (Abeta) peptide.
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; amyloid-beta; Abeta.
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
     US2003087407-A1.
PN
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
PF
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
PR
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH,
                                Frangione B;
XX
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
DR
XX
PT
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
PT
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Fig 9; 52pp; English.
XX
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
CC
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
CC
CC
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
CC
CC
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
CC
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is amyloid-beta (Abeta) peptide. This
CC
```

```
peptide is used in the invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 11 AA;
  Query Match
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 11;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.044;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                    0;
                                                        Indels
                                                                   0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              2 KLVFFAED 9
Db
RESULT 20
AAE35466
ID
     AAE35466 standard; peptide; 12 AA.
XX
     AAE35466;
AC
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
\mathsf{DE}
     Abeta peptide #37.
XX
     All-D-amyloid-beta peptide; Alzheimer's disease; rheumatoid arthritis;
KW
     cerebral amyloid angiopathy; amyloid disease; ankylosing spondylitis;
KW
     psoriasis; Reiter's syndrome; Adult Still's disease; Bechet's syndrome;
KW
     Crohn's disease; infection; leprosy; tuberculosis; carcinoma; nootropic;
KW
     chronic pyelonephritis; osteomyelitis; Whipple's disease; vasotropic;
KW
     Hodgkin's lymphoma; neuroprotective; bronchiectasis; ophthalmological;
KW
     ulcer; antiinflammatory; cytostatic; uropathic; therapy.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
FH
                     Location/Qualifiers
     Key
     Misc-difference 1. .12
FT
FT
                     /note= "D-form residues"
XX
PN
     WO200296937-A2.
XX
PD
     05-DEC-2002.
XX
ΡF
     29-MAY-2002; 2002WO-CA000763.
XX
PR
     29-MAY-2001; 2001US-00867847.
XX
PA
     (NEUR-) NEUROCHEM INC.
XX
ΡI
     Gervais F, Hebert L, Chalifour RJ, Kong X;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-201269/19.
XX
     Prevention and/or treatment of an amyloid-related disease e.g.
PT
     Alzheimer's disease, comprises use of all-D-amyloid-beta peptides.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 61; 44pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a method for prevention and/or treatment of an
```

```
CC
     amyloid-related disease which comprises administration of an all-D -
     amyloid-beta peptide. The method is used for preventing and/or treating
CC
     Alzheimer's and other amyloid related disease e.g. cerebral amyloid
CC
     angiopathy; for altering serum levels of amyloid-beta in a mammal and
CC
     favours the clearance of soluble amyloid-beta or fibril amyloid-beta from
CC
     the mammal; and reducing or inhibiting the formation of plaques. It is
CC
CC
     also used for treating AA (reactive) amyloid diseases including
CC
     inflammatory diseases e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, juvenile chronic
     arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis, psoriatic arthropathy,
CC
     Reiter's syndrome, Adult Still's disease, Bechet's syndrome and Crohn's
CC
CC
     disease. AA deposits are also produced as a result of chronic microbial
     infections (preferably leprosy, tuberculosis, bronchiectasis, decubitus
CC
CC
     ulcers, chronic pyelonephritis, osteomyelitis and Whipple's disease).
CC
     Certain malignant neoplasms can also result in AA fibril amyloid deposits
     including Hodgkin's lymphoma, renal carcinoma, carcinomas of gut, lung
CC
     and urogenital tract, basal cell carcinoma and hairy cell leukaemia. The
CC
CC
     present sequence is an Abeta peptide used to illustrate the method of the
CC
     invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 12 AA;
                                   Score 40; DB 6; Length 12;
  Query Match
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.049;
                                 0; Mismatches
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            4 KLVFFAED 11
RESULT 21
AAE35465
ID
     AAE35465 standard; peptide; 13 AA.
XX
AC
     AAE35465;
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Abeta peptide #36.
XX
KW
     All-D-amyloid-beta peptide; Alzheimer's disease; rheumatoid arthritis;
     cerebral amyloid angiopathy; amyloid disease; ankylosing spondylitis;
KW
     psoriasis; Reiter's syndrome; Adult Still's disease; Bechet's syndrome;
KW
     Crohn's disease; infection; leprosy; tuberculosis; carcinoma; nootropic;
KW
     chronic pyelonephritis; osteomyelitis; Whipple's disease; vasotropic;
KW
     Hodgkin's lymphoma; neuroprotective; bronchiectasis; ophthalmological;
KW
     ulcer; antiinflammatory; cytostatic; uropathic; therapy.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
FH
     Key
                     Location/Qualifiers
FT
     Misc-difference 1. .6
FT
                     /note= "D-form residues"
XX
PN
     WO200296937-A2.
XX
PD
     05-DEC-2002.
```

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XX
PF
     29-MAY-2002; 2002WO-CA000763.
XX
     29-MAY-2001; 2001US-00867847.
PR
XX
PA
     (NEUR-) NEUROCHEM INC.
XX
PI
     Gervais F, Hebert L, Chalifour RJ, Kong X;
XX
     WPI; 2003-201269/19.
DR
XX
PT
     Prevention and/or treatment of an amyloid-related disease e.g.
PT
     Alzheimer's disease, comprises use of all-D-amyloid-beta peptides.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 61; 44pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a method for prevention and/or treatment of an
     amyloid-related disease which comprises administration of an all-D -
CC
CC
     amyloid-beta peptide. The method is used for preventing and/or treating
     Alzheimer's and other amyloid related disease e.g. cerebral amyloid
CC
     angiopathy; for altering serum levels of amyloid-beta in a mammal and
CC
CC
     favours the clearance of soluble amyloid-beta or fibril amyloid-beta from
     the mammal; and reducing or inhibiting the formation of plaques. It is
CC
CC
     also used for treating AA (reactive) amyloid diseases including
CC
     inflammatory diseases e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, juvenile chronic
CC
     arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis, psoriatic arthropathy,
CC
     Reiter's syndrome, Adult Still's disease, Bechet's syndrome and Crohn's
     disease. AA deposits are also produced as a result of chronic microbial
CC
CC
     infections (preferably leprosy, tuberculosis, bronchiectasis, decubitus
     ulcers, chronic pyelonephritis, osteomyelitis and Whipple's disease).
CC
CC
     Certain malignant neoplasms can also result in AA fibril amyloid deposits
CC
     including Hodgkin's lymphoma, renal carcinoma, carcinomas of gut, lung
CC
     and urogenital tract, basal cell carcinoma and hairy cell leukaemia. The
CC
     present sequence is an Abeta peptide used to illustrate the method of the
CC
     invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 13 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 13;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.053;
             8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 22
AAE35467
     AAE35467 standard; peptide; 13 AA.
XX
AC
     AAE35467;
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003 (first entry)
XX
DΕ
     Abeta peptide #38.
XX
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```
All-D-amyloid-beta peptide; Alzheimer's disease; rheumatoid arthritis;
KW
     cerebral amyloid angiopathy; amyloid disease; ankylosing spondylitis;
KW
     psoriasis; Reiter's syndrome; Adult Still's disease; Bechet's syndrome;
KW
     Crohn's disease; infection; leprosy; tuberculosis; carcinoma; nootropic;
KW
     chronic pyelonephritis; osteomyelitis; Whipple's disease; vasotropic;
KW
     Hodgkin's lymphoma; neuroprotective; bronchiectasis; ophthalmological;
KW
     ulcer; antiinflammatory; cytostatic; uropathic; therapy.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
FH
     Key
                     Location/Qualifiers
FT
     Misc-difference 1. .13
FT
                     /note= "D-form residues"
XX
     W0200296937-A2.
PN
XX
PD
     05-DEC-2002.
XX
PF
     29-MAY-2002; 2002WO-CA000763.
XX
PR
     29-MAY-2001; 2001US-00867847.
XX
     (NEUR-) NEUROCHEM INC.
PA
XX
PI
     Gervais F, Hebert L, Chalifour RJ, Kong X;
XX
     WPI; 2003-201269/19.
DR
XX
PT
     Prevention and/or treatment of an amyloid-related disease e.g.
PT
     Alzheimer's disease, comprises use of all-D-amyloid-beta peptides.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 61; 44pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a method for prevention and/or treatment of an
CC
     amyloid-related disease which comprises administration of an all-D -
     amyloid-beta peptide. The method is used for preventing and/or treating
CC
CC
     Alzheimer's and other amyloid related disease e.g. cerebral amyloid
     angiopathy; for altering serum levels of amyloid-beta in a mammal and
CC
CC
     favours the clearance of soluble amyloid-beta or fibril amyloid-beta from
     the mammal; and reducing or inhibiting the formation of plaques. It is
CC
CC
     also used for treating AA (reactive) amyloid diseases including
     inflammatory diseases e.g. rheumatoid arthritis, juvenile chronic
CC
CC
     arthritis, ankylosing spondylitis, psoriasis, psoriatic arthropathy,
     Reiter's syndrome, Adult Still's disease, Bechet's syndrome and Crohn's
CC
CC
     disease. AA deposits are also produced as a result of chronic microbial
     infections (preferably leprosy, tuberculosis, bronchiectasis, decubitus
CC
CC
     ulcers, chronic pyelonephritis, osteomyelitis and Whipple's disease).
     Certain malignant neoplasms can also result in AA fibril amyloid deposits
CC
     including Hodgkin's lymphoma, renal carcinoma, carcinomas of gut, lung
CC
CC
     and urogenital tract, basal cell carcinoma and hairy cell leukaemia. The
CC
     present sequence is an Abeta peptide used to illustrate the method of the
     invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 13 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 13;
 Query Match
```

100.0%; Pred. No. 0.053;

Best Local Similarity

```
8: Conservative
  Matches
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                    0;
                                                        Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              1 KLVFFAED 8
Db
RESULT 23
ADA37467
     ADA37467 standard; peptide; 13 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ADA37467;
XX
     20-NOV-2003
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Human amyloid precursor protein fragment.
XX
     ADAM; a disintegrin and metalloprotease; G-protein coupled receptor;
KW
KW
     GPCR; beta-amyloid precursor protein; APP; alpha-secretase site;
     Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     US2003108978-A1.
XX
     12-JUN-2003.
PD
XX
PF
     25-OCT-2002; 2002US-00281458.
XX
PR
     25-OCT-2001; 2001US-0337641P.
XX
PA
     (CIAM/) CIAMBRONE G J.
PA
     (GIBB/) GIBBONS I.
XX
PI
     Ciambrone GJ, Gibbons I;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-626205/59.
XX
PT
     Assaying activity of an a disintegrin and metalloprotease in whole cell
     system combining soluble substrate with whole cell system, and
PT
PT
     determining amount of product.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Page 9; 34pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to the activity of a disintegrin and
     metalloprotease (ADAM) in a whole cell system assayed by selecting a
CC
     soluble substrate that is specifically cleavable by the ADAM, combining
CC
CC
     the soluble substrate with the whole cell system under conditions that
CC
     allow processing of the substrate to a product by the ADAM and
     determining the amount of the product as an indication of the ADAM
CC
CC
     activity. Also included is a method of determining the effect of a G-
CC
     protein coupled receptor (GPCR) on the activity of an ADAM in a whole
CC
     cell system comprising selecting a ligand known to modulate activity of
CC
     the GPCR and a soluble substrate that is cleavable by the ADAM, preparing
CC
     two mixtures of the whole cell system and the soluble substrate, where
CC
     only one of the mixtures contains the ligand, incubating the mixtures
CC
     under conditions that allow processing of the substrate to a product by
```

```
the ADAM, if the ADAM is active, determining the amount of the product
CC
     formed in each mixture and comparing the amount of product formed in
CC
     separate mixtures to determine effect of the GPCR on the ADAM activity.
CC
CC
     The method may be adapted to assay the effect of a compound on the
     cleavage of the Beta-amyloid precursor protein (APP) at its alpha-
CC
     secretase site by ADAM 17 or ADAM 10. The invention is used for the
CC
     assaying for the activity of an ADAM in a whole cell system. The assay
CC
     may be used in the diagnosis of diseases associated with ADAM activities
CC
     e.g. Alzheimer's disease. The present sequence is the human APP peptide
CC
CC
     fragment containing the alpha-secretase site.
XX
SQ
     Sequence 13 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 13;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.053;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
QУ
              Db
            6 KLVFFAED 13
RESULT 24
ADA89887
     ADA89887 standard; peptide; 14 AA.
ID
XX
     ADA89887;
AC
XX
DT
     20-NOV-2003
                 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Beta-A4 second region peptide SEQ ID NO:2.
XX
KW
     antibody molecule; antibody; beta-A4 peptide; Abeta4; neuroprotective;
ΚŴ
     nootropic; antiparkinsonian; gene therapy; amyloidogenesis;
     amyloid-plaque formation; beta-amyloid plaque; immunisation; dementia;
KW
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; motor neuropathy; Down's syndrome;
     Creutzfeldt Jacob disease; hereditary cerebral haemorrhage; amyloidosis;
KW
     Parkinson's disease; HIV-related dementia; amyotrophic lateral sclerosis;
KW
     neuronal disorder; aging.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
     Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
PN
     WO2003070760-A2.
XX
PD
     28-AUG-2003.
XX
PF
     20-FEB-2003; 2003WO-EP001759.
XX
PR
     20-FEB-2002; 2002EP-00003844.
XX
PA
     (HOFF ) HOFFMANN LA ROCHE & CO AG F.
PA
     (MORP-) MORPHOSYS AG.
XX
ΡĪ
                 Bohrmann B, Brockhaus M, Huber W, Kretzschmar T;
     Bardroff M,
PI
     Loehning C, Loetscher H, Nordstedt C, Rothe C;
XX
```

```
DR
     WPI; 2003-663848/62.
XX
PT
     New antibody molecule capable of specifically recognizing two regions of
PT
     the beta-A4 peptide, useful for diagnosing, preventing or treating
PT
     diseases associated with amyloidogenesis or amyloid-plaque formation
PT
     (e.g. dementia).
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 99; 312pp; English.
XX
CC
     The present invention describes an antibody molecule (I) capable of
CC
     specifically recognising two regions of the beta-A4 peptide/Abeta4. The
     first region comprises the amino acid sequence Ala-Glu-Phe-Arg-His-Asp-
CC
     Ser-Gly-Tyr ADA89886 or its fragment, and the second region comprises the
CC
CC
     amino acid sequence Val-His-His-Gln-Lys-Leu-Val-Phe-Phe-Ala-Glu-Asp-Val-
     Gly ADA89887 or its fragment. Also described: (1) a nucleic acid molecule
CC
     encoding (I); (2) a vector comprising the nucleic acid of (1); (3) a host
CC
     cell comprising the vector of (2); (4) preparing (I), comprising
CC
     culturing the host cell of (3) under conditions that allow synthesis of
CC
     (I) and recovering (I) from the culture; (5) a composition comprising (I)
CC
     or an antibody molecule produced by method (4); (6) a kit comprising (I),
CC
CC
     nucleic acid of (1), vector of (2) or host cell of (3); (7) optimising
     (I); (8) testing the resulting Fab optimisation library by panning
CC
     against Abeta/Abeta4; (9) identifying optimised clones; (10) expressing
CC
     of selected, optimised clones; (11) preparing a pharmaceutical
CC
CC
     composition, comprising optimisation of (I), and formulating the
CC
     optimised antibody/antibody molecule with a carrier; and (12) a
CC
     pharmaceutical composition prepared by method (8). (I) has
CC
     neuroprotective, nootropic and antiparkinsonian activities, and can be
     used in gene therapy. The antibody molecule (I), nucleic acid molecule,
CC
CC
     vector or host is useful in preparing a pharmaceutical composition for
     the prevention and/or treatment of a disease associated with
CC
CC
     amyloidogenesis and/or amyloid-plaque formation. The antibody molecule
CC
     may also be used in preparing a diagnostic composition for the detection
     of the disease mentioned above. The antibody is used for the
CC
CC
     disintegration of beta-amyloid plaques or for passive immunisation
CC
     against beta-amyloid plaque formation. In particular, the disease is
     dementia, Alzheimer's disease, motor neuropathy, Down's syndrome,
CC
CC
     Creutzfeldt Jacob disease, hereditary cerebral haemorrhage with
     amyloidosis Dutch type, Parkinson's disease, HIV-related dementia,
CC
     amyotrophic lateral sclerosis or neuronal disorders related to aging. The
CC
CC
     present sequence is used in the exemplification of the present invention.
XX
SQ
     Sequence 14 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 14;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.057;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
                                0; Mismatches
  Matches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
QУ
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 25
AAW02334
     AAW02334 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
```

```
AC
     AAW02334;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     06-MAY-1997
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid peptide residues 16-30.
XX
     Beta-amyloid; modulator; amyloid plaque; brain lesion; amyloidosis;
KW
     cerebral blood vessel; Alzheimer's disease; amyloidogenic protein;
KW
     familial amyloid polyneuropathy; familial amyloid cardiomyopathy;
KW
KW
     isolated cardiac amyloidosis; systemic senile amyloidosis; insulinoma;
     bovine spongiform encephalopathy; Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; urticaria;
KW
KW
     adult-onset diabetes; familial Mediterranean fever; therapy; deafness;
     scrapie; familial amyloid nephropathy; hereditary cerebral haemorrhage.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO9628471-A1.
XX
PD
     19-SEP-1996.
XX
PF
     14-MAR-1996;
                    96WO-US003492.
XX
PR
     14-MAR-1995;
                    95US-00404831.
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00475579.
                    95US-00548998.
     27-OCT-1995;
PR
XX
PA
     (PHAR-) PHARM PEPTIDES INC.
XX
                  Benjamin H, Garnick MB, Gefter ML, Hundal A;
PI
     Findeis MA,
     Kasman L, Musso G, Signer ER, Wakefield J, Reed MJ, Molineaux S;
PI
PΙ
     Kubasek W, Chin J, Lee J, Kelley M;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1996-433762/43.
XX
PT
     Modulators of amyloid aggregation - comprising, e.g. amyloidogenic
     protein coupled (in) directly to at least 1 modifying gp., useful in
PT
PT
     treatment of Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 29; Page 82; 106pp; English.
XX
     AAW02333-W02336 represent beta-amyloid peptide fragments that can be used
CC
     in the modulator compounds of the invention. Beta-amyloid peptide is a 4
CC
CC
     kilodalton peptide that is the major protein component of amyloid
     plaques. Amyloid plaques are present both in the brain lesions, and in
CC
     the walls of cerebral blood vessels in Alzheimer's disease patients. The
CC
CC
     amyloid modulators of the invention comprise an amyloidogenic protein or
CC
     peptide (see AAW02310-W02336) coupled directly or indirectly to at least
CC
     one modifying group. The modifying group is preferably a cyclic,
     heterocyclic, or polycyclic group, such as declain, a cholanyl group, a
CC
CC
     biotin containing group, or a fluorescein containing group. These
     compounds then modulate the aggregation of these sequences to natural
CC
     amyloid proteins or peptides when contacted with the natural
CC
     amyloidogenic proteins or peptides. The modulator compounds can be used
CC
     in the treatment of disorders associated with amyloidosis, such as
CC
CC
     familial amyloid polyneuropathy, familial amyloid cardiomyopathy,
     isolated cardiac amyloidosis, systemic senile amyloidosis, scrapie,
CC
CC
    bovine spongiform encephalopathy, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, adult-onset
```

```
diabetes, insulinoma, familial Mediterranean fever, familial amyloid
CC
     nephropathy with urticaria and deafness, hereditary cerebral haemorrhage
CC
CC
     and other types of amyloidosis. The modulators are also useful for the
     treatment of disorders associated with beta-amyloidosis, especially
CC
CC
     Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2;
  Query Match
                                                     Length 15;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 26
AAW89358
     AAW89358 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAW89358;
XX
DT
     02-MAR-1999
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid peptide derivative A-beta-11-25.
XX
     Human; beta-amyloid peptide; Alzheimer's disease; amyloidogenic protein;
KW
     aggregation; neurotoxicity; amyloidosis; Down's syndrome; cardiomyopathy;
KW
     familial amyloid polyneuropathy; bovine spongiform encephalopathy;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; bAP.
KW
XX
     Homo sapiens.
OS
     Synthetic.
OS
XX
PN
     US5854204-A.
XX
PD
     29-DEC-1998.
XX
PF
     14-MAR-1996;
                    96US-00612785.
XX
PR
     14-MAR-1995;
                    95US-00404831.
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00475579.
PR
     27-OCT-1995;
                    95US-00548998.
XX
PΑ
     (PRAE-) PRAECIS PHARM INC.
XX
PI
     Hundal A, Gefter ML, Kasman L, Musso G, Molineaux S, Benjamin H;
     Findeis MA, Chin J, Lee J, Kelley M, Reed M, Wakefield J;
PI
     Garnick MB, Kubasek W, Signer ER;
PI
XX
DR
     WPI; 1999-094964/08.
XX
PT
     New peptide(s) derived from beta-amyloid peptide that inhibit amyloid
     aggregation - and neurotoxicity, specifically for treatment and
PT
     prevention of Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
```

```
Claim 6; Col 81-82; 52pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     The present invention describes beta-amyloid peptide (bAP) derivatives.
CC
     The bAP derivatives inhibit aggregation of amyloidogenic proteins and
CC
     peptides, specifically bAP, and their neurotoxicity, so are useful for
     treating and preventing any disease involving amyloidosis, specifically
CC
     Alzheimer's disease but also Down's syndrome, familial amyloid
CC
     polyneuropathy or cardiomyopathy, bovine spongiform encephalopathy and
CC
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease. The bAP derivatives are also used to diagnose
CC
CC
     these diseases, in vitro or in vivo, by detecting binding of bAP to
     labelled bAP derivatives. Some bAP derivatives inhibit bAP aggregation
CC
     even when bAP is present in molar excess. The present sequence represents
CC
CC
     a bAP derivative
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                                   Score 40; DB 2; Length 15;
  Query Match
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            6 KLVFFAED 13
RESULT 27
AAW89354
ID
     AAW89354 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
XX
AC
    AAW89354;
XX
DT
     02-MAR-1999
                 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid peptide derivative A-beta-16-30.
XX
KW
     Human; beta-amyloid peptide; Alzheimer's disease; amyloidogenic protein;
     aggregation; neurotoxicity; amyloidosis; Down's syndrome; cardiomyopathy;
KW
KW
     familial amyloid polyneuropathy; bovine spongiform encephalopathy;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; bAP.
XX
OS
    Homo sapiens.
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
    US5854204-A.
XX
PD
     29-DEC-1998.
XX
PF
                    96US-00612785.
     14-MAR-1996;
XX
PR
    14-MAR-1995;
                    95US-00404831.
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00475579.
PR
     27-OCT-1995;
                    95US-00548998.
XX
     (PRAE-) PRAECIS PHARM INC.
PΑ
XX
    Hundal A, Gefter ML, Kasman L, Musso G, Molineaux S, Benjamin H;
PI
     Findeis MA, Chin J, Lee J, Kelley M, Reed M, Wakefield J;
PI
```

```
Garnick MB, Kubasek W, Signer ER;
PI
XX
     WPI; 1999-094964/08.
DR
XX
     New peptide(s) derived from beta-amyloid peptide that inhibit amyloid
PT
     aggregation - and neurotoxicity, specifically for treatment and
PT
     prevention of Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 2; Col 71-72; 52pp; English.
XX
     The present invention describes beta-amyloid peptide (bAP) derivatives.
CC
     The bAP derivatives inhibit aggregation of amyloidogenic proteins and
CC
     peptides, specifically bAP, and their neurotoxicity, so are useful for
CC
     treating and preventing any disease involving amyloidosis, specifically
CC
     Alzheimer's disease but also Down's syndrome, familial amyloid
CC
     polyneuropathy or cardiomyopathy, bovine spongiform encephalopathy and
CC
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease. The bAP derivatives are also used to diagnose
CC
     these diseases, in vitro or in vivo, by detecting binding of bAP to
CC
     labelled bAP derivatives. Some bAP derivatives inhibit bAP aggregation
CC
     even when bAP is present in molar excess. The present sequence represents
CC
CC
     a bAP derivative
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2;
                                                     Length 15;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 28
ABG71014
ID
     ABG71014 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
XX
     ABG71014;
AC
XX
DT
     05-DEC-2002 (first entry)
XX
ÐΕ
     Long form beta-amyloid protein fragment #10.
XX
     Beta-amyloid; amyloid modulator; amyloidogenic protein; amyloidosis;
KW
     familial amyloid polyneuropathy; familial amyloid cardiomyopathy;
KW
     isolated cardiac amyloid; systemic senile amyloidosis; scrapie; myeloma;
KW
     bovine spongiform encephalopathy; BSE; Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease;
KW
     adult onset diabetes; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome;
KW
     insulinoma; atrial amyloidosis; idiopathic amyloidosis; haemodialysis;
KW
     macroglobulinaemia-associated amyloidosis; reactive amyloidosis;
KW
     primary localised cutaneous nodular amyloidosis; Sjogren's syndrome;
KW
     hereditary cerebral haemorrhage with amyloidosis; Muckle-Wells syndrome;
KW
     hereditary non-neuropathic systemic amyloidosis;
KW
KW
     familial Mediterranean Fever.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
```

```
PN
     US2002098173-A1.
XX
PD
     25-JUL-2002.
XX
PF
     04-OCT-2001; 2001US-00972475.
XX
     14-MAR-1995;
PR
                    95US-00404831.
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00475579.
     27-OCT-1995;
PR
                    95US-00548998.
                    96US-00617267.
     14-MAR-1996;
PR
XX
PA
     (PRAE-) PRAECIS PHARM INC.
XX
PΙ
                  Benjamin H, Garnick MB, Gefter ML, Hundal A;
     Findeis MA,
     Kasman L, Musso G, Signer ER, Wakefield J, Reed MJ;
PI
XX
     WPI; 2002-697709/75.
DR
XX
PT
     Amyloid modulator useful for treating a disorder associated with
     amyloidosis, comprises an amyloidogenic protein and/or a peptide fragment
PT
     coupled to a modifying group.
PT
XX
PS
     Example 12; Page 35; 41pp; English.
XX
     The invention describes an amyloid modulator comprising an amyloidogenic
CC
     protein and/or peptide fragment coupled to a modifying group so that the
CC
CC
     compound modulates the aggregation of natural amyloid proteins or
     peptides. The modulator is used for treating a disorder associated with
CC
     amyloidosis e.g. familial amyloid polyneuropathy (Portuguese, Japanese
CC
CC
     and Swedish types), familial amyloid cardiomyopathy (Danish type),
     isolated cardiac amyloid, systemic senile amyloidosis, scrapie, bovine
CC
     spongiform encephalopathy, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, adult onset
CC
     diabetes, Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome, insulinoma, isolated
CC
CC
     atrial amyloidosis, idiopathic (primary) amyloidosis, myeloma or
CC
     macroglobulinaemia-associated amyloidosis, primary localised cutaneous
     nodular amyloidosis associated with Sjogren's syndrome, reactive
CC
     (secondary) amyloidosis, familial Mediterranean Fever and familial
CC
CC
     amyloid nephropathy with urticaria and deafness (Muckle-Wells syndrome),
CC
     hereditary cerebral haemorrhage with amyloidosis of Icelandic type,
     amyloidosis associated with long term haemodialysis, hereditary non-
CC
     neuropathic systemic amyloidosis (familial amyloid polyneuropathy III),
CC
CC
     familial amyloidosis of Finnish type, amyloidosis associated with
     medullary carcinoma of the thyroid, fibrinogen-associated hereditary
CC
CC
     renal amyloidosis and lysozyme-associated hereditary systemic
     amyloidosis. The compound is capable of altering and inhibiting beta-
CC
CC
     amyloid protein (beta-AP) aggregation of natural amyloidogenic proteins
CC
     or peptides when contacted with a molar excess amount of natural beta-APs
CC
     relative to the modulator. This sequence represents a fragment of the
     long form of beta-amyloid used in the creation of an amyloid modulator
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 5; Length 15;
 Query Match
 Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
             8; Conservative
 Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
```

CC

CC

CC

CC

```
RESULT 29
ABB05162
     ABB05162 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABB05162;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     02-APR-2002
XX
DE
     Beta amyloid peptide (14-30) SEQ ID NO:14.
XX
     Beta amyloid peptide; beta-AP; beta amyloid precursor protein; A-beta;
KW
KW
     APP-770; amyloid aggregation; amyloidogenic; Alzheimer's disease;
     nootropic; neuroprotective; immunosuppressive; antimicrobial; auditory;
KW
KW
     antidiabetic; antipyretic; dermatological; cardiovascular; nephrotropic;
     amyloid aggregation inhibitor; neurotoxicity inhibitor; Down's syndrome;
KW
KW
     amyloidogenic disease; beta amyloid deposition; amyloidosis;
KW
     hereditary cerebral haemorrhage; familial amyloid polyneuropathy.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     US6319498-B1.
XX
PD
     20-NOV-2001.
XX
PF
     14-MAR-1996;
                    96US-00617267.
XX
PR
     14-MAR-1995;
                    95US-00404831.
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00475579.
PR
     27-OCT-1995;
                    95US-00548998.
XX
PA
     (PRAE-) PRAECIS PHARM INC.
XX
     Findeis MA, Benjamin H, Garnick MB, Gefter ML, Hundal A;
ΡI
PI
     Kasman L, Musso G, Signer ER, Wakefield J, Reed MJ;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2002-146668/19.
XX
PT
     Amyloid modulator compound useful for treatment of an amyloidogenic
PT
     disease such as Alzheimer's disease comprises an aggregation core domain
PT
     and a modifying group attached to it.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Col 67; 54pp; English.
XX
     The present invention describes an amyloid modulator compound (I)
CC
CC
     comprising an aggregation core domain and a modifying group attached to
CC
     it. (I) has nootropic, neuroprotective, immunosuppressive, antimicrobial,
CC
     antidiabetic, antipyretic, dermatological, cardiovascular, nephrotropic
CC
     and auditory activities, and can be used as a natural amyloid aggregation
```

inhibitor and a neurotoxicity inhibitor of natural beta amyloid peptide

disease and other clinical occurrences of beta amyloid deposition such as

(beta-AP). (I) are used in the manufacture of a medicament for the

diagnosis or treatment of an amyloidogenic disease e.g. Alzheimer's

```
CC
     Down's syndrome individuals and in patients with hereditary cerebral
CC
     haemorrhage with amyloidosis, and for treating a disorder associated with
     amyloidosis such as familial amyloid polyneuropathy. (I) reduces the
CC
     toxicity of natural beta-AP aggregates to cultured neuronal cells. (I)
CC
     not only reduces the formation of neurotoxic aggregates but also have the
CC
CC
     ability to reduce the neurotoxicity of performed A-beta fibrils. The
     present sequence represents a beta-AP peptide, which is used in the
CC
CC
     exemplification of the present invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                                   Score 40; DB 5; Length 15;
  Query Match
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
                                   Pred. No. 0.062;
                                                                     Gaps
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                              0;
                                                                  0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              1 KLVFFAED 8
Db
RESULT 30
AAE26271
    AAE26271 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAE26271;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     14-NOV-2002
XX
DE
     Human beta-amyloid peptide (beta-AP) #4.
XX
     Human; amyloidogenic protein; Alzheimer's disease; Huntington's disease;
KW
     spongiform encephalopathy; familial amyloid cardiomyopathy; amyloidosis;
KW
     Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; spongiform encephalopathy; GSS;
KW
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease; insulinoma; diabetes; body myocytis; myeloma;
KW
     CJ; beta-amyloid; beta-AP.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     W0200242462-A2.
XX
PD
     30-MAY-2002.
XX
PF
     27-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US044581.
XX
     27-NOV-2000; 2000US-0253302P.
PR
     29-NOV-2000; 2000US-0250198P.
PR
     20-DEC-2000; 2000US-0257186P.
PR
XX
PA
     (PRAE-) PRAECIS PHARM INC.
XX
PΙ
     Gefter ML, Israel DI, Joyal JL, Gosselin M;
XX
DR
    WPI; 2002-636427/68.
XX
     Novel therapeutic agent useful for treating an amyloidogenic disorder,
PT
     e.g. Alzheimer's disease, comprises an immunoglobulin heavy chain
PT
PT
     constant region linked to a peptide capable of binding amyloidogenic
```

```
PT
     protein.
XX
PS
     Example 8; Page 76; 79pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a compound comprising an immunoglobulin (Ig)
CC
     heavy chain constant region or its fragment that retains the ability to
     bind an Fc receptor linked by a linker group or a direct bond to a
CC
CC
     peptide capable of binding an amyloidogenic protein. The invention is
CC
     useful for clearing an amyloidogenic protein such as beta-amyloid,
     transthyretin (TTR), prion protein (PrP), islet amyloid polypeptide
CC
     (IAPP), atrial natriuretic factor (ANF), kappa light chain, lambda light
CC
CC
     chain, amyloid A, procalcitonin, cystatin C, beta2-microglobulin, ApoA-I,
     gelsolin, calcitonin, fibrinogen, Huntington, alpha-synuclein and
CC
     lysozyme from a subject and for treating an amyloidogenic disorder such
CC
CC
     as Alzheimer's disease and spongiform encephalopathy. Disorders treatable
     include those caused or characterised by deposits of TTR (eg. familial
CC
CC
     amyloid cardiomyopathy), PrP (eg. spongiform encephalopathies, including
     scrapie in sheep, bovine spongiform encephalopathy in cows and
CC
     Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease (CJ) and Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker
CC
     syndrome (GSS) in humans), IAPP (eg. insulinoma, adult onset diabetes),
CC
     ANF (eg. isolated atrial amyloid), kappa or lambda light chain (eg.
CC
     idiopathic amyloidosis, myeloma), amyloid A (eg. amyloidosis), Apo A-I
CC
CC
     (eg. hereditary non-neuropathic systemic amyloidosis), Gelsolin (eg.
     familial amyloidosis of Finnish type), Fibrinogen (eg. hereditary renal
CC
CC
     amyloidosis), Lysozyme (eg. hereditary systemic amyloidosis). Other
CC
     examples of amyloidogenic disorders include Huntington's disease and
CC
     inclusion body myocytis. The present sequence is human beta-amyloid
CC
     peptide (beta-AP)
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 5; Length 15;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
                                                   0; Indels
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
QУ
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            1 KLVFFAED 8
RESULT 31
ABU79057
     ABU79057 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
    ABU79057;
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
    Aggregation blocking peptide #9.
XX
KW
    Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
```

```
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US6462171-B1.
XX
PD
     08-OCT-2002.
XX
ΡF
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
DR
XX
PT
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
     Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
     Disclosure; Col 49-50; 51pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
CC
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
CC
CC
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
CC
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
CC
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
CC
     human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
     scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
CC
CC
     chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
     detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
CC
     like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
CC
     of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
CC
     deposits
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 15;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                              0;
                                                                     Gaps
  Matches
                                                    0;
                                                       Indels
                                                                  0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
```

```
ABU79064 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
     ABU79064;
AC
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Aggregation blocking peptide #16.
XX
KW
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
KW
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
ΡN
     US6462171-B1.
XX
     08-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
PF
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00478326.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
                                Frangione B;
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH,
XX
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
DR
XX
PT
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
PT
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Col 51-52; 51pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
CC
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
CC
CC
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
```

CC chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for CC detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-CC like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like

(CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated

human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as

scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and

CC

CC

CC

```
CC
     deposits
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 15;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
                                   Pred. No. 0.062;
                                                                  0; Gaps
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
RESULT 33
ABU79055
     ABU79055 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABU79055;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     17-JUN-2003
XX
DΕ
     Aggregation blocking peptide #7.
XX
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
     US6462171-B1.
PN
XX
     08-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
                    96US-00766596.
PF
     12-DEC-1996;
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
ΡI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH,
                                Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
XX
PT
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Col 49-50; 51pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
CC
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
```

```
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
CC
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
CC
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
CC
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
CC
CC
     human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
CC
     scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
CC
     chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
CC
     detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
     like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
CC
СC
     of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
CC
     deposits
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                                   Score 40; DB 6; Length 15;
  Query Match
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
             8; Conservative
                                                    0; Indels
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              1111111
Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 34
ABU79056
     ABU79056 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABU79056;
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Aggregation blocking peptide #8.
XX
KW
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
     prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
KW
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US6462171-B1.
XX
PD
     08-OCT-2002.
XX
PF
                    96US-00766596.
     12-DEC-1996;
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
PR
XX
```

```
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
XX
PT
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
PT
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
     Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Col 49-50; 51pp; English.
XX
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
CC
CC
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
CC
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
CC
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
CC
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
     human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
CC
CC
     scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
     chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
CC
CC
     detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
CC
     like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
CC
     of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
     deposits
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                                   Score 40; DB 6; Length 15;
  Query Match
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
                                   Pred. No. 0.062;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
RESULT 35
ABU79062
     ABU79062 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABU79062;
XX
DT
     17-JUN-2003
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Aggregation blocking peptide #14.
XX
KW
     Amyloid formation; amyloid-like deposit; Alzheimer's disease;
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation; Down's syndrome;
KW
     amyloidosis disorder; human prion disease; kuru; CJD;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; GSS;
KW
```

```
prion associated human neurodegenerative disease; animal prion disease;
KW
     scrapie; spongiform encephalopathy; transmissible mink encephalopathy;
KW
KW
     chronic wasting disease.
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US6462171-B1.
XX
     08-OCT-2002.
PD
XX
PF
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
                    96US-00630645.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH,
PI
                                Frangione B;
XX
     WPI; 2003-379012/36.
DR
XX
PT
     Novel inhibitory peptides which inhibit and structurally block abnormal
     folding of protein into amyloid or amyloid-like deposit and into
PT
PT
     pathological beta-sheet rich conformation, useful for treating
PT
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Col 51-52; 51pp; English.
XX
     The invention describes an isolated inhibitory peptide (I) which
CC
     interacts with a hydrophobic beta-sheet forming cluster of amino acid
CC
     residues on a protein or peptide for amyloid or amyloid-like deposit
CC
CC
     formation, and inhibits or structurally blocks the abnormal folding of
CC
     proteins and peptides into amyloid or amyloid-like deposits and into
     pathological beta-sheet-rich conformation. (I) is useful for disorders or
CC
     diseases associated with abnormal protein folding into amyloid or amyloid
CC
     -like deposits or into pathological beta-sheet-rich precursors of such
CC
     deposits, such as Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome, other amyloidosis
CC
CC
     disorders, human prion diseases, such as kuru, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
     (CJD), Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome (GSS), prion associated
CC
CC
     human neurodegenerative diseases as well as animal prion diseases such as
     scrapie, spongiform encephalopathy, transmissible mink encephalopathy and
CC
     chronic wasting disease of mule deer and elk. (I) is also useful for
CC
CC
     detecting and diagnosing the presence or absence of amyloid or amyloid-
CC
     like deposits in vivo and its precursors. This is the amino acid sequence
CC
     of peptide associated with the inhibition of amyloid or amyloid like
CC
     deposits
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 15;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                     Gaps
                                                                              0;
                                                                  0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
```

```
RESULT 36
ABW00190
     ABW00190 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABW00190;
XX
DT
     15-JAN-2004
                  (first entry)
XX
     Peptide #8 used in the invention.
DE
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US2003087407-A1.
XX
     08-MAY-2003.
PD
XX
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
PF
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
                    96US-00766596.
     12-DEC-1996;
PR
XX
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
PA
XX
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH,
PI
                                Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
XX
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
PT
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
PT
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
     Claim 1; Page 26; 52pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
CC
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
CC
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
CC
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
CC
CC
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
CC
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is a peptide used in the invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
 Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 15;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Best Local Similarity
 Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
```

Best Local Similarity

```
RESULT 37
ABW00198
     ABW00198 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
     ABW00198;
AC
XX
     15-JAN-2004
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Peptide #16 used in the invention.
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US2003087407-A1.
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
PF
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
XX
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
PR
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
XX
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
PT
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
PT
PT
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 28; 52pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
CC
CC
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
CC
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
CC
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is a peptide used in the invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%;
                                   Score 40; DB 7; Length 15;
```

100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;

```
8; Conservative
  Matches
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              1111111
            5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
RESULT 38
ABW00189
     ABW00189 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
     ABW00189;
AC
XX
DT
     15-JAN-2004 (first entry)
XX
     Peptide #7 used in the invention.
DE
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
ΡN
     US2003087407-A1.
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
PF
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
                    96US-00630645.
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
PR
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
XX
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
PT
PT
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
PT
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 26; 52pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
CC
CC
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
CC
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
CC
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
CC
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
CC
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is a peptide used in the invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
```

```
Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 15;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                                    0; Indels
                               0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 39
ABW00191
     ABW00191 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABW00191;
XX
     15-JAN-2004 (first entry)
DT
XX
     Peptide #9 used in the invention.
DE
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     US2003087407-A1.
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
PF
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
XX
     07-JUN-1995;
PR
                    95US-00478326.
PR
     10-APR-1996;
                    96US-00630645.
PR
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PΙ
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
XX
PT
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
PT
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
PT
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 26; 52pp; English.
XX
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
CC
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
CC
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
    beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
    protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
CC
     composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
CC
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
CC
    prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
```

```
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is a peptide used in the invention
XX
     Sequence 15 AA;
SQ
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 15;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
  Matches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 40
ABW00196
     ABW00196 standard; peptide; 15 AA.
ID
XX
     ABW00196;
AC
XX
                  (first entry)
DT
     15-JAN-2004
XX
     Peptide #14 used in the invention.
\mathsf{DE}
XX
     Amyloid-like fibril deposit; prion related encephalopathy; gene therapy;
KW
KW
     Alzheimer's disease.
XX
     Unidentified.
OS
XX
PN
     US2003087407-A1.
XX
PD
     08-MAY-2003.
XX
     06-SEP-2002; 2002US-00235483.
PF
XX
PR
     07-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00478326.
                    96US-00630645.
     10-APR-1996;
PR
PR
     12-DEC-1996;
                    96US-00766596.
XX
PA
     (UYNY ) UNIV NEW YORK STATE.
XX
PI
     Soto-Jara C, Baumann MH, Frangione B;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-616149/58.
XX
     New inhibitory peptide, useful for preparing a composition for
PT
PT
     diagnosing, preventing or treating disorders associated with amyloid-like
     fibril deposits, e.g. Alzheimer's disease, or prion related
PT
PT
     encephalopathies.
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 27; 52pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to inhibitory peptide comprising a portion of at
CC
     least three amino acid residues and a sequence predicted not to adopt a
     beta-sheet structure that associates with a hydrophobic beta-sheet
CC
     cluster on a protein or peptide involved in the abnormal folding into a
CC
     beta-sheet structure, to structurally block the abnormal folding of the
CC
     protein or peptide. The inhibitory peptide is useful for preparing a
CC
```

```
composition for preventing, treating or detecting disorders or diseases
CC
     associated with amyloid-like fibril deposits e.g. Alzheimer's disease and
CC
     prion related encephalopathies. The invention is also useful in gene
CC
     therapy. The present sequence is a peptide used in the invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 15 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 7; Length 15;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.062;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
                                                    0;
                                                        Indels
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
RESULT 41
AAE26330
     AAE26330 standard; peptide; 16 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAE26330;
XX
     14-NOV-2002 (first entry)
DT
XX
DE
     Human beta-amyloid peptide mutant (Abeta residues 10-25).
XX
KW
     Human; amyloidogenic protein; Alzheimer's disease; Huntington's disease;
     spongiform encephalopathy; familial amyloid cardiomyopathy; amyloidosis;
KW
     Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker syndrome; spongiform encephalopathy; GSS;
KW
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease; insulinoma; diabetes; body myocytis; myeloma;
KW
     CJ; beta-amyloid; mutant; mutein.
XX
     Homo sapiens.
OS
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO200242462-A2.
XX
     30-MAY-2002.
PD
XX
     27-NOV-2001; 2001WO-US044581.
PF
XX
PR
     27-NOV-2000; 2000US-0253302P.
     29-NOV-2000; 2000US-0250198P.
PR
PR
     20-DEC-2000; 2000US-0257186P.
XX
PΑ
     (PRAE-) PRAECIS PHARM INC.
XX
PΙ
     Gefter ML, Israel DI, Joyal JL, Gosselin M;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2002-636427/68.
XX
PT
     Novel therapeutic agent useful for treating an amyloidogenic disorder,
     e.g. Alzheimer's disease, comprises an immunoglobulin heavy chain
PT
     constant region linked to a peptide capable of binding amyloidogenic
PT
PΤ
     protein.
XX
PS
     Claim 18; Page; 79pp; English.
```

```
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a compound comprising an immunoglobulin (Ig)
     heavy chain constant region or its fragment that retains the ability to
CC
     bind an Fc receptor linked by a linker group or a direct bond to a
CC
     peptide capable of binding an amyloidogenic protein. The invention is
CC
     useful for clearing an amyloidogenic protein such as beta-amyloid,
CC
     transthyretin (TTR), prion protein (PrP), islet amyloid polypeptide
CC
     (IAPP), atrial natriuretic factor (ANF), kappa light chain, lambda light
CC
     chain, amyloid A, procalcitonin, cystatin C, beta2-microglobulin, ApoA-I,
CC
     gelsolin, calcitonin, fibrinogen, Huntington, alpha-synuclein and
CC
     lysozyme from a subject and for treating an amyloidogenic disorder such
CC
     as Alzheimer's disease and spongiform encephalopathy. Disorders treatable
CC
     include those caused or characterised by deposits of TTR (eg. familial
CC
     amyloid cardiomyopathy), PrP (eg. spongiform encephalopathies, including
CC
CC
     scrapie in sheep, bovine spongiform encephalopathy in cows and
CC
     Creutzfeldt-Jacob disease (CJ) and Gerstmann-Straussler-Scheinker
     syndrome (GSS) in humans), IAPP (eg. insulinoma, adult onset diabetes),
CC
     ANF (eg. isolated atrial amyloid), kappa or lambda light chain (eg.
CC
     idiopathic amyloidosis, myeloma), amyloid A (eg. amyloidosis), Apo A-I
CC
     (eg. hereditary non-neuropathic systemic amyloidosis), Gelsolin (eg.
CC
CC
     familial amyloidosis of Finnish type), Fibrinogen (eg. hereditary renal
     amyloidosis), Lysozyme (eg. hereditary systemic amyloidosis). Other
CC
     examples of amyloidogenic disorders include Huntington's disease and
CC
     inclusion body myocytis. The present sequence is human beta-amyloid
CC
     peptide mutant. Note: This sequence is not shown in the specification but
CC
CC
     is derived from human beta-amyloid peptide shown as SEQ ID NO: 1
CC
     (AAE26265) in the specification
XX
SQ
     Sequence 16 AA;
  Query Match
                                   Score 40; DB 5; Length 16;
                          100.0%;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.066;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
            7 KLVFFAED 14
Db
RESULT 42
AAR54703
ID
     AAR54703 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
XX
AC
     AAR54703;
XX
     25-MAR-2003
                  (revised)
DT
     15-DEC-1994
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid fragment (12-28).
XX
     Beta-amyloid protein; BAP; Alzheimer's disease; diagnosis.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
    WO9409364-A1.
XX
PD
     28-APR-1994.
```

```
XX
PF
     13-OCT-1993;
                     93WO-US009772.
XX
PR
     13-OCT-1992;
                     92US-00959251.
XX
     (UYDU-) UNIV DUKE.
PA
XX
PI
     Strittmatter WJ;
XX
     WPI; 1994-151484/18.
DR
XX
     Immobilised beta-amyloid protein or fragments - used in assays for
PT
     obtaining prods for use in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders such
PT
РT
     as Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 5; Page 28; 49pp; English.
XX
     A construct comprising a beta-amyloid protein (BAP) or fragment (esp. the
CC
     peptides given in AAR54702-03) immobilised on a solid support can be used
CC
     to detect cpds. which bind to BAP. Binding of proteins in human
CC
     cerebrospinal fluid proteins were shown to bind to beta- amyloid peptides
CC
     1-28 and 12-28. Hydropathic mimic peptide (12-28) was used as control.
CC
CC
     (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 17;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.07;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 43
AAW18880
     AAW18880 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAW18880;
XX
     08-DEC-1997
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid peptide fragment (9-25).
XX
KW
     beta-amyloid peptide; membrane protein; amyloid precursor protein;
     fibril assembly; in vitro; detection; fluorescence; amyloidosis disorder;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; multiple myeloma; rheumatoid arthritis; diabetes;
KW
     prion disorder.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO9707402-A1.
XX
PD
     27-FEB-1997.
XX
PF
     16-AUG-1996;
                    96WO-CA000555.
```

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XX
PR
     17-AUG-1995;
                     95US-00515615.
XX
     (ONTA-) ONTARIO CANCER INST.
PA
XX
PI
     Chakrabartty A;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1997-165446/15.
XX
     In vitro fluorescence monitoring of protein fibril assembly - esp. useful
PT
     for monitoring fibril assembly processes associated with amyloidosis
PT
PT
     disorders, esp. Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Page 24; 40pp; English.
XX
     This peptide is a fibrillogenic fragment of beta-amyloid peptide (a
CC
CC
     fragment of the integral membrane protein, amyloid precursor protein).
     Beta-amyloid protein fibril assembly can be monitored using a new method
CC
CC
     for in vitro monitoring of peptide/protein fibril assembly using
     fluorescent energy transfer between closely juxtaposed donor and acceptor
CC
     fluorophores. Two forms of beta-amyloid (9-25) were synthesised, one had
CC
     a Trp residue attached to the N-terminus of the peptide (AAW18881), and
CC
     the other (AAW18882) had a cysteine residue attached to the N-terminus,
CC
     and an AEDANS group chemically linked to the sulfhydryl side chain of the
CC
     cysteine. When both forms of beta-amyloid are mixed together, fibrils
CC
     will assemble and in the fibril state the Trp and AEDANS groups will be
CC
CC
     closer in space than in the non-fibril state. Fluorescence energy
     transfer between Trp and AEDANS increases when the two fluorphores are
CC
     close in space (i.e. efficiency of energy transfer will increase as the
CC
     fibrils form) and the fluorescence can be measured. Fibril assembly
CC
     processes associated with various amyloidosis disorders can be monitored
CC
     by the method, especially Alzheimer's disease (claimed), multiple
CC
CC
     myeloma, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes and prion disorders
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 17;
  Query Match
                                   Pred. No. 0.07;
  Best Local Similarity 100.0%;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              11111
            8 KLVFFAED 15
Db
RESULT 44
AAB91774
     AAB91774 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB91774;
XX
DT
     22-JUN-2001
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Amyloid beta-protein fragment peptide SEQ ID NO:950.
XX
KW
     Protection; endogenous therapeutic peptide; peptidase; conjugation;
    blood component; modification; succinimidyl; maleimido group; amino;
KW
```

```
KW
     hydroxyl; thiol; hormone; growth factor; neurotransmitter.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO200069900-A2.
XX
PD
     23-NOV-2000.
XX
PF
     17-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US013576.
XX
     17-MAY-1999;
PR
                    99US-0134406P.
     10-SEP-1999;
PR
                    99US-0153406P.
     15-OCT-1999;
PR
                    99US-0159783P.
XX
PA
     (CONJ-) CONJUCHEM INC.
XX
     Bridon DP, Ezrin AM, Milner PG, Holmes DL, Thibaudeau K;
PI
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-112059/12.
XX
     Modifying and attaching therapeutic peptides to albumin prevents
PT
PT
     peptidase degradation, useful for increasing length of in vivo activity.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Page 504; 733pp; English.
XX
     The present invention describes a modified therapeutic peptide (I)
CC
CC
     comprising a therapeutically active amino acid region (III) and a
     reactive group (II) (e.g. succinimidyl and maleimido groups) attached to
CC
     a less therapeutically active amino acid region (IV), which covalently
CC
     bonds with amino/hydroxyl/thiol groups on blood components to form a
CC
CC
     peptidase stabilised therapeutic peptide composed of 3-50 amino acids.
CC
     (I) are useful for modifying therapeutic peptides e.g. hormones, growth
CC
     factors and neurotransmitters, to protect them from peptidase activity in
     vivo for the treatment of various disorders. Endogenous therapeutic
CC
CC
     peptides are not suitable as drug candidates as they require frequent
CC
     administration due to rapid degradation by peptidases in the body.
    Modifying and attaching therapeutic peptides to albumin prevents or
CC
     reduces the action of peptidases to increase length of activity (half
CC
    life) and specificity as bonding to large molecules decreases
CC
     intracellular uptake and interference with physiological processes.
CC
CC
    AAB90829 to AAB92441 represent peptides which can be used in the
CC
     exemplification of the present invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 4; Length 17;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.07;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
           1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
```

```
AAB91807 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB91807;
XX
DT
     22-JUN-2001
                  (first entry)
XX
     Amyloid beta-protein fragment peptide SEQ ID NO:983.
DE
XX
     Protection; endogenous therapeutic peptide; peptidase; conjugation;
KW
     blood component; modification; succinimidyl; maleimido group; amino;
KW
     hydroxyl; thiol; hormone; growth factor; neurotransmitter.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO200069900-A2.
XX
PD
     23-NOV-2000.
XX
PF
     17-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US013576.
XX
     17-MAY-1999;
PR
                    99US-0134406P.
PR
     10-SEP-1999;
                    99US-0153406P.
PR
     15-OCT-1999;
                    99US-0159783P.
XX
PA
     (CONJ-) CONJUCHEM INC.
XX
ΡI
     Bridon DP, Ezrin AM, Milner PG, Holmes DL, Thibaudeau K;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-112059/12.
XX
     Modifying and attaching therapeutic peptides to albumin prevents
PT
PT
     peptidase degradation, useful for increasing length of in vivo activity.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Page 516; 733pp; English.
XX
CC
     The present invention describes a modified therapeutic peptide (I)
     comprising a therapeutically active amino acid region (III) and a
CC
     reactive group (II) (e.g. succinimidyl and maleimido groups) attached to
CC
     a less therapeutically active amino acid region (IV), which covalently
CC
     bonds with amino/hydroxyl/thiol groups on blood components to form a
CC
     peptidase stabilised therapeutic peptide composed of 3-50 amino acids.
CC
     (I) are useful for modifying therapeutic peptides e.g. hormones, growth
CC
     factors and neurotransmitters, to protect them from peptidase activity in
CC
     vivo for the treatment of various disorders. Endogenous therapeutic
CC
CC
     peptides are not suitable as drug candidates as they require frequent
CC
     administration due to rapid degradation by peptidases in the body.
     Modifying and attaching therapeutic peptides to albumin prevents or
CC
     reduces the action of peptidases to increase length of activity (half
CC
     life) and specificity as bonding to large molecules decreases
CC
     intracellular uptake and interference with physiological processes.
CC
CC
     AAB90829 to AAB92441 represent peptides which can be used in the
CC
     exemplification of the present invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
```

```
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0.07;
                                 0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
                                                   0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qy
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 46
AAB48346
     AAB48346 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB48346;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     20-APR-2001
XX
     Beta-amyloid antigenic peptide (Abeta10-25).
DE
XX
KW
     Beta-amyloid; nootropic; neuroprotective; vaccine; antibody; brain;
     amyloid plaque; Alzheimer's disease; antigen.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
FH
                     Location/Qualifiers
     Key
     Modified-site
FT
                     17
FT
                     /note= "C-terminal amide"
XX
PN
     WO200077178-A1.
XX
PD
     21-DEC-2000.
XX
PF
     15-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US016551.
XX
PR
     16-JUN-1999;
                    99US-0139408P.
XX
PA
     (BOST-) BOSTON BIOMEDICAL RES INST.
XX
     Raso V;
PI
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-112220/12.
XX
PT
     New antibodies which catalyze hydrolysis of beta-amyloid at a
     predetermined amide linkage, useful for e.g. sequestering or reducing
PT
PT
     free beta-amyloid in the bloodstream and brain and preventing formation
PT
     of amyloid plaques.
XX
PS
     Example 1; Fig 3; 82pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to an antibody which catalyzes the hydrolysis of
CC
     beta-amyloid at a predetermined amide linkage. The antibodies are useful
CC
     for sequestering free beta-amyloid in the bloodstream of an animal,
CC
     reducing beta-amyloid levels in the brain, preventing formation of
CC
     amyloid plaques, and disaggregating amyloid plaques present in the brain,
CC
     thus may be used in treating patients diagnosed with or at risk for
     Alzheimer's disease. The present sequence represents a beta-amyloid
CC
CC
     antigenic peptide made from the central region of beta-amyloid. The
CC
     antigenic peptides were designed to be tested for suitability to antibody
```

```
CC
     -mediated therapy
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
  Query Match
                                   Score 40; DB 4; Length 17;
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%;
                                   Pred. No. 0.07;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
QУ
              8 KLVFFAED 15
Db
RESULT 47
ABB04911
     ABB04911 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
ID
XX
     ABB04911;
AC
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     14-MAR-2002
XX
     Human amyloid beta protein (beta-A4) peptide 12-28 SEQ ID NO:2.
DE
XX
     Human; amyloid beta protein; beta-A4; memory enhancement; learning.
KW
XX
     Homo sapiens.
OS
XX
PN
     US6320024-B1.
XX
PD
     20-NOV-2001.
XX
     09-MAR-1999;
PF
                    99US-00264709.
XX
     07-FEB-1997;
PR
                    97US-00797782.
XX
PA
     (ROBE/) ROBERTS E.
XX
PI
     Roberts E;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2002-096566/13.
XX
PT
     New peptide compound useful for design of substances that enhance memory.
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Col 1; 30pp; English.
XX
     The present invention describes a novel peptide compound comprising Lys-
CC
     His-Tyr-beta-alanine, which has a memory modulating effect. The peptide
CC
     has nootropic activity. The peptide can be used for the development of
CC
     topographic models useful to design and synthesise memory-enhancing and
CC
     life-quality improving substances. The peptide compound restores the
CC
     balance between excitatory and inhibitory systems in the brain, which is
CC
     required for optimal acquisition and retention of learning and helps to
CC
     correct defects in the balance that arise as a result of aging,
CC
CC
     infections and injury. The substances exert recyberneticising effects on
    nervous system function and has more prolonged desired effects at lower
CC
CC
     doses than the peptide structures. The substances mimic the action of
CC
     active peptides without having a peptide structure and do not subject to
```

```
degradation of peptide-splitting enzymes in the gut or other tissues. The
CC
     present sequence represents a human amyloid beta protein (beta-A4)
CC
     peptide, which is used in the exemplification of the present invention
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
  Query Match
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 5; Length 17;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.07;
                                  0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
                                                                  0; Gaps
  Matches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                               0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
QУ
              5 KLVFFAED 12
Db
RESULT 48
ABB99611
     ABB99611 standard; peptide; 17 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABB99611;
XX
     28-MAR-2003 (first entry)
DT
XX
\mathsf{DE}
     Peptide derived from human amyloid precursor protein (APP).
XX
     Amyloid precursor protein; APP; protein derivative;
KW
     neurodegenerative disease; Alzheimer's disease; cognitive enhancer.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO200283729-A2.
XX
PD
     24-OCT-2002.
XX
PF
     17-APR-2002; 2002WO-GB001769.
XX
PR
     18-APR-2001; 2001GB-00009558.
PR
     17-AUG-2001; 2001GB-00020084.
PR
     30-NOV-2001; 2001US-00998491.
PR
     28-MAR-2002; 2002GB-00007387.
XX
PΑ
     (UYOP-) UNIV OPEN.
XX
PI
     Mileusnic R, Rose SPR;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-111814/10.
XX
     Derivatives of polypeptides, useful for treating neurodegenerative
PT
     disease e.g. Alzheimer's disease, comprises one functional amino acid
PT
     residue or derivative protected by a protective group.
PT
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Page 3; 85pp; English.
XX
     The present sequence is derived from amyloid precursor protein (APP).
CC
CC
     Derivatives of the invention are based on APP sequences. The
CC
     specification describes a derivative of a polypeptide in which at least
```

```
one functional group of at least one amino acid residue or derivative is
     protected by a protective group. This derivative is of the formula given
CC
     in ABB99625. The derivative is useful in medicine and in the preparation
CC
CC
     of a medicament for use in the treatment of a neurodegenerative disease
CC
     e.g. Alzheimer's disease. It is also useful as a cognitive enhancer
XX
SQ
     Sequence 17 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 17;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.07;
             8; Conservative
                                                    0;
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                        Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
            5 KLVFFAED 12
RESULT 49
AAB10963
     AAB10963 standard; protein; 18 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB10963;
XX
DT
                 (first entry)
     07-FEB-2001
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid precursor protein peptide fragment.
XX
KW
     APP; amyloid precursor protein; human; alpha-secretase; ADAM 10;
     disintegrin-metalloprotease; protease; nootropic; neuroprotective;
KW
KW
     gene therapy; Alzheimer's disease.
XX
OS
     Unidentified.
XX
PN
     DE19910108-A1.
XX
PD
     21-SEP-2000.
XX
                    99DE-01010108.
PF
     08-MAR-1999;
XX
PR
     08-MAR-1999;
                    99DE-01010108.
XX
     (FAHR/) FAHRENHOLZ F.
PA
XX
PI
     Fahrenholz F, Postina R;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2000-588391/56.
XX
PT
     Recombinant cells, for identifying alpha-secretase active agents and
     identifying risk factors associated with Alzheimer's disease, comprise
PT
     amyloid precursor protein and alpha-secretase.
PT
XX
PS
     Example 13; Page 12; 24pp; German.
XX
     This invention describes a novel recombinant cell comprising recombinant
CC
CC
     nucleic acids encoding a region of human amyloid precursor protein
CC
     containing an alpha-secretase cleavage site and a protease or a
CC
     heterologous RNA coding for a substrate protein and a protease. The
```

```
CC
     invention also describes a recombinant cell, characterized in that it
CC
     contains recombinant nucleic acids comprising either: (a) a gene for a
CC
     substrate protein (SP), which comprises a sequence region of 18 amino
     acids of the human amyloid precursor protein (APP) or a homologous
CC
     protein, where the sequence region contains the alpha-secretase cleavage
CC
     site at a reference of 6 residues at the N-terminal and 12 residues at
CC
     the C-terminal; and (b) a gene for a protease protein (PP), that either
CC
     comprises a proteolytically active necessary sequence region or a
CC
     sequence region of the disintegrin metalloprotease ADAM 10 from a cow
CC
     (Bos taurus), from a human or other mammal or a mutant of this, which
CC
     shows the same enzymatic properties, where the genes are under the
CC
     control of heterologous promoters; or a heterologous RNA coding for a SP
CC
     and a PP. The products of the invention have nootropic and
CC
     neuroprotective activity and can be used for gene therapy. The protease
CC
     proteins of the invention are useful for proteolytic cleavage of
CC
     substrate proteins, especially human amyloid precursor protein. Dominant
CC
     negative forms of bovine, human or other mammalian disintegrin-
CC
     metalloprotease ADAM 10 proteins and their coding sequences are useful
CC
     for suppressing the alpha-secretase activity of a cell. Nucleic acid
CC
CC
     sequences encoding the proteases are useful for constructing vectors for
CC
     gene therapy. The proteins and recombinant cells are useful for
CC
     identifying secretases and pharmaceutical agents and to identify risk
     factors associated with Alzheimer's disease
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 18 AA;
  Query Match
                                   Score 40; DB 3; Length 18;
                          100.0%;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.075;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches 0; Indels
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              1 | | | | | | |
Db
            6 KLVFFAED 13
RESULT 50
AAW18882
     AAW18882 standard; peptide; 19 AA.
TD
XX
AC
     AAW18882;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     08-DEC-1997
XX
     AEDANS-beta-amyloid peptide fragment (9-25).
DE
XX
     beta-amyloid peptide; membrane protein; amyloid precursor protein;
KW
     fibril assembly; in vitro; detection; fluorescence; amyloidosis disorder;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; multiple myeloma; rheumatoid arthritis; diabetes;
KW
KW
     prion disorder.
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
FH
     Key
                     Location/Qualifiers
FT
    Modified-site
FT
                     /note= "AEDANS-Ac-Cys"
FT
    Modified-site
FT
                     /note= "Gly-CONH2"
```

```
XX
PN
     W09707402-A1.
XX
PD
     27-FEB-1997.
XX
PF
     16-AUG-1996;
                    96WO-CA000555.
XX
PR
     17-AUG-1995;
                    95US-00515615.
XX
PA
     (ONTA-) ONTARIO CANCER INST.
XX
PI
     Chakrabartty A;
XX
     WPI; 1997-165446/15.
DR
XX
     In vitro fluorescence monitoring of protein fibril assembly - esp. useful
PT
     for monitoring fibril assembly processes associated with amyloidosis
PT
PT
     disorders, esp. Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 26; Page 25; 40pp; English.
XX
     Beta-amyloid protein fibril assembly can be monitored using a new method
CC
CC
     for in vitro monitoring of peptide/protein fibril assembly using
     fluorescent energy transfer between closely juxtaposed donor and acceptor
CC
CC
     fluorophores. Two forms of beta-amyloid (9-25) were synthesised, one had
     a Trp residue attached to the N-terminus of the peptide (AAW18881), and
CC
CC
     the other (AAW18882) had a cysteine residue attached to the N-terminus,
     and an AEDANS group chemically linked to the sulfhydryl side chain of the
CC
     cysteine. When both forms of beta-amyloid are mixed together, fibrils
CC
     will assemble and in the fibril state the Trp and AEDANS groups will be
CC
CC
     closer in space than in the non-fibril state. Fluorescence energy
CC
     transfer between Trp and AEDANS increases when the two fluorphores are
CC
     close in space (i.e. efficiency of energy transfer will increase as the
     fibrils form) and the fluorescence can be measured. Fibril assembly
CC
CC
     processes associated with various amyloidosis disorders can be monitored
     by the method, especially Alzheimer's disease (claimed), multiple
CC
     myeloma, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes and prion disorders
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 19 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 19;
  Best Local Similarity
                         100.0%; Pred. No. 0.079;
             8; Conservative
                               0; Mismatches 0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              10 KLVFFAED 17
Db
RESULT 51
AAW18881
     AAW18881 standard; peptide; 19 AA.
ID
XX
AC
    AAW18881;
XX
DT
     08-DEC-1997 (first entry)
XX
```

```
Trp-Beta-amyloid peptide fragment (9-25).
DE
XX
     beta-amyloid peptide; membrane protein; amyloid precursor protein;
KW
     fibril assembly; in vitro; detection; fluorescence; amyloidosis disorder;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; multiple myeloma; rheumatoid arthritis; diabetes;
KW
     prion disorder.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
     Key
FH
                     Location/Qualifiers
     Modified-site
FT
                     /note= "Acetyl-Trp"
FT
FT
     Modified-site
FT
                     /note= "Gly-CONH2"
XX
PN
     WO9707402-A1.
XX
     27-FEB-1997.
PD
XX
PF
     16-AUG-1996;
                    96WO-CA000555.
XX
PR
     17-AUG-1995;
                    95US-00515615.
XX
PA
     (ONTA-) ONTARIO CANCER INST.
XX
PI
     Chakrabartty A;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1997-165446/15.
XX
     In vitro fluorescence monitoring of protein fibril assembly - esp. useful
PT
     for monitoring fibril assembly processes associated with amyloidosis
PT
     disorders, esp. Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 36; Page 25; 40pp; English.
XX
     Beta-amyloid protein fibril assembly can be monitored using a new method
CC
CC
     for in vitro monitoring of peptide/protein fibril assembly using
     fluorescent energy transfer between closely juxtaposed donor and acceptor
CC
CC
     fluorophores. Two forms of beta-amyloid (9-25) were synthesised, one had
CC
     a Trp residue attached to the N-terminus of the peptide (AAW18881), and
CC
     the other (AAW18882) had a cysteine residue attached to the N-terminus,
     and an AEDANS group chemically linked to the sulfhydryl side chain of the
CC
     cysteine. When both forms of beta-amyloid are mixed together, fibrils
CC
CC
     will assemble and in the fibril state the Trp and AEDANS groups will be
CC
     closer in space than in the non-fibril state. Fluorescence energy
     transfer between Trp and AEDANS increases when the two fluorphores are
CC
CC
     close in space (i.e. efficiency of energy transfer will increase as the
     fibrils form) and the fluorescence can be measured. Fibril assembly
CC
    processes associated with various amyloidosis disorders can be monitored
CC
    by the method, especially Alzheimer's disease (claimed), multiple
CC
    myeloma, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetes and prion disorders
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 19 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 19;
  Query Match
 Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.079;
             8; Conservative
 Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
```

```
1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              10 KLVFFAED 17
Db
RESULT 52
AAY79935
     AAY79935 standard; peptide; 19 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAY79935;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     11-MAY-2000
XX
     Beta-amyloid inhibitor peptide SEQ ID NO:11.
DE
XX
     Beta-amyloid; inhibitor; recognition element; hybrid; aggregation;
KW
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; neuroprotective; nootropic.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
     Synthetic.
OS
XX
PN
     US6022859-A.
XX
     08-FEB-2000.
PD
XX
PF
     14-NOV-1997;
                    97US-00970833.
XX
PR
     15-NOV-1996;
                    96US-0030840P.
XX
     (WISC ) WISCONSIN ALUMNI RES FOUND.
PA
XX
PI
                 Kiessling LL;
     Murphy RM,
XX
DR
     WPI; 2000-160387/14.
XX
PT
     Beta-amyloid inhibitor useful for treating Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 3; Col 19-20; 15pp; English.
XX
CC
     The present sequence represents a beta-amyloid inhibitor peptide. Beta-
     amyloid inhibitors have neuroprotective and nootropic properties. The
CC
CC
     inhibitor peptides are useful for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ
     Sequence 19 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 3; Length 19;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.079;
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
  Matches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
           10 KLVFFAED 17
```

```
AAB49097 standard; peptide; 19 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB49097;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     27-MAR-2001
XX
     Human amyloid beta peptide (residues 13-28), SEQ ID NO:33.
DE
XX
     Amyloid disease; amyloid fibril deposition; amyloid plaque; immunogenic;
KW
     antibody; vaccine; Alzheimer's disease; type 2 diabetes;
KW
     reactive system amyloidosis; systemic senile amyloidosis;
KW
     familial amyloid cardiomyopathy; transmissible spongiform encephalopathy;
KW
     Creutzfeld-Jakob disease; Kuru;
KW
     haemodialysis-asssociated beta-2-microglobulin deposition;
KW
KW
     amyloid beta peptide.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     W0200072876-A2.
XX
     07-DEC-2000.
PD
XX
PF
     01-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US015239.
XX
PR
     01-JUN-1999;
                    99US-0137010P.
XX
PA
     (NEUR-) NEURALAB LTD.
XX
PI
     Schenk DB;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2001-070921/08.
XX
     Pharmaceutical composition comprising immunogen against amyloid component
PT
     such as fibril peptide or protein, or antibody against amyloid component
PT
PT
     useful for treating amyloid diseases or amyloidoses.
XX
PS
     Example IV; Page 74; 140pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention relates to a novel pharmaceutical composition for
CC
     preventing or treating a disease characterised by amyloid fibril deposits
CC
     (amyloid plaques) in a patient. The pharmaceutical composition comprises
CC
     an agent that will induce an immune response against an amyloid
CC
     component, or an antibody or antibody fragment that binds to an amyloid
     component. The invention also relates to a method for determining the
CC
CC
     prognosis of a patient undergoing treatment for an amyloid disorder which
     involves measuring a patient serum amount of immunoreactivity against a
CC
     selected amyloid component. A patient serum immunoreactivity of at least
CC
     four times a base line serum immunoreactivity control level indicates a
CC
     prognosis of improved status with respect to the disorder. The
CC
CC
     pharmaceutical compositions of the invention are useful for treating a
CC
     wide variety of disorders characterised by amyloid fibril deposition in a
CC
     patient. Such disorders include Alzheimer's disease characterised by
     amyloid beta peptide fibril deposits; type 2 diabetes characterised by
CC
```

islet amyloid protein peptide (IAPP, amylin) fibrils; reactive systemic

rheumatoid arthritis, osteomyelitis, tuberculosis) characterised by AA

fibrils derived from serum amyloid A protein (ApoSSA)); systemic senile

amyloidosis associated with systemic inflammatory diseases (e.g.,

CC

CC

CC

```
CC
     amyloidosis and familial amyloid cardiomyopathy characterised by ATTR
     fibrils derived from transthyretin (TTR); transmissible spongiform
CC
     encephalopathies (e.g. Creutzfeld-Jakob disease, Kuru) characterised by
CC
     prion protein deposits; and beta-2-microglobulin deposits which form as a
CC
     result of long term haemodialysis treatment. The present sequence
CC
     represents a human amyloid beta peptide which was conjugated to sheep
CC
CC
     anti-mouse IgG in an exemplification of the invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 19 AA;
  Query Match
                                   Score 40; DB 4; Length 19;
                          100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.079;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                  0;
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            4 KLVFFAED 11
RESULT 54
AAB46201
     AAB46201 standard; peptide; 19 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAB46201;
XX
DT
     04-APR-2001
                  (first entry)
XX
     Human APP A-beta 13-28 peptide.
DE
XX
     Amyloid deposit; APP; Abeta; brain; human; clearing response; nootropic;
KW
     Fc receptor mediated phagocytosis; immunogenic response; neuroprotective;
KW
     amyloid precursor protein; Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
ΡN
     W0200072880-A2.
XX
     07-DEC-2000.
PD
XX
     26-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US014810.
PF
XX
     28-MAY-1999;
PR
                    99US-00322289.
XX
PA
     (NEUR-) NEURALAB LTD.
XX
PI
     Schenk DB, Bard F, Vasquez NJ, Yednock T;
XX
     WPI; 2001-032104/04.
DR
XX
     Preventing or treating a disease associated with amyloid deposits,
PT
     especially Alzheimer's disease, comprises administering amyloid specific
PT
PT
     antibody.
XX
     Disclosure; Page 61; 143pp; English.
PS
XX
     This invention describes a novel method of preventing or treating a
CC
     disease associated with amyloid deposits of amyloid precursor protein
CC
```

```
(APP) Abeta fragments in the brain of a patient, which comprises
CC
     administering to the patient: (a) an antibody that binds to Abeta, the
CC
     antibody binds to an amyloid deposit and induces a clearing response (Fc
CC
     receptor mediated phagocytosis) against it (b) a polypeptide containing
CC
     an N-terminal segment of at least residues 1-5 of Abeta; or (c) an agent
CC
     that induces an immunogenic response against residues 1-3 to 7-11 of
CC
     Abeta. The products of the invention have nootropic and neuroprotective
CC
     activity. The method is also useful for monitoring a course of treatment
CC
     being administered to a patient e.g. active and passive immunization. The
CC
     methods are useful for prophylactic and therapeutic treatment of
CC
CC
     Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ
     Sequence 19 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 4; Length 19;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.079;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches 0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            4 KLVFFAED 11
RESULT 55
AAY79934
ID
     AAY79934 standard; peptide; 20 AA.
XX
AC
     AAY79934;
XX
DT
                 (first entry)
     11-MAY-2000
XX
     Beta-amyloid inhibitor peptide SEQ ID NO:10.
DE
XX
     Beta-amyloid; inhibitor; recognition element; hybrid; aggregation;
KW
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; neuroprotective; nootropic.
XX
     Homo sapiens.
OS
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     US6022859-A.
XX
     08-FEB-2000.
PD
XX
     14-NOV-1997;
PF
                    97US-00970833.
XX
PR
     15-NOV-1996;
                    96US-0030840P.
XX
PA
     (WISC ) WISCONSIN ALUMNI RES FOUND.
XX
PI
    Murphy RM, Kiessling LL;
XX
DR
    WPI; 2000-160387/14.
XX
    Beta-amyloid inhibitor useful for treating Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
PS
    Claim 2; Col 17-18; 15pp; English.
XX
```

```
The present sequence represents a beta-amyloid inhibitor peptide. Beta-
CC
     amyloid inhibitors have neuroprotective and nootropic properties. The
CC
     inhibitor peptides are useful for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 20 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 3; Length 20;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.083;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            3 KLVFFAED 10
RESULT 56
AAY30941
     AAY30941 standard; peptide; 21 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAY30941;
XX
DT
     19-OCT-1999
                  (first entry)
XX
     Human secretase SEC-alphal peptide fragment.
DE
XX
     Secretase; hyperforin; treatment; Alzheimer's disease; purification;
KW
     adhyperforin; St. John's Wort; storage stabile; pharmaceutical; symptom;
KW
KW
     SEC-alphal; human.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO9941220-A1.
XX
PD
     19-AUG-1999.
XX
     04-FEB-1999;
PF
                    99WO-EP000737.
XX
     13-FEB-1998;
PR
                    98DE-01005947.
XX
PΑ
     (SCHW-) SCHWABE GMBH & CO WILLMAR.
XX
PI
     Chatterjee SS, Erdelmeier C, Klessing K, Marme D, Schaechtele C;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1999-508609/42.
XX
PT
     Hyperforin and adhyperforin isolated from St. John's Wort for treatment
PT
     of Alzheimers.
XX
     Example 34; Fig 1; 41pp; German.
PS
XX
     This invention describes novel hyperforin and adhyperforin salts of
CC
     formula (I): (A-)m (B)p+, where m = 1-3; (A-) = an anion of formula (II);
CC
     n = 0-1; (B)p+ = an alkali metal ion or an ammonium ion of a salt-forming
CC
     nitrogen base of formula (III); R1-R3 = H, an optionally branched alkyl,
CC
     cycloalkyl, bicycloalkyl, tricycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkinyl,
CC
     heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl or a heteroarylalkyl group,
CC
     all optionally substituted with one or more hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy,
CC
```

```
alkanoyl, aroyl, carboxy, alkoxycarbamoyl, ureido, amidino, guanidino,
 CC
      cyano, azido, mercapto, alkylthio, alkylsulphoxy, alkylsulphonyl,
      alkylsulphenyl, aminosulphonyl, fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, alkyl or
 CC
      perfluoroalkyl; R1+R2 = together with an N-atom form, together with a N-
 CC
      Atom an azetidin-, pyrrolidin-, pyrrolin-, piperidin-, piperazin-,
 CC
 CC
      homopiperazin-, morpholin-, thiomorpholin-, pyridin-, di- or tetra-
      hydropyridin-, pyrimidin-, pyrazin-, azepin-, dihydroazepin-, oxazepin-,
 CC
      diazepin-, imidazol-, pyrazol-, oxazol- or thiazol-ring, optionally with
 CC
 CC
      aliphatic, heteroaliphatic, aromatic or heteroaromatic rings or
 CC
      substituted with hydroxy, alkoxy, aryloxy, alkanoyl, aroyl, carboxy,
      alkoxycarbamoyl, ureido, amidino, guanidino, cyano, azido, mercapto,
 CC
      alkylthio, alkylsulphoxy, alkylsulphonyl, alkylsulphenyl, aminosulphonyl,
 CC
      fluoro, chloro, bromo, iodo, alkyl or perfluoroalkyl; R4 = H, or an
CC
     optionally branched alkyl group. The preparation is used to purify the
 CC
     hyperforin and/or adhyperforin content in St. John's Wort extracts. The
 CC
     obtained salts are storage stabile and can be used in pharmaceutical
CC
     compositions for the treatment of Alzheimer's disease and its symptoms.
CC
     This sequence represents a fragment of the human secretase SEC-alpha1
CC
CC
     protein which is used to illustrate the method of the invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 21 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 21;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.088;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                      Gaps
                                                                  0;
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
           11 KLVFFAED 18
RESULT 57
AAR52569
     AAR52569 standard; peptide; 24 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAR52569;
XX
DT
     16-DEC-1994 (first entry)
XX
DE
     Alzheimer's disease related immunogen.
XX
     Alzheimer's disease; senile dementia; immunogen.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     JP06009693-A.
XX
     18-JAN-1994.
PD
XX
PF
     23-JAN-1992;
                    92JP-00031341.
XX
PŔ
     23-JAN-1992;
                    92JP-00031341.
XX
PΑ
     (EIKE ) EIKEN KAGAKU KK.
XX
DR
     WPI; 1994-146876/18.
XX
```

```
Alzheimer's disease related protein isolated from serum of patient -
ΡŢ
PT
    useful in diagnosis.
XX
    Claim 1; Page 2; 8pp; Japanese.
PS
XX
CC
    A monoclonal antibody raised against the synthetic peptide AAR52569 as
    immunogen reacts with a new Alzheimer's disease related protein. The
CC
CC
    novel protein has a mol.wt. of 20kD (by SDS-PAGE), isoelectric point of
CC
     ca. 5-7 and is abundant in serum of AD patients
XX
SQ
     Sequence 24 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 24;
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.1;
            8; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels
 Matches
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              16 KLVFFAED 23
Db
RESULT 58
AAW47229
    AAW47229 standard; peptide; 26 AA.
ID
XX
AC
    AAW47229;
XX
DT
    22-MAY-1998 (first entry)
XX
    Beta-amyloid peptide residues 10-35.
DE
XX
    Screening assay; beta-amyloid peptide; treatment; amyloidosis disease;
KW
    Alzheimer's disease.
KW
XX
OS
    Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
    US5721106-A.
XX
PD
    24-FEB-1998.
XX
PF
    12-SEP-1994;
                    94US-00304585.
XX
                    91US-00744767.
PR
     13-AUG-1991;
XX
     (MINU ) UNIV MINNESOTA.
PA
     (HARD ) HARVARD COLLEGE.
PA
XX
PI
    Mantyh PW, Maggio JE;
XX
    WPI; 1998-168404/15.
DR
XX
PT
    New in vitro screening assay for Alzheimer's disease drugs - comprises
PT
    assessing binding of labelled beta-amyloid peptide to silk sample.
XX
PS
    Claim 8; Col 31-32; 36pp; English.
XX
CC
    The present sequence was used in the development of a novel in vitro
```

```
screening assay for agents capable of affecting the deposition of beta-
CC
     amyloid peptide (BAP) on tissue. The method comprises contacting a silk
CC
     sample with labelled BAP, optionally in the presence of a test agent,
CC .
     detecting the amount of label bound to the silk and assessing the effect
CC
     of the agent on the deposition of BAP. Agents that inhibit binding of BAP
CC
     to silk are potentially useful for treating amyloidosis diseases,
CC
CC
     especially Alzheimer's disease
XX
SQ
     Sequence 26 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 26;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.11;
  Best Local Similarity
  Matches
              8; Conservative
                                                    0; Indels
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
            7 KLVFFAED 14
RESULT 59
AAY33408
ID
     AAY33408 standard; peptide; 26 AA.
XX
AC
     AAY33408;
XX
DT
     03-DEC-1999
                  (first entry)
XX
     Human amyloidogenic A-beta peptide 2.
DE
XX
     Amyloidogenic; beta-amyloid; A-beta peptide; human; inhibitor;
KW
     fibrillogenesis; amyloid plaque; amyloidosis; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
KW
     Down's Syndrome.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO9941279-A2.
XX
     19-AUG-1999.
PD
XX
     12-FEB-1999;
PF
                    99WO-US003231.
XX
PR
     13-FEB-1998;
                    98US-0074658P.
XX
PA
     (ARCH-) ARCH DEV CORP.
XX
     Lynn DG, Meredith SC, Burkoth TS;
PI
XX
DR
     WPI; 1999-561326/47.
XX
     Inhibiting amyloid plaque formation in humans suffering from amyloidosis,
PT
     Alzheimer's disease or Down's Syndrome.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 22; Page 140; 141pp; English.
XX
     This invention describes a novel method for inhibiting amyloid
CC
     fibrillogenesis which comprises contacting tissue with a composition
CC
CC
     comprising an amyloidogenic peptide, beta-amyloid, that has been blocked
```

```
at an end terminal or a side chain, by conjugation to polyethylene
 CC
      glycol, by conjugation to a second compound and a pharmaceutically
 CC
      acceptable buffer, solvent or diluent. The methods are used to inhibit
 CC
      amyloid plaque formation in humans suffering from amyloidosis,
 CC
      Alzheimer's disease or Down's Syndrome. This sequence represents a
 CC
      fragment of the beta-amyloid peptide described in the method of the
 CC
 CC
      invention
XX
 SQ
      Sequence 26 AA;
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 26;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                           100.0%; Pred. No. 0.11;
                                  0; Mismatches
  Matches
              8; Conservative
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
               Db
             7 KLVFFAED 14
RESULT 60
ABU63718
     ABU63718 standard; peptide; 26 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     ABU63718;
XX
     15-OCT-2003
DT
                  (first entry)
XX
     Rat amyloid beta 1-40 (Abeta1-40) peptide insulysin cleavage product #11.
DΕ
XX
     Rat; amyloid beta; Abeta; amyloid fibril; amyloid plaque; neurotoxicity;
KW
     amyloid peptide-inactivating enzyme; hydrolysis; zinc metallopeptidase;
KW
     insulin degrading enzyme; IDE; insulysin; neprelysin; peptide therapy;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; nootropic; neuroprotective.
KW
XX
OS
     Rattus sp.
XX
PN
     US2003083277-A1.
XX
PD
     01-MAY-2003.
XX
     26-FEB-2001; 2001US-00792079.
PF
XX
PR
     24-FEB-2000; 2000US-0184826P.
XX
PΑ
     (HERS/) HERSH L B.
XX
PI
     Hersh LB;
XX
DR
     WPI; 2003-576623/54.
XX
     Preventing formation or growth of amyloid fibrils or plaques without
PT
     causing neurotoxicity, useful for treating Alzheimer's disease, comprises
PT
     administering an amyloid peptide inactivating enzyme.
PT
XX
PS
     Example 11; Page 9; 20pp; English.
XX
CC
     The invention discloses a method for preventing the formation or growth
```

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of amyloid fibrils or plaques without causing neurotoxicity. The method
CC
     comprises administering an inactivation effective amount of an amyloid
CC
     peptide-inactivating enzyme to a mammal. The strategy is to hydrolyse the
CC
     amyloid beta (Abeta) peptides before they form amyloid plaques using the
CC
     zinc metallopeptidase insulin degrading enzyme (IDE), insulysin or
CC
     neprelysin. The methods and enzymes are useful for treating (e.g peptide
CC
     therapy) Alzheimer's disease. The enzymes are useful for inducing the
CC
     synthesis of endogenous amyloid inactivating enzymes, such as insulysin
CC
     or neprelysin, within the brain of the affected individuals. The sequence
CC
     presented is a Abeta1-40 peptide insulysin cleavage product
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 26 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 6; Length 26;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.11;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                   0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
            2 KLVFFAED 9
RESULT 61
AAY33409
     AAY33409 standard; peptide; 27 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAY33409;
XX
DT
     03-DEC-1999 (first entry)
XX
     Human amyloidogenic A-beta peptide C-terminal fragment.
DE
XX
     Amyloidogenic; beta-amyloid; A-beta peptide; human; inhibitor;
KW
     fibrillogenesis; amyloid plaque; amyloidosis; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
     Down's Syndrome.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
     WO9941279-A2.
PN
XX
PD
     19-AUG-1999.
XX
PF
     12-FEB-1999;
                    99WO-US003231.
XX
     13-FEB-1998;
PR
                    98US-0074658P.
XX
PA
     (ARCH-) ARCH DEV CORP.
XX
PI
     Lynn DG, Meredith SC,
                             Burkoth TS;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1999-561326/47.
XX
     Inhibiting amyloid plaque formation in humans suffering from amyloidosis,
PT
     Alzheimer's disease or Down's Syndrome.
PT
XX
PS
     Disclosure; Page 141; 141pp; English.
XX
```

```
CC
     This invention describes a novel method for inhibiting amyloid
     fibrillogenesis which comprises contacting tissue with a composition
CC
     comprising an amyloidogenic peptide, beta-amyloid, that has been blocked
CC
     at an end terminal or a side chain, by conjugation to polyethylene
CC
     glycol, by conjugation to a second compound and a pharmaceutically
CC
CC
     acceptable buffer, solvent or diluent. The methods are used to inhibit
CC
     amyloid plaque formation in humans suffering from amyloidosis,
CC
     Alzheimer's disease or Down's Syndrome. This sequence represents the C-
     terminal fragment of a PEG-derivatized beta-amyloid peptide described in
CC
CC
     the method of the invention
XX
SQ
     Sequence 27 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 27;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                         100.0%; Pred. No. 0.11;
             8; Conservative
                              0; Mismatches 0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                 0; Gaps
                                                                             0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              Db
            8 KLVFFAED 15
RESULT 62
AAP70594
     AAP70594 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAP70594;
XX
     25-MAR-2003 (revised)
DT
DT
     15-APR-1991 (first entry)
XX
     Sequence of Alzheimer's amyloid polypeptide (AAP).
DE
XX
KW
     Diagnosis; immunologic assay.
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
     US4666829-A.
PN
XX
PD
     19-MAY-1987.
XX
     15-MAY-1985;
                    85US-00734660.
PF
XX
     15-MAY-1985;
PR
                    85US-00734660.
XX
     (REGC ) UNIV CALIFORNIA.
PA
XX
                 Wong CW;
     Glenner GG,
PI
XX
     WPI; 1987-157148/22.
DR
XX
PT
     Alzheimer's amyloid polypeptide - used for obtaining antibodies and
     nucleotide probes for diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease.
PT
XX
     Claim 1; Col 11; 8pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     Brains obtd. from patients suspected of having Alzheimer's disease and
```

```
exhibiting extensive cerebrovascular amyloidosis were used for AAP
CC
CC
     isolation. The AAP can be used to obtain antibodies which can be used as
     reagents (claimed) in a blood or tissue immunologic assay for the
CC
     disease. It can also be used to develop a probe (claimed) which can be
CC
     used in a diagnostic test (claimed). (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct
CC
CC
     PA field.)
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 1; Length 28;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
           16 KLVFFAED 23
RESULT 63
AAP90381
     AAP90381 standard; protein; 28 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAP90381;
XX
DT
                  (revised)
     25-MAR-2003
DT
     01-NOV-1989
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Synthetic A4 amyloid peptide.
XX
KW
     Synthetic; A4 amyloid polypeptide; Alzheimer's disease; immunoassays;
KW
     antibodies.
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     W08906242-A.
XX
     13-JUL-1989.
PD
XX
PF
     11-OCT-1988;
                    88WO-US003590.
XX
PR
     08-OCT-1987;
                    87US-00105751.
XX
     (MCLE-) MCLEAN HOSPITAL CORP.
PA
PA
     (UYRP ) UNIV ROCHESTER.
XX
PI
     Majocha R, Marotta CA, Zain S;
XX
     WPI; 1989-220551/30.
DR
XX
     Antibodies to A4 amyloid polypeptide - used in immunoassays and for
PT
     imaging of A4-amyloid in Alzheimer's diseased patients.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 1; Page 27; 30pp; English.
XX
     Synthetic A4 amyloid polypeptide (see also AAP90382, AAP90383). Used as
CC
     immunogen, (un)coupled, or to produce antibodies. Used in immunoassays
CC
CC
     and for imaging of A4 amyloid in Alzheimer's disease. (Updated on 25-MAR-
```

```
CC
     2003 to correct PA field.)
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
  Query Match
                                    Score 40; DB 1; Length 28;
                           100.0%;
  Best Local Similarity
                           100.0%;
                                    Pred. No. 0.12;
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                     0; Indels
                                                                    0; Gaps
             1 KLVFFAED 8
Qy
               Db
           16 KLVFFAED 23
RESULT 64
AAR60368
ID
     AAR60368 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
XX
AC
     AAR60368;
XX
     25-MAR-2003
                   (revised)
DT
     15-MAR-1995
\mathrm{D}\mathbf{T}
                   (first entry)
XX
DE
     Beta-amyloid (1-28).
XX
KW
     Amyloid precursor protein; APP; Alzheimer's disease; beta-amyloid;
     anti-beta-amyloid antibody; diagnosis; immunogen; antigen; epitope.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
ΡN
     WO9417197-A1.
XX
PD
     04-AUG-1994.
XX
PF
     24-JAN-1994;
                     94WO-JP000089.
XX
                     93JP-00010132.
     25-JAN-1993;
PR
PR
     05-FEB-1993;
                     93JP-00019035.
PR
     16-NOV-1993;
                     93JP-00286985.
     28-DEC-1993;
                     93JP-00334773.
PR
XX
PA
     (TAKE ) TAKEDA CHEM IND LTD.
XX
PI
     Suzuki N, Odaka A,
                           Kitada C;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1994-264110/32.
XX
PT
     Antibodies recognising specific parts of beta-amyloid - can be used for
     diagnosis of diseases implicating beta-amyloid, such as Alzheimer's
PT
PT
     disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 7; Page 84; 116pp; Japanese.
XX
CC
     Antibodies which recognise specific subfragments of the beta-amyloid
CC
     protein are claimed. Specifically, the antibodies (which are pref.
CC
     monoclonal) recognise residues 1-16 and/or 1-28 from the N-terminal
     portion of beta-amyloid or they recognise residues 25-35 or 35-43 from
CC
     the C-terminal portion. The antibodies are useful for assaying beta-
CC
```

0;

```
amyloid and its derivatives for diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease.
CC
      (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
  Query Match
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 28;
  Best Local Similarity
                           100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
              8; Conservative
  Matches
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                                   0; Gaps
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                               0;
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
               16 KLVFFAED 23
Db
RESULT 65
AAR54702
     AAR54702 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAR54702;
XX
     25-MAR-2003
DT
                  (revised)
\mathsf{DT}
     15-DEC-1994
                  (first entry)
XX
DΕ
     Beta-amyloid fragment (1-28).
XX
     Beta-amyloid protein; BAP; Alzheimer's disease; diagnosis.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO9409364-A1.
XX
PD
     28-APR-1994.
XX
PF
     13-OCT-1993;
                    93WO-US009772.
XX
                    92US-00959251.
PR
     13-OCT-1992;
XX
PA
     (UYDU-) UNIV DUKE.
XX
PI
     Strittmatter WJ;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1994-151484/18.
XX
     Immobilised beta-amyloid protein or fragments - used in assays for
PT
     obtaining prods for use in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders such
PT
PΤ
     as Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Claim 4; Page 28; 49pp; English.
XX
CC
     A construct comprising a beta-amyloid protein (BAP) or fragment (esp. the
CC
     peptides given in AAR54702-03) immobilised on a solid support can be used
     to detect cpds. which bind to BAP. Binding of proteins in human
CC
     cerebrospinal fluid proteins were shown to bind to beta- amyloid peptides
CC
CC
     1-28 and 12-28. Hydropathic mimic peptide (12-28) was used as control.
CC
     (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
```

```
Query Match
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 28;
   Best Local Similarity
                           100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
  Matches
              8; Conservative
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                               0;
Qу
             1 KLVFFAED 8
               Db
            16 KLVFFAED 23
RESULT 66
AAR64171
     AAR64171 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAR64171;
XX
     25-MAR-2003
DT
                  (revised)
DT
     03-AUG-1995
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     A4-P(1-28) a partial beta amyloid peptide.
XX
     beta amyloid protein; mutant; variant; detection; amyloid deposition;
KW
     diagnosis; amyloidosis associated disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
     Down's syndrome; A4-P(1-28).
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
     WO9428412-A1.
PN
XX
     08-DEC-1994.
PD
XX
PF
     27-MAY-1994;
                    94WO-US005809.
XX
PR
     28-MAY-1993;
                    93US-00069010.
XX
PA
     (MIRI-) MIRIAM HOSPITAL.
XX
PI
     Marotta CA, Majocha RE;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1995-023013/03.
XX
     Amyloid binding composition comprising labelled amyloid protein and
PT
PT
     carrier - useful for in vivo imaging of amyloid deposits, for diagnosing
PT
     Alzheimer's disease and Down's Syndrome.
XX
     Example 3; Page 23; 58pp; English.
PS
XX
     AAR64171, the A4-P(1-28) polypeptide is deriv. from vascular amyloid of
CC
     the AD (Alzheimer's disease) brain and a Down Syndrome brain. Three of
CC
     the 28 amino acids are different from the A4-O(1-28) peptide shown in
CC
CC
     AAR64170. A4-0 has strong aggregation properties, and binds to itself
     strongly. It is used to obtain and select beta amyloid proteins that can
CC
CC
     be used for in vivo imaging of amyloid deposits and hence diagnosis of an
     amyloidosis-associated disease, such as AD or Down's syndrome. AAR64165
CC
     shows the generic sequence of the amyloid protein for generation of
CC
CC
     variants. (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
XX
```

```
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 28;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
                                                    0; Indels
                                  0; Mismatches
                                                                  0; Gaps
  Matches
             8; Conservative
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              16 KLVFFAED 23
Db
RESULT 67
AAR64164
     AAR64164 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
     AAR64164;
AC
XX
DT
     25-MAR-2003
                  (revised)
DT
     02-AUG-1995
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     Generic beta amyloid protein variant.
XX
     generic sequence; beta amyloid protein; mutant; variant; detection;
KW
     amyloid deposition; diagnosis; amyloidosis associated disease;
KW
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; Down's syndrome.
XX
     Synthetic.
OS
XX
                     Location/Qualifiers
FH
     Key
FT
     Misc-difference 11
FT
                     /note= "Glu or Gln"
FT
     Misc-difference 27
                     /note= "Ser or Asn"
FT
FT
     Misc-difference 28
FT
                     /note= "Ala or Lys"
XX
PN
     WO9428412-A1.
XX
PD
     08-DEC-1994.
XX
PF
     27-MAY-1994;
                    94WO-US005809.
XX
PR
     28-MAY-1993;
                    93US-00069010.
XX
PA
     (MIRI-) MIRIAM HOSPITAL.
XX
PI
     Marotta CA, Majocha RE;
XX
     WPI; 1995-023013/03.
DR
XX
PT
     Amyloid binding composition comprising labelled amyloid protein and
     carrier - useful for in vivo imaging of amyloid deposits, for diagnosing
PT
     Alzheimer's disease and Down's Syndrome.
PT
XX
PS
     Claim 3; Page 42; 58pp; English.
XX
```

AAR64164 shows the generic amino acid sequence of a variant beta amyloid

```
protein. The protein binds amyloid and is useful for in vivo imaging of
CC
     amyloid deposits and hence diagnosis of an amyloidosis-associated
CC
     disease, such as Alzheimer's disease or Down's syndrome. AAR64165-69 show
CC
     specifc variants generated from this generic sequence with addition amino
CC
     acids. (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 28;
  Query Match
  Best Local Similarity
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
             8; Conservative
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
  Matches
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              16 KLVFFAED 23
Db
RESULT 68
AAR64172
     AAR64172 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
     AAR64172;
AC
XX
DT
     25-MAR-2003
                  (revised)
                  (first entry)
     03-AUG-1995
DT
XX
     A4-B(1-28) a partial beta amyloid peptide.
DE
XX
     beta amyloid protein; mutant; variant; detection; amyloid deposition;
KW
     diagnosis; amyloidosis associated disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
KW
     Down's syndrome; A4-B(1-28).
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO9428412-A1.
XX
PD
     08-DEC-1994.
XX
PF
     27-MAY-1994;
                    94WO-US005809.
XX
PR
     28-MAY-1993;
                    93US-00069010.
XX
PA
     (MIRI-) MIRIAM HOSPITAL.
XX
PI
     Marotta CA, Majocha RE;
XX
     WPI; 1995-023013/03.
DR
XX
     Amyloid binding composition comprising labelled amyloid protein and
PT
     carrier - useful for in vivo imaging of amyloid deposits, for diagnosing
PT
PT
     Alzheimer's disease and Down's Syndrome.
XX
PS
     Example 3; Page 23; 58pp; English.
XX
CC
     AAR64172, the A4-B(1-28) polypeptide is deriv. from vascular amyloid of
     the AD (Alzheimer's disease) brain and a Down Syndrome brain. Three of
CC
     the 28 amino acids are different from the A4-O(1-28) peptide shown in
CC
```

```
CC
     AAR64170. A4-0 has strong aggregation properties, and binds to itself
     strongly. It is used to obtain and select beta amyloid proteins that can
CC
CC
     be used for in vivo imaging of amyloid deposits and hence diagnosis of an
     amyloidosis-associated disease, such as AD or Down's syndrome. AAR64165
CC
     shows the generic sequence of the amyloid protein for generation of
CC
     variants. (Updated on 25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2;
                                                      Length 28;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
  Best Local Similarity
                                 0; Mismatches
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              Db
           16 KLVFFAED 23
RESULT 69
AAR64170
ID
     AAR64170 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
XX
AC
     AAR64170;
XX
DT
     25-MAR-2003
                  (revised)
DT
     03-AUG-1995
                  (first entry)
XX
DE
     A4-O(1-28) a partial beta amyloid peptide.
XX
KW
     beta amyloid protein; mutant; variant; detection; amyloid deposition;
     diagnosis; amyloidosis associated disease; Alzheimer's disease;
KW
KW
     Down's syndrome; A4-O(1-28).
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
PN
     WO9428412-A1.
XX
     08-DEC-1994.
PD
XX
PF
     27-MAY-1994;
                    94WO-US005809.
XX
                    93US-00069010.
PR
     28-MAY-1993;
XX
PA
     (MIRI-) MIRIAM HOSPITAL.
XX
PI
     Marotta CA, Majocha RE;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1995-023013/03.
XX
     Amyloid binding composition comprising labelled amyloid protein and
PT
     carrier - useful for in vivo imaging of amyloid deposits, for diagnosing
PT
PT
     Alzheimer's disease and Down's Syndrome.
XX
PS
     Example 1; Page 23; 58pp; English.
XX
     AAR64170, the A4-O(1-28) polypeptide is the first 28 amino acids of the
CC
     4.2 kD peptide deriv. from senile plaque cores of an AD (Alzheimer's
CC
```

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CC
      disease) brain, known as beta amyloid. A4-O has strong aggregation
CC
     properties, and binds to itself strongly. This peptide is used to obtain
      and select beta amyloid proteins that can be used for in vivo imaging of
CC
      amyloid deposits and hence diagnosis of an amyloidosis-associated
CC
     disease, such as AD or Down's syndrome. AAR64165 shows the generic
CC
      sequence of the amyloid protein for generation of variants. (Updated on
CC
     25-MAR-2003 to correct PN field.)
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
  Query Match
                                    Score 40; DB 2; Length 28;
                           100.0%;
                           100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                  0: Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                               0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
               Db
           16 KLVFFAED 23
RESULT 70
AAW01413
     AAW01413 standard; protein; 28 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAW01413;
XX
DT
                  (first entry)
     20-JAN-1997
XX
     Beta/A4-amyloid peptide residues 1-28.
DE
XX
     Beta/A4-amyloid peptide; tissue plasminogen activator;
KW
     Alzheimer's disease; stimulation; investigation; pathogenesis;
KW
     hereditary cerebral haemorrhage with amyloidosis-Dutch type; control;
KW
     cerebral amyloid angiopathy; cerebral; haemorrhage; hemorrhage.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     WO9615799-A1.
XX
     30-MAY-1996.
PD
XX
PF
     22-NOV-1995;
                    95WO-US015007.
XX
PR
     22-NOV-1994;
                    94US-00347144.
XX
     (RUTF ) UNIV RUTGERS STATE NEW JERSEY.
PA
XX
PI
     Anderson S;
XX
DR
     WPI; 1996-268332/27.
XX
     Use of agents which bind beta-amyloid peptide - for diagnosis, prevention
PT
     and treatment of vascular damage caused by amyloid deposits, partic. in
PT
PT
     haemorrhaging and Alzheimer's disease.
XX
PS
     Example 1; Fig 1; 52pp; English.
XX
CC
     To investigate the effects of beta-amyloid peptide (BAP) on tissue
```

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plasminogen activator (t-PA) 3 synthetic peptides were used. One peptide
CC
     contained 42 amino acids and corresp. to the full length BAP (AAR95248).
CC
     The other 2 peptides (AAR95249 and 50) contained the 28 N-terminal
CC
     residues of the BAP found in Alzheimer's disease and hereditary cerebral
CC
     haemorrhage with amyloidosis-Dutch type (HCHWA-D), respectively. In an
CC
     assay to determine the effect of the peptides on t-PA activation, each
CC
     peptide (AAR95248, 49 and 50) gave 1st order rate constant of activation
CC
      (k(app)) values of 13.4, 13.9 and 14.5, respectively, compared to 1.7 and
CC
     7.8 for nill and fibrinogen controls. The results demonstrate that the
CC
     BAP are able to stimulate t-PA activity in vitro, which is significant in
CC
     that it provides a means for investigating and controlling the
CC
     pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease, HCHWA-D and cerebral amyloid
CC
     angiopathy related cerebral haemorrhage
CC
XX
SQ
     Sequence 28 AA;
  Query Match
                           100.0%; Score 40; DB 2; Length 28;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                  0; Gaps
                                                                              0;
Qу
            1 KLVFFAED 8
              16 KLVFFAED 23
Db
RESULT 71
AAY39805
     AAY39805 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
AC
     AAY39805;
XX
DT
                 (first entry)
     29-NOV-1999
XX
     Beta-amyloid protein, Beta/A4 amyloid (1-28).
DE
XX
     Beta-amyloid protein; Alzheimer's disease; amyloidosis; joint swelling;
KW
     long-standing inflammation; malignancy; Familial Mediterranean Fever;
KW
KW
     multiple myeloma; plasma cell dyscrasia; long-term haemodialysis; kuru;
     carpal tunnel syndrome; multiple spontaneous fracture; radiolucency;
KW
     endocrine tumour; medullary carcinoma; Down's syndrome; scrapie;
KW
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease; Gerstmann Strausiler Syndrome;
KW
     subacute spongiform encephalopathy; therapy.
KW
XX
OS
     Homo sapiens.
XX
PN
     US5958883-A.
XX
     28-SEP-1999.
PD
XX
PF
     05-JUN-1995;
                    95US-00461216.
XX
PR
     23-SEP-1992;
                    92US-00950417.
PR
     23-OCT-1992;
                    92US-00969734.
XX
PA
     (UNIW ) UNIV WASHINGTON.
XX
PΙ
     Snow AD;
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XX
DR
     WPI; 1999-561062/47.
XX
PT
     Peptides of 6-8 amino acids useful for treating or preventing
PT
     amyloidosis.
XX
     Disclosure; Col 67-68; 83pp; English.
PS
XX
CC
     This sequence represents a fragment of the beta-amyloid protein. The
     invention relates to a method for treating or preventing a form of
CC
     amyloidosis, including Alzheimer's disease using this sequence. The
CC
CC
     compositions may be useful for treating or preventing the amyloidosis
     associated with long-standing inflammation, various forms of malignancy
CC
     (including B-cell type malignancies), Familial Mediterranean Fever,
CC
CC
     multiple myeloma, plasma cell dyscrasias, long-term haemodialysis, carpal
     tunnel syndrome, joint swelling, multiple spontaneous fractures,
CC
     radiolucency in the wrist and hip, endocrine tumours, medullary carcinoma
CC
CC
     of the thyroid, diabetes, Alzheimer's disease, Down's syndrome,
CC
     Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, Gerstmann Strausiler Syndrome, kuru, scrapie
CC
     and other subacute spongiform encephalopathies
XX
     Sequence 28 AA;
SQ
  Query Match
                          100.0%; Score 40; DB 2;
                                                     Length 28;
                          100.0%; Pred. No. 0.12;
  Best Local Similarity
             8; Conservative
  Matches
                                 0; Mismatches
                                                    0; Indels
                                                                              0;
                                                                  0;
                                                                      Gaps
            1 KLVFFAED 8
Qу
              111111
Db
           16 KLVFFAED 23
RESULT 72
AAW81467
    AAW81467 standard; peptide; 28 AA.
ID
XX
    AAW81467;
AC
XX
DT
     28-JAN-1999
                 (first entry)
XX
     Synthetic amyloid beta (Abeta) peptide 2 (residues 1-28).
DE
XX
KW
     Amyloid beta; Abeta; deoxygenated solvent; evaporative deposition;
     research; neurotoxicity; free-radical; glutamine synthetase.
KW
XX
OS
     Synthetic.
XX
     US5840838-A.
PN
XX
     24-NOV-1998.
PD
XX
                    96US-00609090.
PF
     29-FEB-1996;
XX
                    96US-00609090.
PR
     29-FEB-1996;
XX
PA
     (KENT ) UNIV KENTUCKY RES FOUND.
XX
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